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The investigation was conducted in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration.

16. Abstract

The purpose of this investigation was to determine the potential benefits and cost savings of adding a Type A water reducer and lowering the cement content in MoDOT's PCCP mixes. As a result of adding a water reducer to PCC paving mixes, it is proposed that the cement content can be decreased along with a reduction of mixing water. It is also proposed that adding a water reducer will promote complete hydration of the cement particles resulting in an improved hardened concrete product in terms of strength, durability, and performance.

This research investigation was a two-part study that included both laboratory and field results of PCCP mixes containing a Type A water reducer with cement reductions ("water reducer mixes") and standard PCCP mixes ("control mixes"). The concrete specimens fabricated in the laboratory and the field were tested to determine the following characteristics of the PCCP mixes:

7-day compressive strength (AASHTO T22) 28-day compressive strength (AASHTO T22)

7-day flexural strength
28-day flexural strength
freeze-thaw durability
air void analysis
rapid chloride permeability

(AASHTO T97 or T177)
(AASHTO T97 or T177)
(AASHTO T161)
(ASTM C457)
(AASHTO T277)

This report presents the findings from both the laboratory and field study by comparing concrete characteristics of PCCP mixes containing a Type A water reducer and reduced cement contents to a conventional mix.

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WATER REDUCING ADMIXTURES IN PCCP MIXES

PREPARED BY
MISSOURI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, AND TECHNOLOGY

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The opinions, findings and conclusions expressed in this publication are those of the principal investigator and the Research, Development, and Technology Division of the Missouri Department of Transportation.

They are not necessarily those of the U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration. This report does not constitute a standard, specification or regulation.

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Steve Jackson, Physical Testing Supervisor, scheduled and tested all concrete specimens fabricated in this project and reported the results in a timely manner.

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The purpose of this investigation was to determine the potential benefits and cost savings of adding a Type A water reducer and lowering the cement content in MoDOT's PCCP mixes. As a result of adding a water reducer to PCC paving mixes, it is proposed that the cement content can be decreased along with a reduction of mixing water. It is also proposed that adding a water reducer will promote complete hydration of the cement particles resulting in an improved hardened concrete product in terms of strength, durability, and performance. If water reducers improve the performance of concrete with less cement in the mix, then MoDOT should achieve a better product at a lower cost.

This report presents results from laboratory and field studies of PCCP mixes containing Type A water reducers and lower cement contents. The main findings of this investigation can be summarized as follows:

- > PCCP mixes containing a Type A water reducer and at least a ¼-sack reduction in cement show increases in compressive and flexural strength compared to a conventional mix. Both mixes are produced at approximately the same water/cement ratios.
- > The laboratory freeze/thaw results indicate no additional benefit or detriment to freeze/thaw resistance for the mixes containing water reducer and lower cement content. All laboratory mix designs achieved above a 95 freeze/thaw durability factor.
- > The field freeze/thaw results indicate poor freeze/thaw performance (< 60 durability factor) by both the control and water reducer mixes. The poor durability is probably due to the quality of the aggregate, but further testing is needed to verify this. The control mix had approximately 12% higher durability compared to the water reducer mix. It appears that this is partly due to the relatively lower air contents in two of the water reducer intervals compared to the control mix.
- > The water reducer does not appear to alter the air void structure of the concrete and proves to have the proper air bubble spacing factor, specific surface, and size distribution for good freeze/thaw performance.
- > The PCCP mix containing the water reducer with a ¼-sack reduction in cement cost less than a standard PCCP mix. The proposed savings for the field demonstration project was approximately \$0.28 per cubic yard.

Based upon laboratory and field testing results and observations, Research, Development, and Technology recommends that Type A water reducers can be used to obtain better concrete characteristics at lower costs compared to conventional PCCP mixes. Further testing of field PCCP mixes containing different brands of Type A water reducers, ¼-sack cement reductions, and different aggregate materials is needed in order to validate improved or equivalent concrete characteristics of the water reducer mixes compared to conventional field PCCP mixes.

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INTRODUCTION

Water reducing admixtures for concrete have been around for over 75 years, but have seldom been used in MoDOT's PCCP mix designs. MoDOT specification allows the use of water reducers, but the additional cost of the additives make it impractical to compete with the cost of a conventional mix. Also, the different additives often complicate the design and control of concrete characteristics. However, water reducers increase the quality of concrete by lowering the water/cement ratio while maintaining workability. Concrete mixes with lower water/cement ratios are known to be better mixes because of their increased strength and durability characteristics compared to mixes with higher water/cement ratios.

Other states have allowed the use of water reducers with cement reductions in their PCCP mixes, normally by specifying mix characteristic limits rather than mix design limits¹. In MoDOT's quest for improving the condition of the state roadway system, it is necessary to explore the opportunity to increase the strength and durability of our PCC pavements at a lower cost by allowing the use of water reducers with cement reductions in PCCP mixes. This report presents the findings from both a laboratory and field study comparing PCCP mixes containing a Type A water reducer and reduced cement contents to a conventional mix.

OBJECTIVE

The objective of this investigation was to determine the potential performance benefits and cost savings of adding a Type A water reducer and reducing cement content in MoDOT's PCCP mixes. MoDOT personnel in Research, Development, and Technology (RD&T) developed PCCP mix designs containing a Type A water reducer at various dosage rates and various reductions in cement content. Concrete specimens were fabricated from the mix designs and tested in the central laboratory. RD&T also fabricated and tested concrete test specimens taken from a field PCCP mix containing a ½-sack reduction in cement (per cubic yard) and approximately 3 oz/sack of Type A water reducer.

The concrete specimens fabricated in the laboratory and the field were tested to determine the following characteristics of the PCCP mixes:

7-day compressive strength (AASHTO T22) 28-day compressive strength (AASHTO T22)

7-day flexural strength (AASHTO T97 or T177) 28-day flexural strength (AASHTO T97 or T177)

freeze-thaw durability (AASHTO T161) air void analysis (ASTM C457) rapid chloride permeability (AASHTO T277)

DISCUSSION OF PRESENT CONDITIONS

Presently, MoDOT allows the contractor the option to use Type A water reducing admixtures in any concrete, but maintain all cement requirements outlined in Section 501.2.2.3 of MoDOT Standard Specifications. Thus, contractors have usually elected not to use Type A water reducers until the cement content in PCCP mixes can be lowered to make them more cost competitive with conventional mixes.

The research performed in this investigation is essential to verify whether or not PCCP mixes containing a Type A water reducer and lower cement content will perform equal to or better than a conventional mix in terms of strength and durability and at a lower cost.

TECHNICAL APPROACH

This research investigation was a two-part study that included both laboratory and field results of PCCP mixes containing a Type A water reducer with cement reductions ("water reducer mixes") and standard PCCP mixes ("control mixes"). The mixing and sampling schemes for both studies are outlined in the following sections. More information can be found in the RD&T work plan located in Appendix A of this report.

Laboratory Study

The purpose of this laboratory study was to determine concrete mix characteristics and properties when using a Type A water reducer with cement reductions. Several mix designs were developed in the laboratory containing various levels of Type A water reducer and cement. One mix design was developed to represent a control for this study. The control mix is a standard mix PCCP mix that meets all MoDOT specifications and contains no water reducing admixtures. The control mix contained 6.20 sacks/yd³, which represents the average cement content allowed by specifications for PCCP mixes with Class A sand. Cement content for the other mixes was reduced from that of the control in 0.2 sack/yd³ increments to 5.6 sacks/yd³. Minimum and maximum water reducer dosages were used following the manufacturers recommendations of 3 to 5 ounces per sack of cementious material. Mixes were also performed that contained no water reducer but had a cement reduction for informational and comparison purposes. Therefore, both the cement content and dosage rate of the water reducer were the known or "fixed" variables in this study. Different combinations of these variables were used to develop 10 different mix designs outlined in Table 1.

Numerous trial batches were conducted in the development of the 10 mix designs. The trial batches were tested for slump, air content, and unit weight. The unknown variables in the mix designs include the amount of air agent and mixing water. Concrete mixing was conducted by trial-and-error using these variables until the target values of approximately a 2-inch slump and 5½ % air content were achieved for each mix design. The water/cement ratio was established at these target values.

Once the mix designs were established, the concrete mixing for fabrication of the concrete test specimens was conducted. For each of the 10 mix designs, three concrete batches were mixed to represent that mix design. The batches were mixed in random order and one set of concrete specimens per test was fabricated from each batch for a total of 30 sets. The concrete batch sheets for each mix design can be found in Appendix B, which contain the actual slump, air content, admixture amounts, w/c ratio, aggregate properties, and other batch characteristics. The concrete specimens fabricated from each batch were tested for compressive and flexural strength, freeze thaw durability, rapid chloride permeability, and air void structure following the AASHTO Specifications as listed in Table 2. The fabrication of concrete test specimens for this study was performed according to AASHTO T126, *Making and Curing Concrete Test Specimens in the Laboratory*.

The source/manufacturer and description of the materials that were used for the laboratory study are as follows:

Coarse Aggregate: Capital Quarries, Holts Summit 1A

Gradation D Limestone Cedar Valley, Ledges 1-3

Fine Aggregate: Capital Sand #1, Jefferson City

Missouri River Sand, Class A

Cement: LaFarge Corporation

Sugar Creek Plant

Type 1

Air Agent: General Resource Technology (GRT)

Polychem VR

Air Entraining Admixture

Water Reducer: General Resource Technology (GRT)

Polychem 400NC Type A Water Reducer

Field Study

A PCCP mix design containing a Type A water reducer and a ¼-sack cement reduction was sampled from the field. A standard mix containing no water reducer and no cement reductions was also tested for comparison purposes. The PCCP paving project was located in District 6, St. Charles County, on the Cool Springs Road/I-70 interchange. Concrete specimens were fabricated from both mixes and laboratory tested for compressive strength, flexural strength, freeze thaw durability, permeability, and air void structure following AASHTO Standard Specifications as listed in Table 3. The fabrication of concrete test specimens was conducted according to AASHTO T23, *Making and Curing Concrete Test Specimens in the Field*.

For a thorough comparison of water reducer mixes versus the control mixes, the contractor was requested to follow a certain paving sequence. The paving sequence started with a control mix, then switched to the water reducer mix, and finally returned back to the control mix, all within the same day. Sampling and fabricating of the concrete test specimens were performed at four intervals within this sequence. Each test interval within the paving sequence, as illustrated in

Figure 1, represents approximately 130 cubic yards of concrete in which sampling and fabrication of test specimens were conducted. Specimens fabricated from Control Interval 1 represented the sampling of the first control mix. The Water Reducer Intervals 1 and 2 represented the water reducer mix with a ¼ - sack reduction in cement per cubic yard. Control Interval 2 completed the sampling for the control mix. The same paving sequence of four intervals was then repeated a second day during which concrete specimens were fabricated and tested from Control Interval 3, followed by Water Reducer Intervals 3 and 4, and finally Control Interval 4. Sampling of concrete was not performed at the job site, but was conducted at the batch plant where a representative sample was obtained for each sampling interval.

Prior to the actual paving, the contractor was required to submit the proposed mix designs which included material sources and the water cement ratios, provide an outline of the proposed savings comparing the cost of the additional admixture to the savings in cement, and provide specific construction details to insure uniformity in materials, mix designs, and placement procedures.

The source/manufacturer and description of the materials used in the field study are as follows:

Coarse Aggregate: FW/Foley Quarry

Plattin Limestone Ledges 18-22

Fine Aggregate: St. Charles Sand Company

Missouri River Sand, Class A

Cement: Holnam Cement Company

Clarksville, Missouri

Type 1 Cement & Class C Fly Ash (15%)

Air Agent: General Resource Technology (GRT)

Polychem VR

Air Entraining Admixture

Water Reducer: General Resource Technology (GRT)

Polychem 400NC Type A Water Reducer

RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

This research investigation was a two-part study that included both laboratory and field results of PCCP mixes containing a Type A water reducer with cement reductions ("water reducer mixes") and standard PCCP mixes ("control mixes"). The results of each study are described within the following sections.

Compressive Strength (AASHTO T22)

Laboratory Results

Compressive strength data were collected from 7 and 28-day concrete cylinders representing each laboratory mix design. Table 4 contains the average compressive strengths and mix characteristics from the three concrete batches representing each of the 10 mix designs. Individual compressive strengths from each batch are located in the laboratory data section of Appendix C. Figure 2 illustrates the effect on compressive strengths when varying the cement content and the dosage of water reducer compared to a control mix. (Note: dashed horizontal lines denote the average 7 and 28-day compressive strengths of the control mix.) The general trend follows that for given cement content, mixes containing 5 oz/sack of water reducer had greater compressive strengths than the mixes with lower dosages. This was expected, since the water reducer allows a decrease in the water/cement ratio and maintains the 2-inch target slump. Also as expected, when the cement content for a PCCP mix was decreased, the compressive strength of the concrete decreased. By lowering the cement content workability is decreased, thus, the mix needs more water (water/cement ratio increases) to maintain the 2-inch slump. One observation from the laboratory study is that the water/cement ratios of the WR mixes and control mixes were nearly the same as Table 4 indicates. Another observation of the water reducer is that it provided the concrete with greater compressive strengths compared to the control mix (6.2 sacks/yd³), even at the lowest cement content of 5.6 sack/yd³ as illustrated in Figure 2.

Field Results

Compressive strength data were also collected from 7 and 28-day concrete cylinders taken from both the control mix and the water reducer mix that were produced in the field. Table 5 contains the average compressive strengths and mix characteristics of each test interval that was constructed on the Cool Springs project in St. Charles County (Job #J6I1275B). Individual compressive strengths from each specimen can be found in the field results section in Appendix C. Figure 3 plots the average 7 and 28-day compressive strength of the water reducer test mixes and compares them to the control. The average 7 and 28-day compressive strengths of the control mix are denoted in the figure by the lower and upper solid lines, respectively.

Of the sampling intervals taken of the water reducer PCCP mix, two intervals exceeded the control strength by approximately 500 psi. One testing interval compared very close to that of the control strength while the final interval (WR 4) fell short to that of the control strength. It is believed that the WR4 interval had lower compressive strengths due to its higher air content (8.5%). The field evidence reveals that for every 1% increase in air content over 7%, there is approximately a 10% reduction in compressive strength. Previous studies have verified this

performance trend^{2,3}. As Figure 3 illustrates, the water reducer appears to increase compressive strengths despite the ½-sack reduction in cement. The only exceptions are when the air content of the mix exceeded 7.5%. Also note from Table 5 that the average water/cement ratios for the WR mixes and the control mixes were nearly the same, 0.32 vs. 0.33, respectively. It is believed that the water reducer provided some benefit by increased compressive strengths.

Flexural Strength (AASHTO T-177 and AASHTO T-97)

Laboratory Results

AASHTO T-177 was the test method used to measure the flexural strength of the concrete test specimens. This test method uses simple beam theory with a center point load. Flexural strength data was collected on concrete beams after a 28-day curing period. Table 4 contains the average flexural strength test results and mix characteristics for each mix design. The results of the data were sporadic and inconclusive for comparison. Future testing of flexural strength warrants the use of AASHTO T-97, which tests a larger size specimen using third point loading. Third point loading provides a more thorough flexural test for the entire specimen section than single point loading. Flexural strength testing of the freeze/thaw specimens was also conducted according to AASHTO T-177, which is included in the laboratory data section of Appendix C. These results were also too inconclusive to compare.

Field Results

Due to inconclusive results of the laboratory flexural strength data of AASHTO T177, flexural strength testing on the Cool Springs project was conducted according to AASHTO T-97. The flexural strengths of the water reducer mixes appeared to follow the same trend as the field compressive strengths. Only the water reducer interval that contained the high air content fell short of the flexural strength compared to the control mix. The other three intervals met or exceeded the control mix in flexural strength. However, the increase in flexural strength was not as pronounced as the increases in compressive strengths. Table 5 lists the average of three flexural strength test results for each sampling interval and the mix characteristics. Figure 4 graphically compares 7 and 28-day flexural strengths of each water reducer mix interval with the average flexural strength of the control mix. Flexural strength data for individual specimens can be found in the field section of Appendix C.

Freeze/Thaw Durability (AASHTO T161)

Laboratory Results

Concrete beams were fabricated to test the freeze/thaw durability in accordance to AASHTO T-161. All specimens received a 35-day curing period submerged in lime-saturated water. Specimens from each mix design performed relatively the same after 300 freeze/thaw cycles. All mix designs had an average freeze/thaw durability factor between 95 – 97. Table 4 lists the average freeze/thaw durability results of each mix design. The freeze/thaw results of individual specimens from each mix can be found in the laboratory section of Appendix C. There was no indication of superior or inferior freeze/thaw performance by the addition of water reducer in any mix design. Even the PCCP mixes that had the lowest cement content and contained no water reducer performed well. MoDOT utilizes the freeze/thaw test primarily as an aggregate source test. The aggregate used in the PCCP mixes for this laboratory study had a good freeze/thaw

performance history, thus any substandard results would have been due to the effects of the water reducer and/or reductions of cement to the PCCP mix.

Field Results

Concrete beams were fabricated on the Cool Springs project and tested according to AASHTO T161, *Resistance of Concrete to Rapid Freezing and Thawing*. The averages of three concrete beams for each interval were tested and are listed in the last column of Table 5. Freeze/Thaw durability for individual specimens can be found in the field section of Appendix C. The freeze/thaw (F/T) durability of both the control mix and the water reducer mix were substandard and obtained an average F/T durability factor less than 60. The F/T testing results indicate that the coarse aggregate is questionable on its resistance to freezing and thawing cycles. MoDOT uses F/T testing as one measure of ranking coarse aggregates as to their effect on concrete F/T durability. A minimum F/T durability factory of 90 is required for the approval of new aggregate sources. Realizing that the aggregate source for this project (Plattin Limestone) has a good history of F/T durability, some localized sources of the Plattin Limestone are certainly questionable. Research, Development, and Technology (RD&T) and Materials will further investigate the quality and soundness of this Plattin Limestone source.

The air content had some effect on the strength and F/T durability of concrete. As the strength results indicate, when the air content increases, strength (compressive and flexural) decreased. However, with an increase in air content, the F/T durability also increases, as illustrated by both the control and water reducer mixes in Figure 5. On average, the control mix had a higher F/T durability factor than the water reducer mix. This is probably due to the lower air content in WR intervals 1 and 3, which also provided the higher strengths. However, WR intervals 2 and 4 had higher air contents, which provided F/T durability similar to that of the control mix. (Note: the air contents of the concrete were taken at the batch plant. Air content of concrete generally decreases during transport, which would allow the air contents of WR intervals 2 and 4 to fall within MoDOT specifications of 5½ % +/- 1½ %.)

Rapid Chloride Permeability (AASHTO T 277)

Laboratory Results

The rapid chloride permeability test is an electrical indication of concrete's ability to resist chloride ion penetration. This test was conducted in this lab study according to AASHTO T 277. Table 4 lists the average chloride permeability test results and mix characteristics for each mix design. The laboratory section in Appendix C contains individual specimen results. The results for any given mix design varied considerably, but the results indicate that PCCP mixes containing water reducer and decreased cement content closely compares to that of the control mixes. All the permeability tests conducted were in the range of 2000 – 4000 Coulombs, which is considered moderate permeability. This permeability range is generally common for PCCP mix designs with water/cement ratios of 0.4 to 0.5. All water/cement ratios in this study fall within this range.

Field Results

The water reducer appeared to have had a greater impact on the permeability results for the field specimens compared to the laboratory specimens. Table 5 lists the average permeability results

for both mixes tested. The average permeability for the control mix was 4226 Coulombs. The water reducer mixes appeared to decrease the average permeability by one third. These consistently lower permeabilities are most likely a direct result of the lower water/cement ratios, which were viable due to the addition of water reducer to the mixes. However, both mixes were considered to be in the same moderate permeability range of 2000-4000 Coulombs.

Air Void Analysis

Laboratory Results

Due to the complexity and time of the air void analysis test, one specimen per mix design was tested. An air void summary of the laboratory mixes is located in Table 6. The actual laboratory analysis worksheets are located in Appendix D. According to the results, the water reducer did not have a significant effect on the air void structure. The water reducer appeared to improve the air void system by slightly decreasing the spacing factor of the air bubbles and increasing their specific surface compared to the control mix. The air void structures for all mixes tested were determined adequate for good freeze/thaw resistance.

Field Results

Four specimens were fabricated for each mix at the Cool Springs project in which the air void structures were analyzed and compared. An air void summary of the field mixes is located in Table 7. The analysis worksheets are also included in Appendix D. Like the laboratory findings, the water reducer in the field study did not significantly affect the air void structure compared to the control mix. The air bubble spacing factor was identical for both the control and the water reducer mixes. The control mix has a slightly higher specific surface compared to the water reducer mix. Both the water reducer and control mixes had the proper air void structure for good freeze/thaw durability. Unfortunately, good freeze/thaw performance from either mix did not occur.

Effects to Air Entrainment Dosage

Laboratory Results

During laboratory mixing, the water reducer caused an increase in air content of the PCC mix. Therefore, the dosage of air entrainment agent was decreased in order to achieve a 5 ½ % target air content. Columns three and four in Table 4 lists the dosages of the water reducer and the air entrainment agent for both the control and water reducer mixes. WR mixes containing 3 and 5 oz./sack of water reducer decreased the dosage of air entrainment agent needed to obtain a 5 ½ % target air content. The 3 oz./sack WR mix decreased the air entrainment by approximately 40% compared to the control, while the 5 oz./sack WR mix decreased the air entrainment by approximately 68%. The savings due to the decrease in air entrainment is not considered significant, but would offset some cost of the water reducer.

Field Results

In the field study, the water reducer also appeared to increase the air content of the PCC mix. However, the reductions in air entrainment agent were not as consistent as experienced in the laboratory study. Columns three and four in Table 5 lists the dosages of the water reducer and the air entrainment agent for both the control and water reducer mixes. When comparing WR mixes 1 and 2 to Control mixes 1 and 2 (See Figure 1.), the dosage of air entrainment agent is

decreased by approximately 40%. This reduction compares to the trend set by the laboratory mixing. When comparing WR mixes 3 and 4 to Control mixes 3 and 4 (See Figure 1), there was very little change in the dosages of the air entrainment agent. However, the air content of WR mix 4 was out of MoDOT specifications, thus a lower air entrainment agent may have been necessary to achieve the 5 ½ % target air content.

Effects to Water/Cement Ratio

Laboratory Results

Water reducers decrease the amount of mixing water required to maintain a target consistency in a concrete mix, thus lowering the water cement ratio. Generally, a lower water/cement ratio (w/c) will increase the strength of the concrete and enhance its durability. However, it was observed in the lab that decreasing the cement content has the opposite effect; it lowers the strength and increases the water demand for the same consistency (slump). Therefore, the laboratory mixes containing the water reducer and decreased cement content generally had the same w/c as the control mix. This can be recognized in Table 4, which lists the w/c of the laboratory mixes along with other concrete batch characteristics.

Field Results

For PCC pavements a maximum of $2\frac{1}{2}$ - inch slump is specified in Section 501, Missouri Standard Specifications for Highway Costruction⁴. For the same target slump, the average w/c for the WR mixes were slightly lower compared to the control mixes as indicated by the batch characteristics in Table 5. The range and average of w/c of the control mix and the WR mix for the two testing dates are as follows:

Date	w/c Control Mix	w/c WR Mix		
07/27/00	.3435 (Avg345)	.3334 (Avg334)		
08/10/00	.3033 (Avg310)	.2932 (Avg300)		

The WR mix had approximately 3% water reduction compared to the control mix for both dates. A minimum of a 5% water reduction is a general requirement of AASHTO M 154. Typical Type A water reducers reduce the water content by approximately 5% to 10%³. Like the laboratory results indicated, it is believed that the ¼-sack cement reduction in the WR mix caused an increase in the water demand that somewhat counteracts the effect of the water reducer when achieving a the same target slump. Therefore, there may not be a minimum 5% water reduction in a mix with water reducer when there is a decrease in the cement content. Also, the average field slumps of the water reducer mix were lower than the slumps of the control mix, which corresponds with the slightly lower w/c of the WR mix. Consequently, the WR mix in this project could have had less than a 3% water reduction to achieve the same slump.

CONCLUSIONS

This paper presents a performance evaluation of PCCP mixes containing a Type A water reducing admixture and a decrease in cement content. The evaluation is based upon both laboratory and field findings. The main findings of this study are summarized as follows:

- 1. Despite the cement reduction in the mix, compressive strengths of the concrete tended to increase with the added water reducer, except at higher air contents.
- 2. Laboratory flexural strengths using AASHTO T-177 (single point loading) were inconclusive. Field flexural strengths using AASHTO T-97 (third point loading) were more consistent and generally followed the same trend as the compressive strengths. Flexural strengths for water reducer mixes were greater than or equal to the control, except at higher air contents.
- 3. The lab and field PCCP mixes with water reducer and decreased cement content relatively had the same water/cement ratio as the standard (control) PCCP mixes. The water/cement ratios of the WR mixes in the field were slightly lower compared to the control mixes.
- 4. Laboratory freeze/thaw results concluded that no additional benefit or detrimental effect in freeze/thaw durability was found for the mixes containing water reducer and a decrease in cement. All specimens from each mix tested above a 95 freeze/thaw durability factor.
 - The average freeze/thaw durability of field specimens from both the control and water reducer mixes was substandard and tested below a 60 freeze/thaw durability factor. On average, the durability factor for the control mix was higher compared to the durability factor of the water reducer mix. This difference may be the result of the relatively lower air content of two intervals of the water reducer mix. The water reducer mixes containing relatively lower air proved to have an adequate air structure to resist freezing and thawing cycles. The overall substandard freeze/thaw durability is thought to be an aggregate quality problem in which further investigation is required.
- 5. Rapid chloride permeability tests on field specimens indicated an improvement in chloride resistance for the PCCP mixes containing water reducer and reduced cement content. Laboratory chloride permeability tests compared closely for both the control and water reducer mixes. All mixes in both studies had chloride resistance results in the moderate permeability range (2000-4000 Coulombs).
- 6. The air void structure of the concrete remained relatively constant for all mixes in the laboratory and field studies. The air bubble spacing factor, specific surface, and size distribution were relatively similar for all mixes. Air void structures for both control and water reducer mixes contained proper air structure for good freeze/thaw performance. However, poor freeze/thaw performance was obtained in the field as abovementioned.

- 7. The water reducer increased the air content of the PCC mix which resulted in decreased dosages of air entrainment agent required to obtain a 5 ½ % target air content. The laboratory study indicated that the air entrainment dosage decreased by approximately 65% while the air entrainment decrease in the field study was 40% or less. The savings of decreasing the air entrainment is minimal and not significant.
- 8. The PCCP mix containing the water reducer with a ¼-sack reduction (per cubic yard) in cement cost less than a standard PCCP mix. The proposed savings on the Cool Springs project was approximately \$0.28 per cubic yard.

RECOMMENDATIONS

Based upon laboratory and field testing results and observations; Research, Development, and Technology recommends the following:

- 1. PCCP mixes with a Type A water reducer and ¼-sack cement reduction can be used to obtain equivalent concrete characteristics at lower costs compared to conventional PCCP mixes.
- 2. The minimum dosage rate of a Type A water reducer should be established by the dosage rate submitted for the initial admixture approval and within the ranges recommended by the manufacturer.
- 3. Further testing of field PCCP mixes containing different brands of Type A water reducers, ¼-sack cement reductions, and different aggregate materials is needed in order validate improved or equivalent concrete characteristics compared to conventional field PCCP mixes.
- 4. Due to the poor freeze/thaw performance determined by the field study, the aggregate source (Plattin Limestone ledges 18-22) should be re-evaluated by conducting a thorough study to determine if the aggregate meets MoDOT specifications as an acceptable aggregate source.

BIBLEOGRAPHY

- 1. Illinois Department of Transportation (IDOT), *IDOT Standard Specifications*, Article 1020.05, p. 837.
- 2. Hover, K.C., *Air Content and Unit Weight of Hardened Concrete*, Significance of Tests and Properties of Concrete and Concrete-Making Materials, ASTM STP 169C, p. 297.
- 3. Portland Cement Association, *Design and Control of Concrete Mixtures*, Thirteenth Edition, Skokie, Illinois, 1994, p. 65 and 66.
- 4. 1999 Missouri Standard Specifications for Highway Construction, Section 1054.3. (References AASHTO M194)

Mix Design	Cement Content (sack/yd³)	Water Reducer (oz./sack)	Number of Batches
Control	6.2	0	3
2		0	3
3	6.0	3	3
4		5	3
5		0	3
6	5.8	3	3
7		5	3
8		0	3
9	5.6	3	3
10		5	3

Table 1- Laboratory Mix Variables

Specimens/Batch	Test Description	AASHTO Method
1	7 Day Compressive Strength	AASHTO T22
1	28 Day Compressive Strength	AASHTO T22
1	28 Day Flexural Strength	AASHTO T177
1	Freeze/Thaw Durability and	AASHTO T161/
	Flexural Strength after 300 Freeze/Thaw Cycles	AASHTO T177
1	Air Void Analysis	ASTM C457-90
1	Chloride Permeability	AASHTO T277

Table 2 – Laboratory Sampling and Testing List for Each Batch

Sampling List for Each Interval									
No. of	Test Name	AASHTO							
Specimens		Method							
3	7-Day Compressive Strength	AASHTO T22							
3	28-Day Compressive Strength	AASHTO T22							
3	7-Day Flexural Strength	AASHTO T97							
3	28-Day Flexural Strength	AASHTO T97							
3	Freeze/Thaw Durability and Flexural	AASHTO T161/							
	Strength after 300 Freeze/Thaw Cycles	AASHTO T177							
1	Chloride Permeability	AASHTO T277							
1	Air Void Analysis	ASTM C457-90							

Table 3 – Field Sampling and Testing List for Each Interval

	CO	AVI NCRETE CH	ERAGE IARACTER	ISTICS		AVERAGE COMPRESSIVE AND FLEXURAL STRENGTHS			AVERAGE PERMEABILITY & DURABILITY		
Mix	Avg.	Avg.	Avg.	Avg.	Avg.	Avg.	Avg. 7-Day	Avg. 28-Day	Avg. 28-Day	Avg. Chloride	Avg. F/T
No.	Cement	Water Red.	Air Agent	W/C	Slump	Air	Compressive	Compressive	Flexural	Permeability	Durability
	(sacks/yd^3)	(oz./sack)	(oz/sack)	Ratio	(in)	(%)	Strength (psi)	Strength (psi)	Strength (psi)	(Coulombs)	Factor
Control	<u>6.2</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>.387</u>	<u>.410</u>	2.25	<u>5.4</u>	<u>4193</u>	<u>5697</u>	<u>911</u>	<u>3042</u>	<u>95.7</u>
2	6.0	0	.400	.415	1.92	5.4	4247	5870	933	4133	95.5
3	6.0	3	.237	.403	2.00	5.7	4720	6230	915	2656	95.5
4	6.0	5	.125	.405	2.08	6.2	4823	6417	876	2944	95.4
5	5.8	0	.387	.430	2.08	5.6	4107	5640	911	3429	95.3
6	5.8	3	.250	.418	2.17	5.9	4410	5990	904	3611	95.4
7	5.8	5	.125	.408	2.17	6.0	4540	6013	934	2962	95.3
8	5.6	0	.377	.442	2.00	5.8	3943	5520	882	2716	95.5
9	5.6	3	.193	.430	2.17	5.7	4247	5877	897	2796	96.9
10	5.6	5	.125	.413	1.83	6.0	4407	6010	905	2842	96.1

TABLE 4 – Laboratory Mix Characteristics and Average Testing Results

	AVERAG	E CONCRE	TE CHARA	CTERIST	TICS		AVERAGE COMPRESSIVE AND FLEXURAL STRENGTHS				AVERAGE PERMEABILITY & DURABILITY	
Interval	Avg.	Avg.	Avg.	Avg.	Avg.	Avg.	Avg. 7-Day	Avg. 28-Day	Avg. 7-Day	Avg 28-day	Avg.	Average
No.	Cement /	Water	Air Agent	W/C	Slump	Air	Compressive	Compressive	Flexural	Flexural	Chloride	F/T
	Fly Ash	Red.	(oz/yd^3)	Ratio	(in)	(%)	Strength (psi)	Strength (psi)	Strength	Strength	Permeability	Durability
	(lb/yd^3)	(oz./sack)							(psi)	(psi)	(Coulombs)	Factor
Control 1	572	0	9.8	.3435	2.00	6.3	4140	5095	627	669	3533	50
Control 2	572	0	9.8	.3435	2.00	6.3	4443	5406	663	676	3943	54
Control 3	572	0	10.6	.3133	3.00	6.9	4190	5155	631	648	4859	57
Control 4	572	0	10.0	.3031	2.00	6.3	4267	5159	602	677	4650	58
AVG	572	0	10.1	.33	2.25	6.5	4260	5204	631	668	4246	55
WR 1	546	3.5	5.5-6.0	.3334	0.75	5.8	4793	5869	681	694	2658	35
WR 2	546	3.5	5.5-6.0	.3334	1.50	7.5	4193	5299	627	663	2825	54
WR 3	546	3.5	9.6-10.6	.2932	1.25	6.0	4690	5532	629	680	2474	47
WR 4	546	3.5	9.6-10.6	.2932	2.25	8.5	3747	4612	538	600	2768	57
AVG	546	3.5	8.0	.32	1.83	7.0	4356	5328	619	659	2681	48

TABLE 5 – Field Mix Characteristics and Average Testing Results

Laboratory Air Void Summary									
.	Fresh	Hardened	O	Voids	Spacing	Specific (1.2%)			
Name	%AIR	% AIR	Air Void (in)	Per Inch	Factor (in)	Surface (in2/in3)			
Mix 1 (Control)	5.4	4.8	0.00495	9.73	0.00820	807.56			
No Water Reducer									
Mix 2	5.4	5.2	0.00467	11.08	0.00740	855.67			
Mix 5	5.6	4.4	0.00466	9.55	0.00803	858.39			
Mix 8	5.8	4.4	0.00454	9.73	0.00772	881.63			
With Water Reducer									
Mix 3	5.7	4.8	0.00430	11.21	0.00728	931.11			
Mix 4	6.2	4.9	0.00434	11.37	0.00694	921.03			
Mix 6	5.9	4.7	0.00434	10.87	0.00738	920.82			
Mix 7	6.0	5.1	0.00420	12.22	0.00684	952.87			
Mix 9	5.7	4.6	0.00490	9.37	0.00811	816.65			
Mix 10	6.0	4.4	0.00394	11.04	0.00694	1014.54			

Table 6 - Laboratory Air Void Summary

	Fresh	Hardened	Average	Voids	Spacing	Specific
NAME	%AIR	% AIR	Air Void (in)	Per Inch	Factor (in)	Surface (in2/in3)
Control 1	6.3	4.8	0.00347	13.90	0.00559	1151.25
Control 2	6.9	4.5	0.00325	14.01	0.00549	1231.63
Control 3	6.3	5.3	0.00401	13.29	0.00623	997.91
Control 4	6.3	6.5	0.00489	13.28	0.00718	817.38
Average	6.5	5.3	0.00391	13.62	0.00612	1049.54
WR 1	5.8	5.8	0.00417	13.99	0.00611	959.80
WR 2	6.0	6.7	0.00420	16.03	0.00559	953.48
WR 3	7.5	6.4	0.00438	14.57	0.00622	913.14
WR 4	8.5	7.6	0.00381	19.96	0.00497	1049.63
Average	7.0	6.6	0.00414	16.14	0.00572	969.01

Table 7 - Field Air Void Summary

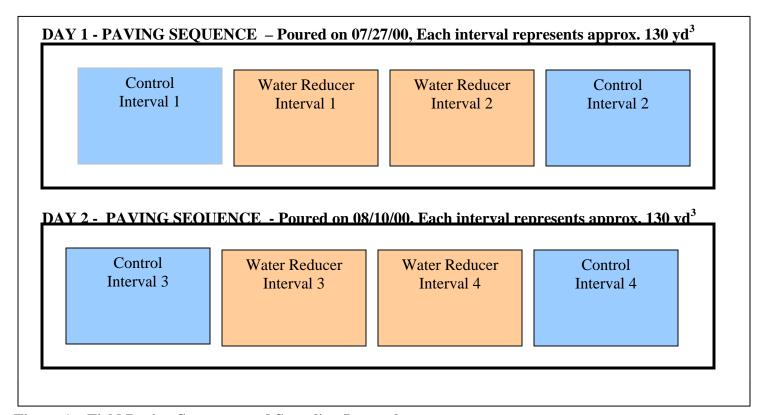


Figure 1 – Field Paving Sequence and Sampling Interval

APPENDIX A

Research, Development, and Technology Work Plan

RESEARCH WORK PLAN

Date: 01/30/00

Project Number: RI00-001

Water Reducing Admixtures in PCCP Mixes

Research Agency: Missouri Department of Transportation,

Research, Development, and Technology Division

Principal Investigator: Jason Blomberg, Intermediate R&D Assistant

Objective:

The objective of this investigation is to determine the potential benefits and cost savings of adding a Type A water reducer and reducing the cement content in MoDOT's PCCP mixes.

Background and Significance of Work:

As a result of adding water-reducing admixtures to PCCP mixes, it is proposed that the cement content can be reduced along with a reduction in water added. It is also proposed that adding a water reducer will promote complete hydration of the cement particles resulting in an improved hardened concrete product in terms of strength, durability, and performance. If water reducing agents improve the performance of concrete with less cement content in the mix, then MoDOT should achieve a better product at a lower cost.

Action Plan

Laboratory Testing

Concrete mix designs containing a Type A water reducer and having various reductions in cement content will be developed in the laboratory. Concrete specimens fabricated from each mix will be tested for comparison purposes. A mix design containing a standard amount of cement and no water reducer will also be developed. Specimens fabricated from this mix will be used as a control for this investigation. Specimens will be tested for compressive strength, flexural strength, freeze thaw durability, permeability, and air void structure.

Field Testing

A PCCP mix design containing a Type A water reducer and a ¼ sack cement reduction will be tested in the field. A standard mix containing no water reducer and no cement reductions will also be tested for comparison purposes. The proposed project is located at the Cool Springs Interchange on Route I-70 in St. Charles County, Missouri, Job #

J6I1275B. Concrete specimens will be fabricated from both mixes and tested for compressive strength, flexural strength, freeze thaw durability, permeability, and air void structure.

A final report will detail the conclusions and recommendations based on the results of both laboratory and field testing of the PCCP mixes.

Literature Search

Information regarding water-reducing admixtures will be obtained from concrete mix design manuals and other resources. Neighboring states, such as Iowa and Illinois, are using water reducers with significant cement reductions in their PCCP mixes. Information on their mixes may be acquired to give MoDOT some insight on mix control.

Method of Implementation

If the water reducer and reduction of cement lead to better performance of PCCP at a lower cost compared to MoDOT's standard PCCP mixes, then implementation procedures for the new concrete mix will be proposed as a cost effective alternative in concrete pavements. Implementation strategies will be identified pending results as documented in this study's final report.

Anticipated Benefits

The water-reducing admixture is intended to allow a reduction of cement content in the PCC mix and improve the overall performance of the concrete. The benefit that MoDOT should anticipate is better performance of PCCP mixes at a lower cost.

Research Period

A final report presenting the results of this investigation is intended to be complete by January 2001.

Funding

The Research Development and Technology Unit will use SPR funds for the evaluation and reporting performed for the research investigation.

Supporting Data

This research investigation is a two-part study that includes both laboratory and field results of PCCP mixes containing a Type A water reducer and a reduction in cement. The following sections describe the procedures for each study.

Laboratory Study Procedure:

Jan – Feb, 2000: Trial Batching

The MoDOT standard specifications require cement content to be in the range of 6.00 to 6.40 sacks/yd³ for PCCP mixes using Class A natural sand. Based on this criterion, a control mixes will be developed to represent a standard mix. A standard mix is considered to be a concrete mix design that meets all MoDOT specification and contains no water reducing admixtures. The control mix will contain a 6.20 sacks/yd³, which represents the average cement content allowed by specification.

A number of mix designs will be developed in the laboratory utilizing a Type A water reducing admixture and have a reduced cement content. Mix 1 will represent a standard mix and will be used as the control in this investigation. Table 1 shows the cement content and the dosage rate of water reducer of each mix.

Mix Design	Cement Content (sack/yd³)	Water Reducer (oz./sack)	Number of Batches
Control	6.2	0	3
2		0	3
3	6.0	3	3
4		5	3
5		0	3
6	5.8	3	3
7		5	3
8		0	3
9	5.6	3	3
10		5	3

Table 1- Laboratory Mixes

Laboratory mixing will include numerous trial batches that will be tested only for slump and air. The unknown variables in the mix designs include water reducer, air agent, and water. Concrete mixing will be conducted by trial-and-error using these variables until the target values of a 2-inch slump and 5-½ % air content is achieved for each cement content. The mix designs for the test group will be developed with the lowest water/cement ratio to produce the target slump.

The source/manufacturer and description of the materials that will be used for the laboratory study are as follows:

Coarse Aggregate: Capital Quarries, Holts Summit 1A

Gradation D Limestone Cedar Valley, Ledges 1-3

Fine Aggregate: Capital Sand #1, Jefferson City

Missouri River Sand, Class A

Cement: LaFarge Corporation

Sugar Creek Plant Type 1 Cement

Air Agent: General Resource Technology (GRT)

Polychem VR

Air Entraining Admixture

Water Reducer: General Resource Technology (GRT)

Polychem 400NC Type A Water Reducer

Feb. – Apr., 2000: Fabricating Specimens in the Laboratory Laboratory Specimens

Once the mix designs are developed, the concrete mixing for fabrication of the test specimens will begin. Three separate concrete batches will represent one mix design as described in Table 1. A total of 30 batches will be mixed in a random order to produce the specimens needed for testing. Table 2 describes the samples fabricated from each batch.

No. of	Test Description	AASHTO		
Specimens/Batch		Method		
1	7 Day Compressive Strength	AASHTO T22		
1	28 Day Compressive Strength	AASHTO T22		
1	28 Day Flexural Strength	AASHTO T177		
1	Freeze/Thaw Durability and	AASHTO T161/		
	Flexural Strength after 300 Freeze/Thaw Cycles	AASHTO T177		
1	Air Void Analysis	ASTM C457-90		
1	Chloride Permeability	AASHTO T277		

Table 2: Laboratory Sampling

Field Study Procedure:

July – August – Sampling Field Specimens Field Specimens

On the Cool Springs project, field specimens will be fabricated from the concrete mix containing water reducer and the standard concrete mix without water reducer. Table 3 is a sampling plan for field sampling and testing.

For a good statistical comparison of PCCP mixes containing a Type A water reducer versus a conventional mix, the contractor will be requested to follow a certain paving sequence. The paving sequence will start with a conventional mix, then switch to a mix with the water reducer, and finally return back to the conventional mix, all within the same day. Sampling and fabricating of the concrete test specimens will be performed at four intervals during this sequence. Table 3 lists the concrete specimens that are to be sampled from each interval.

Figure 1 illustrates the interval layout for the Cool Springs project. Each interval will be approximately 250 ft. in length. Specimens fabricated from interval 1 represent the control mix. Intervals 2 and 3 represent the PCCP mix containing the Type A water reducer and ¼-sack reduction in cement. Interval 4 completes the sampling for the control mix. The same paving sequence of four intervals, as described above, will be repeated on another day during which the same concrete sampling will occur.

Sampling List for Each Interval								
No. of	Test Name	AASHTO						
Specimens		Method						
3	7-Day Compressive Strength	AASHTO T22						
3	28-Day Compressive Strength	AASHTO T22						
3	7-Day Flexural Strength	AASHTO T97						
3	28-Day Flexural Strength	AASHTO T97						
3	Freeze/Thaw Durability and Flexural	AASHTO T161/						
	Strength after 300 Freeze/Thaw Cycles	AASHTO T177						
1	Chloride Permeability	AASHTO T277						
1	Air Void Analysis	ASTM C457-90						

Table 3 – Sampling List for Each Interval

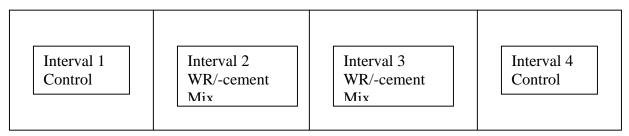


Figure 1 – Paving Sequence

Field and Laboratory Testing

September - November, 2000: Curing and Testing of Concrete Specimens

The freeze/thaw durability and the air void analysis take a significant amount of time to perform. It will take approximately 85 days to perform freeze/thaw testing on a concrete beam. The test requires a 35-day curing time and 50 days of freeze/thaw cycling. Air void analysis will take approximately 12 hours per specimen.

December 2000-January 2001: Data Analysis and Reporting

Test results collected both from the field and the laboratory will be compared in order to determine potential benefits of adding water reducers to PCCP mixes. A final report summarizing this investigation will be completed in January 2001.

Staffing

Laboratory Trial Mixing

Jason Blomberg, Int. R&D Assistant John Schaefer, R&D Assistant Steve Clark, Int. R&D Tech.

Field Sampling

Eric Burks, Sr. R&D Tech. Larry Diaz, R&D Tech. Stowe Johnson, R&D Assistant Chris Graham. R&D Technician **Laboratory Mixing**

Jason Blomberg, Int. R&D Assist. John Schaefer, R&D Assist. Steve Clark, Int. R&D Tech.

<u>Permeability Testing</u> Jeff Joens, Sr. R&D Tech

Air Void Analysis

Nelson Cook, Int. R&D Assist.

Equipment

Air meter – RD&T inventory
Slump cone-RD&T inventory
Concrete Mixer & Supplies-RD&T, Phy. Lab inventory
Compression machine-Phy. Lab inventory
Freeze/Thaw machine-Phy. Lab inventory
Linear Traverse/Image Analysis-RD&T inventory
Permeability equipment-RD&T inventory
R&D Truck-RD&T inventory

Budget

Trial Mixing Item Int. R&D Assistant R&D Assistant Int. R&D Technician	1 1	*	Unit Cost 18.62 18.26 14.71	*	Units 40 40 40	*	Benefits 1.67 1.67 1.67	=	Subtotal 1243.82 1219.77 982.63		
Laboratory Mixing and Sampling											
Item	No.	*	Unit Cost	*	Units	*	Benefits	=	Subtotal		
Int. R&D Assistant	1		18.62		80		1.67		2487.63		
R&D Assistant	1		18.26		80		1.67		2439.54		
Sr. R&D Technician	1		16.22		80		1.67		2166.99		
Int. R&D Technician	1		14.71		80		1.67		1965.26		
R&D Technician	1		12.81		80		1.67		1711.42		
Field Sampling Item R&D Assistant Sr. R&D Technician R&D Technician	No. 1 1 2	*	Unit Cost 18.62 16.22 12.81	*	Units 40 40 40	*	Benefits 1.67 1.67 1.67	=	Subtotal 1243.82 1083.50 1711.42		
Sample Testing Item	No.	*	Unit Cost	*	Units	*	Benefits	=	Subtotal		
Int. R&D Assistant	1		18.62		182		1.67	_	5659.36		
Sr. R&D Technician	1		16.22		98		1.67		2654.56		
Physical Lab Technic 4596.17	ian		3 15.2	29		60		1.67			
Physical Lab Technic	ian		1 15.2	29		30		1.67	766.03		
Report and Presentati Item Int. R&D Assistant		*	Unit Cost 18.62	*	Units 100	*	Benefits 1.67	=	Subtotal 3109.54		
						GR	AND TOT	CAL	\$35,000		

APPENDIX B

Laboratory Concrete Batch Sheets

CONTROL MIX BATCH A

COARSE AGGREGATE: CEDAR VALLEY, CAPITAL QUARRY 1A, HOLT SUMMIT, LEDGES 1-3

							SCALE			
W/C Ratio	0.410	SACKS				SCALE	WEIGHT			
		PER	DESIGN	DESIGN	ABSOLUTE	WEIGHT	1.50			
	SP. GR.	YD^3	GAL/SACK	AIR	VOLUME	(1.0 Ft^3)	(Ft^3)	_		
CEMENT	3.15	6.20			0.1098	21.59	32.38	Lbs.(Cement)		
DESIGN WATE	ER		4.62		0.1419	9.37	14.05	Lbs.(Water)		
DESIGN AIR				5.5	0.0550			•		
					0.3067					
MISSOURI RIV	'ER - CAPITIAL	SAND #1							SCALE	
SAND:	% Sand=	42.0						WEIGHT	WEIGHT	
				WEIGHT	WEIGHT			(DRY)	(AIR DRY)	
	SP. GR.	DESIGN	ABSOLUTE	(DRY)	(AIR DRY)	PERCENT	PERCENT	1.50	1.50	
	(DRY)	ABS. VOL.	VOLUME	(1.0 FT^3)	(1.0 FT^3)	MOIST.	ABSORP.	(FT^3)	(FT^3)	= 1
	2.633	0.2912	0.2912	47.84	47.89	0.10	0.2	71.76	71.84	Lbs.(Sand)
									SCALE	
COARSE AGG	REGATE (AIR D	RIED):							WEIGHTS	
							WEIGHT	WEIGHT	(AIR DRY)	
	SP. GR.	PERCENT	DESIGN	ABSOLUTE	PERCENT	PERCENT	(DRY)	(AIR DRY)	1.50	
FRACTION	(DRY)	CA FRACT.	ABS. VOL.	VOLUME	MOIST.	ABSORP.	(1.0 FT^3)	(1.0 FT^3)	(FT^3)	_
1" - #4	<u>2.650</u>	100.0	0.4021	0.4021	<u>0.10</u>	0.8	66.50	<u>66.56</u>	99.84	
	2.650	100.0)	0.4021	0	1	66.50	66.56	99.84	Lbs.(CA)
										<u> </u>
VOLUMETRIC	AIR:		=				AIR METER:	Run 1	Run 2	_
Wgt. of Conc.+	Bowl =	43.964	Lbs.				Reading =	5.6	5.6	
Wgt. of Conc.\C	u Ft =	145.77	7 Lbs.				Aggr.Corr =	0.3	0.3	_
Wgt. of Bowl =		7.5360	Lbs.				%Air =	5.3	5.3	
Vol. of Bowl =		0.2499	Cu Ft							
Voidless Den. =		153.75	5 Lbs.		WATER REDU	CER:		AIR AGENT:	-	
					0.000	OZ/SK		0.380	OZ/SK	
% Air =		5.19)		0.000	CC		3.871	CC	
Slump =		2.25	in.							

COARSE AGGREGATE: CEDAR VALLEY, CAPITAL QUARRY 1A, HOLT SUMMIT, LEDGES 1-3 GRADATION "D"

		GRADATION D								
							SCALE			
W/C Ratio	0.410	SACKS				SCALE	WEIGHT			
		PER	DESIGN		ABSOLUTE	WEIGHT	1.50			
	SP. GR.	YD^3	GAL/SACK	AIR	VOLUME	(1.0 Ft^3)	(Ft^3)	1 1		
CEMENT	3.15	6.20			0.1098	21.59	32.38	Lbs.(Cement)		
DESIGN WAT	ER		4.62		0.1419	9.37	14.05	Lbs.(Water)		
DESIGN AIR				5.5	0.0550					
					0.3067					
MISSOURI RIV	VER - CAPITIAL S	SAND #1							SCALE	
SAND:	% Sand=	42.0						WEIGHT	WEIGHT	
				WEIGHT	WEIGHT			(DRY)	(AIR DRY)	
	SP. GR.	DESIGN	ABSOLUTE	(DRY)	(AIR DRY)	PERCENT	PERCENT	1.50	1.50	
	(DRY)	ABS. VOL.	VOLUME	(1.0 FT^3)	(1.0 FT^3)	MOIST.	ABSORP.	(FT^3)	(FT^3)	=
	2.633	0.2912	0.2912	47.84	47.89	0.10	0.2	71.76	71.84	Lbs.(Sand)
										_
									SCALE	
COARSE AGG	REGATE (AIR DR	(IED):							WEIGHTS	
							WEIGHT	WEIGHT	(AIR DRY)	
	SP. GR.	PERCENT	DESIGN	ABSOLUTE	PERCENT	PERCENT	(DRY)	(AIR DRY)	1.50	
FRACTION	(DRY)	CA FRACT.	ABS. VOL.	VOLUME	MOIST.	ABSORP.	(1.0 FT^3)	(1.0 FT^3)	(FT^3)	-
1" - #4	2.650	100.	0.4021	0.4021	<u>0.10</u>	<u>0.8</u>	<u>66.50</u>	<u>66.56</u>	99.84	
	2.650	100.	0	0.4021	0	1	66.50	66.56	99.84	Lbs.(CA)
VOLUMETRIC	C AIR:		_				AIR METER:	Run 1	Run 2	_
Wgt. of Conc.+	Bowl =	43.748	Lbs.				Reading =	6.0	6.0	
Wgt. of Conc.\0	Cu Ft =	144.9	1 Lbs.				Aggr.Corr =	0.3	0.3	7
Wgt. of Bowl =		7.5360 Lbs.					%Air =	5.7	5.7	
Vol. of Bowl =		0.249	9 Cu Ft							
Voidless Den. =	=	153.7	5 Lbs.		WATER REDU	JCER:		AIR AGENT:	7	
					0.000	OZ/SK		0.400	OZ/SK	
% Air =		5.7:	5		0.000	CC		4.075	CC	
	F		7							
Slump =		2.25	in.							

COARSE AGGREGATE: CEDAR VALLEY, CAPITAL QUARRY 1A, HOLT SUMMIT, LEDGES 1-3 GRADATION "D"

							SCALE			
W/C Ratio	0.410	SACKS				SCALE	WEIGHT			
		PER	DESIGN	DESIGN	ABSOLUTE	WEIGHT	1.50			
	SP. GR.	YD^3	GAL/SACK	AIR	VOLUME	(1.0 Ft^3)	(Ft^3)	•		
CEMENT	3.15	6.20			0.1098	21.59	32.38	Lbs.(Cement)		
DESIGN WAT	ER		4.62		0.1419	9.37	14.05	Lbs.(Water)		
DESIGN AIR				5.5	0.0550			•		
					0.3067					
MISSOURI RI	VER - CAPITIAL S	SAND #1							SCALE	
SAND:	% Sand=	42.0						WEIGHT	WEIGHT	
				WEIGHT	WEIGHT			(DRY)	(AIR DRY)	
	SP. GR.	DESIGN	ABSOLUTE	(DRY)	(AIR DRY)	PERCENT	PERCENT	1.50	1.50	
	(DRY)	ABS. VOL.	VOLUME	(1.0 FT^3)	(1.0 FT^3)	MOIST.	ABSORP.	(FT^3)	(FT^3)	a
	2.633	0.2912	0.2912	47.84	47.89	0.10	0.2	71.76	71.84	Lbs.(Sand)
										_
									SCALE	
COARSE AGO	REGATE (AIR DR	RIED):							WEIGHTS	
							WEIGHT	WEIGHT	(AIR DRY)	
	SP. GR.	PERCENT	DESIGN	ABSOLUTE	PERCENT	PERCENT	(DRY)	(AIR DRY)	1.50	
FRACTION	(DRY)	CA FRACT.	ABS. VOL.	VOLUME	MOIST.	ABSORP.	(1.0 FT^3)	(1.0 FT^3)	(FT^3)	7
1" - #4	<u>2.650</u>	<u>100.0</u>	0.4021	<u>0.4021</u>	0.10	<u>0.8</u>	<u>66.50</u>	<u>66.56</u>	99.84	1
	2.650	100.0)	0.4021	0	1	66.50	66.56	99.84	Lbs.(CA)
VOLUMETRIC	C AIR:						AIR METER:	Run 1	Run 2	
Wgt. of Conc.+	Bowl =	43.975	Lbs.				Reading =	5.6	5.6	
Wgt. of Conc.\0	Cu Ft =	145.81	Lbs.				Aggr.Corr =	0.3	0.3	_
Wgt. of Bowl =		7.5360	Lbs.				%Air =	5.3	5.3	
Vol. of Bowl =		0.2499	Cu Ft							
Voidless Den.	=	153.75	5 Lbs.		WATER REDU	CER:		AIR AGENT:	=	
					0.000	OZ/SK		0.380	OZ/SK	
% Air =		5.16	5		0.000	CC		3.871	CC	
	-		7							
Slump =		2.25	in.							

COARSE AGGREGATE: CEDAR VALLEY, CAPITAL QUARRY 1A, HOLT SUMMIT, LEDGES 1-3 GRADATION "D"

							SCALE			
W/C Ratio	0.415	SACKS				SCALE	WEIGHT			
		PER	DESIGN	DESIGN	ABSOLUTE	WEIGHT	1.50			
	SP. GR.	YD^3	GAL/SACK	AIR	VOLUME	(1.0 Ft^3)	(Ft^3)	=		
CEMENT	3.15	6.00			0.1063	20.89	31.33	Lbs.(Cement)		
DESIGN WATE	ER		4.68		0.1390	9.19	13.78	Lbs.(Water)		
DESIGN AIR				5.5	0.0550			<u> </u>		
					0.3002					
MISSOURI RIV	ER - CAPITIAL SA	AND #1							SCALE	
SAND:	% Sand=	42.0						WEIGHT	WEIGHT	
				WEIGHT	WEIGHT			(DRY)	(AIR DRY)	
	SP. GR.	DESIGN	ABSOLUTE	(DRY)	(AIR DRY)	PERCENT	PERCENT	1.50	1.50	
	(DRY)	ABS. VOL.	VOLUME	(1.0 FT^3)	(1.0 FT^3)	MOIST.	ABSORP.	(FT^3)	(FT^3)	- 1
	2.633	0.2939	0.2939	48.29	48.34	0.10	0.2	72.43	72.50	Lbs.(Sand)
									SCALE	
COARSE AGGI	REGATE (AIR DRI	IED):							WEIGHTS	
							WEIGHT	WEIGHT	(AIR DRY)	
	SP. GR.	PERCENT	DESIGN	ABSOLUTE	PERCENT	PERCENT	(DRY)	(AIR DRY)	1.50	
FRACTION	(DRY)	CA FRACT.	ABS. VOL.	VOLUME	MOIST.	ABSORP.	(1.0 FT^3)	(1.0 FT^3)	(FT^3)	7
1" - #4	<u>2.650</u>	100.0	0.4059	0.4059	0.10	0.8	<u>67.11</u>	<u>67.18</u>	100.77	
	2.650	100.0	1	0.4059	0	1	67.11	67.18	100.77	Lbs.(CA)
VOLUMETRIC	AIR:		_				AIR METER:	Run 1	Run 2	_
Wgt. of Conc.+	Bowl =	43.932	Lbs.				Reading	= 5.5	5.5	
Wgt. of Conc.\C	Wgt. of Conc.\Cu Ft = 145.64 Lbs.					Aggr.Corr	= 0.3	0.3	_	
Wgt. of Bowl = 7.5360 Lbs.						%Air	= 5.2	5.2	<u> </u>	
Vol. of Bowl =	Vol. of Bowl = 0.2499 Cu Ft									
Voidless Den. = 153.95 Lbs.			WATER REDU	JCER:		AIR AGENT:	٦			
					0.000	OZ/SK		0.400	OZ/SK	
% Air =		5.39	1		0.000	CC		3.943	CC	
	Г		7							
Slump =		2.00	in.							

CONCRETE BATCHING PROGRAM

COARSE AGGREGATE: CEDAR VALLEY, CAPITAL QUARRY 1A, HOLT SUMMIT, LEDGES 1-3 GRADATION "D"

							SCALE			
W/C Ratio	0.415	SACKS				SCALE	WEIGHT			
		PER	DESIGN	DESIGN	ABSOLUTE	WEIGHT	1.50			
	SP. GR.	YD^3	GAL/SACK	AIR	VOLUME	(1.0 Ft^3)	(Ft^3)			
CEMENT	3.15	6.00			0.1063	20.89	31.33	Lbs.(Cement)		
DESIGN WAT	ER		4.68		0.1390	9.19	13.78	Lbs.(Water)		
DESIGN AIR				5.5	0.0550					
					0.3002					
MISSOURI RI	VER - CAPITIAL S	AND #1							SCALE	
SAND:	% Sand=	42.0						WEIGHT	WEIGHT	
				WEIGHT	WEIGHT			(DRY)	(AIR DRY)	
	SP. GR.	DESIGN	ABSOLUTE	(DRY)	(AIR DRY)	PERCENT	PERCENT	1.50	1.50	
	(DRY)	ABS. VOL.	VOLUME	(1.0 FT^3)	(1.0 FT^3)	MOIST.	ABSORP.	(FT^3)	(FT^3)	=
	2.633	0.2939	0.2939	48.29	48.34	0.10	0.2	72.43	72.50	Lbs.(Sand)
										_
									SCALE	
COARSE AGG	REGATE (AIR DR	IED):							WEIGHTS	
							WEIGHT	WEIGHT	(AIR DRY)	
	SP. GR.	PERCENT	DESIGN	ABSOLUTE	PERCENT	PERCENT	(DRY)	(AIR DRY)	1.50	
FRACTION	(DRY)	CA FRACT.	ABS. VOL.	VOLUME	MOIST.	ABSORP.	(1.0 FT^3)	(1.0 FT^3)	(FT^3)	_
1" - #4	2.650	100.0	0.4059	0.4059	0.10	0.8	<u>67.11</u>	<u>67.18</u>	100.77	
	2.650	100.0)	0.4059	0	1	67.11	67.18	100.77	Lbs.(CA)
VOLUMETRIC	C AIR:						AIR METER:	Run 1	Run 2	
Wgt. of Conc.+	Bowl =	44.037	Lbs.				Reading =	5.6	5.6	
Wgt. of Conc.\0	Cu Ft =	146.06	Lbs.				Aggr.Corr =	0.3	0.3	_
Wgt. of Bowl =		7.5360	Lbs.				%Air =	5.3	5.3	
Vol. of Bowl =		0.2499	Cu Ft				-			_
Voidless Den. =	=	153.95	Lbs.		WATER REDU	JCER:	_	AIR AGENT:		
					0.000	OZ/SK		0.400	OZ/SK	
% Air =		5.12	2		0.000	CC		3.943	CC	
	_		=							
Slump =		2.00	in.							

CONCRETE BATCHING PROGRAM

COARSE AGGREGATE: CEDAR VALLEY, CAPITAL QUARRY 1A, HOLT SUMMIT, LEDGES 1-3 GRADATION "D"

							SCALE			
W/C Ratio	0.415	SACKS				SCALE	WEIGHT			
		PER	DESIGN	DESIGN	ABSOLUTE	WEIGHT	1.50			
	SP. GR.	YD^3	GAL/SACK	AIR	VOLUME	(1.0 Ft^3)	(Ft^3)	•		
CEMENT	3.15	6.00			0.1063	20.89	31.33	Lbs.(Cement)		
DESIGN WAT	ER		4.68		0.1390	9.19	13.78	Lbs.(Water)		
DESIGN AIR				5.5	0.0550			•		
					0.3002					
MISSOURI RI	VER - CAPITIAL S	SAND #1							SCALE	
SAND:	% Sand=	42.0						WEIGHT	WEIGHT	
				WEIGHT	WEIGHT			(DRY)	(AIR DRY)	
	SP. GR.	DESIGN	ABSOLUTE	(DRY)	(AIR DRY)	PERCENT	PERCENT	1.50	1.50	
	(DRY)	ABS. VOL.	VOLUME	(1.0 FT^3)	(1.0 FT^3)	MOIST.	ABSORP.	(FT^3)	(FT^3)	- 1
	2.633	0.2939	0.2939	48.29	48.34	0.10	0.2	72.43	72.50	Lbs.(Sand)
										_
									SCALE	
COARSE AGO	REGATE (AIR DR	RIED):							WEIGHTS	
							WEIGHT	WEIGHT	(AIR DRY)	
	SP. GR.	PERCENT	DESIGN	ABSOLUTE	PERCENT	PERCENT	(DRY)	(AIR DRY)	1.50	
FRACTION	(DRY)	CA FRACT.	ABS. VOL.	VOLUME	MOIST.	ABSORP.	(1.0 FT^3)	(1.0 FT^3)	(FT^3)	7
1" - #4	2.650	100.0	0.4059	0.4059	<u>0.10</u>	<u>0.8</u>	<u>67.11</u>	<u>67.18</u>	100.77	
	2.650	100.0	0	0.4059	0	1	67.11	67.18	100.77	Lbs.(CA)
VOLUMETRIC	C AIR:						AIR METER:	Run 1	Run 2	
Wgt. of Conc.+	Bowl =	43.886	Lbs.				Reading =	5.9	5.9	
Wgt. of Conc.\0	Cu Ft =	145.46	6 Lbs.				Aggr.Corr =	0.3	0.3	_
Wgt. of Bowl =		7.5360	O Lbs.				%Air =	5.6	5.6	
Vol. of Bowl =		0.2499	9 Cu Ft							
Voidless Den.	=	153.95	5 Lbs.		WATER REDU	CER:	i	AIR AGENT:	_	
					0.000	OZ/SK		0.400	OZ/SK	
% Air =		5.5	1		0.000	CC		3.943	CC	
	-		_							
Slump =		1.75	in.							

		011111111111111111111111111111111111111					SCALE			
W/C Ratio	0.400	SACKS				SCALE	WEIGHT			
W/C Ratio	0.400	PER	DESIGN	DESIGN	ABSOLUTE	WEIGHT	1.50			
	SP. GR.	YD^3	GAL/SACK	AIR	VOLUME	(1.0 Ft^3)	(Ft^3)			
CEMENT	3.15	6.00			0.1063	20.89	31.33	Lbs.(Cement)		
DESIGN WAT		0.00	4.51		0.1339	8.88	13.32	Lbs.(Water)		
DESIGN WAT	LK		4.51	5.5	0.0550	0.00	13.32	Los.(Water)		
DESIGN AIR				5.5	0.0330					
MISSOURI RI	VER - CAPITIAL S	SAND #1			0.2732				SCALE	
SAND:	% Sand=	42.0						WEIGHT	WEIGHT	
				WEIGHT	WEIGHT			(DRY)	(AIR DRY)	
	SP. GR.	DESIGN	ABSOLUTE		(AIR DRY)	PERCENT	PERCENT	1.50	1.50	
	(DRY)	ABS. VOL.	VOLUME	(1.0 FT^3)	(1.0 FT^3)	MOIST.	ABSORP.	(FT^3)	(FT^3)	
	2.633	0.2960	0.2960	48.63	48.68	0.10	0.2	72.95	73.02	Lbs.(Sand)
										<u> </u>
									SCALE	
COARSE AGG	REGATE (AIR DE	RIED):							WEIGHTS	
							WEIGHT	WEIGHT	(AIR DRY)	
	SP. GR.	PERCENT	DESIGN	ABSOLUTE	PERCENT	PERCENT	(DRY)	(AIR DRY)	1.50	
FRACTION	(DRY)	CA FRACT.	ABS. VOL.	VOLUME	MOIST.	ABSORP.	(1.0 FT^3)	(1.0 FT^3)	(FT^3)	7
1" - #4	<u>2.650</u>	100.	0.4088	0.4088	0.10	0.8	<u>67.60</u>	<u>67.66</u>	101.49	
	2.650	100.	0	0.4088	0	1	67.60	67.66	101.49	Lbs.(CA)
VOLUMETRIC	C AIR:						AIR METER:	Run 1	Run 2	
Wgt. of Conc.+	Bowl =	44.100	Lbs.				Reading =	5.8	5.8]
Wgt. of Conc.\0	Cu Ft =	146.3	Lbs.				Aggr.Corr =	0.3	0.3	
Wgt. of Bowl =		7.536	0 Lbs Meter I	HA25129			%Air =	5.5	5.5	
Vol. of Bowl =		0.249	9 Cu Ft							
Voidless Den. =	=	154.50	0 Lbs.		WATER REDU	JCER:		AIR AGENT:	7	
					3.000	OZ/SK		0.230	OZ/SK	
% Air =		5.30	0		29.574	CC		2.267	CC	
	г		7							
Slump =		1.75	in.							

							SCALE			
W/C Ratio	0.400	SACKS				SCALE	WEIGHT			
		PER	DESIGN	DESIGN	ABSOLUTE	WEIGHT	1.50			
	SP. GR.	YD^3	GAL/SACK	AIR	VOLUME	(1.0 Ft^3)	(Ft^3)	=		
CEMENT	3.15	6.00			0.1063	20.89	31.33	Lbs.(Cement)		
DESIGN WAT	ER		4.51		0.1339	8.88	13.32	Lbs.(Water)		
DESIGN AIR				5.5	0.0550					
					0.2952					
MISSOURI RI	VER - CAPITIAL SA	AND #1							SCALE	
SAND:	% Sand=	42.0						WEIGHT	WEIGHT	
				WEIGHT	WEIGHT			(DRY)	(AIR DRY)	
	SP. GR.	DESIGN	ABSOLUTE	(DRY)	(AIR DRY)	PERCENT	PERCENT	1.50	1.50	
	(DRY)	ABS. VOL.	VOLUME	(1.0 FT^3)	(1.0 FT^3)	MOIST.	ABSORP.	(FT^3)	(FT^3)	= 1
	2.633	0.2960	0.2960	48.63	48.68	0.10	0.2	72.95	73.02	Lbs.(Sand)
									SCALE	
COARSE AGO	GREGATE (AIR DR	IED):							WEIGHTS	
							WEIGHT	WEIGHT	(AIR DRY)	
	SP. GR.	PERCENT	DESIGN	ABSOLUTE	PERCENT	PERCENT	(DRY)	(AIR DRY)	1.50	
FRACTION	(DRY)	CA FRACT.	ABS. VOL.	VOLUME	MOIST.	ABSORP.	(1.0 FT^3)	(1.0 FT^3)	(FT^3)	7
1" - #4	<u>2.650</u>	<u>100.0</u>	0.4088	0.4088	0.10	0.8	<u>67.60</u>	<u>67.66</u>	101.49	 =1
	2.650	100.0)	0.4088	0	1	67.60	67.66	101.49	Lbs.(CA)
VOLUMETRI	C AIR:		_				AIR METER:	Run 1	Run 2	_
Wgt. of Conc.+	- Bowl =	44.056	Lbs.				Reading =	5.8	5.8	
Wgt. of Conc.\	Cu Ft =	146.14	Lbs.				Aggr.Corr =	= 0.3	0.3	_ _
Wgt. of Bowl =	=	7.5360	Lbs.				%Air=	= 5.5	5.5	
Vol. of Bowl =		0.2499	Cu Ft							
Voidless Den.	=	154.50	Lbs.		WATER REDU	JCER:		AIR AGENT:	7	
					3.000	OZ/SK		0.230	OZ/SK	
% Air =		5.41			29.574	CC		2.267	CC	
	_		1							
Slump =		2.00	in.							

		GRADATION D								
W/C Ratio	0.400	SACKS				SCALE	SCALE WEIGHT			
W/C Katio	0.400	PER	DESIGN	DESIGN	ABSOLUTE	WEIGHT	1.50			
	SP. GR.	YD^3	GAL/SACK	AIR	VOLUME	(1.0 Ft^3)	(Ft^3)			
CEMENT	3.15	6.00	OAL/BACK	AIK	0.1063	20.89		Lbs.(Cement)		
DESIGN WATE		0.00	4.51		0.1339	8.88		Lbs.(Water)		
	ZK.		4.31	<i>E E</i>	0.1559	0.00	13.32	LUS.(Water)		
DESIGN AIR				5.5	0.0550					
					0.2932					
MISSOURI RIV	ER - CAPITIAL S	SAND #1							SCALE	
SAND:	% Sand=	42.0						WEIGHT	WEIGHT	
				WEIGHT	WEIGHT			(DRY)	(AIR DRY)	
	SP. GR.	DESIGN	ABSOLUTE	(DRY)	(AIR DRY)	PERCENT	PERCENT	1.50	1.50	
	(DRY)	ABS. VOL.	VOLUME	(1.0 FT^3)	(1.0 FT^3)	MOIST.	ABSORP.	(FT^3)	(FT^3)	
	2.633	0.2960	0.2960	48.63	48.68	0.10	0.2	72.95	73.02	Lbs.(Sand)
										=
									SCALE	
COARSE AGGI	REGATE (AIR DR	RIED):							WEIGHTS	
							WEIGHT	WEIGHT	(AIR DRY)	
	SP. GR.	PERCENT	DESIGN	ABSOLUTE	PERCENT	PERCENT	(DRY)	(AIR DRY)	1.50	
FRACTION	(DRY)	CA FRACT.	ABS. VOL.	VOLUME	MOIST.	ABSORP.	(1.0 FT^3)	(1.0 FT^3)	(FT^3)	_
1" - #4	<u>2.650</u>	<u>100.</u>	<u>0</u> 0.4088	0.4088	<u>0.10</u>	<u>0.8</u>	<u>67.60</u>	<u>67.66</u>	101.49	<u> </u>
	2.650	100.0	0	0.4088	0	1	67.60	67.66	101.49	Lbs.(CA)
VOLUMETRIC	AIR:						AIR METER:	Run 1	Run 2	<u></u>
Wgt. of Conc.+ l	Bowl =	44.018	Lbs.				Reading =	5.8	5.8	
Wgt. of Conc.\C	u Ft =	145.99	9 Lbs.				Aggr.Corr =	0.3	0.3	_
Wgt. of Bowl =		7.536	0 Lbs Meter F	HA25129			%Air =	5.5	5.5	
Vol. of Bowl =		0.249	9 Cu Ft							
Voidless Den. =		154.50	0 Lbs.		WATER REDU	JCER:		AIR AGENT:	_	
					3.000	OZ/SK		0.230	OZ/SK	
% Air =		5.5	1		29.574	CC		2.267	CC	
	Г		7							
Slump =		1.75	in.							

		GRADATION D								
W/C Ratio	0.405	SACKS				SCALE	SCALE WEIGHT			
W/C Katio	0.403	PER	DESIGN	DESIGN	ABSOLUTE	WEIGHT	1.50			
	SP. GR.	YD^3	GAL/SACK	AIR	VOLUME	(1.0 Ft^3)	(Ft^3)			
CEMENT	3.15	6.00	O/IL/D/ICK	7 HK	0.1063	20.89		Lbs.(Cement)		
DESIGN WATE		0.00	4.56		0.1356	8.98		Lbs.(Water)		
DESIGN WATE			4.50	5.5	0.0550	0.70	13.40	Ebs.(water)		
DESIGN AIR				5.5	0.2969					
					0.2707					
MISSOURI RIV	ER - CAPITIAL S	SAND #1							SCALE	
SAND:	% Sand=	42.0						WEIGHT	WEIGHT	
				WEIGHT	WEIGHT			(DRY)	(AIR DRY)	
	SP. GR.	DESIGN	ABSOLUTE	(DRY)	(AIR DRY)	PERCENT	PERCENT	1.50	1.50	
	(DRY)	ABS. VOL.	VOLUME	(1.0 FT^3)	(1.0 FT^3)	MOIST.	ABSORP.	(FT^3)	(FT^3)	= 1
	2.633	0.2953	0.2953	48.52	48.57	0.10	0.2	72.78	72.85	Lbs.(Sand)
										_
									SCALE	
COARSE AGGE	REGATE (AIR DR	RIED):							WEIGHTS	
							WEIGHT	WEIGHT	(AIR DRY)	
	SP. GR.	PERCENT	DESIGN	ABSOLUTE	PERCENT	PERCENT	(DRY)	(AIR DRY)	1.50	
FRACTION	(DRY)	CA FRACT.	ABS. VOL.	VOLUME	MOIST.	ABSORP.	(1.0 FT^3)	(1.0 FT^3)	(FT^3)	_
1" - #4	2.650	<u>100.</u>	<u>0</u> 0.4078	0.4078	0.10	<u>0.8</u>	<u>67.43</u>	<u>67.50</u>	101.25	<u> </u>
	2.650	100.0	0	0.4078	0	1	67.43	67.50	101.25	Lbs.(CA)
VOLUMETRIC	AIR:		_				AIR METER:	Run 1	Run 2	
Wgt. of Conc.+ l	Bowl =	43.724	Lbs.				Reading =	6.6	6.6	
Wgt. of Conc.\C	u Ft =	144.8	1 Lbs.				Aggr.Corr =	0.3	0.3	_
Wgt. of Bowl =		7.536	0 Lbs.				%Air =	6.3	6.3	
Vol. of Bowl =		0.249	9 Cu Ft							
Voidless Den. =		154.3	1 Lbs.		WATER REDU	JCER:		AIR AGENT:	_	
					5.000	OZ/SK		0.125	OZ/SK	
% Air =		6.1	6		49.289	CC		1.232	CC	
	Г		_							
Slump =		2.25	in.							

CONCRETE BATCHING PROGRAM

COARSE AGGREGATE: CEDAR VALLEY, CAPITAL QUARRY 1A, HOLT SUMMIT, LEDGES 1-3

COARSE AGGREGA	ATE: CEDAR VALLE	GRADATION "D"	KI IA, HOLI SUN	IVIII, LEDGES I	-3					
W/C Ratio	0.410	SACKS				SCALE	WEIGHT			
_		PER	DESIGN	DESIGN	ABSOLUTE	WEIGHT	1.50			
	SP. GR.	YD^3	GAL/SACK	AIR	VOLUME	(1.0 Ft^3)	(Ft^3)	=		
CEMENT	3.15	6.00			0.1063	20.89	31.33	Lbs.(Cement)		
DESIGN WATER			4.62		0.1373	8.75	13.13	Lbs.(Water)		
DESIGN AIR				5.5	0.0550					
					0.2986					
MISSOURI RIVER - 0	CAPITIAL SAND #1								SCALE	
SAND:	% Sand=	42.0						WEIGHT	WEIGHT	
				WEIGHT	WEIGHT			(DRY)	(AIR DRY)	
	SP. GR.	DESIGN	ABSOLUTE	(DRY)	(AIR DRY)	PERCENT	PERCENT	1.50	1.50	
	(DRY)	ABS. VOL.	VOLUME	(1.0 FT^3)	(1.0 FT^3)	MOIST.	ABSORP.	(FT^3)	(FT^3)	
	2.633	0.2946	0.2946	48.40	48.45	0.10	0.2	72.60	72.68 I	Lbs.(Sand)
									SCALE	
COARSE AGGREGA	TE (AIR DRIED):								WEIGHTS	
							WEIGHT	WEIGHT	(AIR DRY)	
	SP. GR.	PERCENT	DESIGN	ABSOLUTE	PERCENT	PERCENT	(DRY)	(AIR DRY)	1.50	
FRACTION	(DRY)	CA FRACT.	ABS. VOL.	VOLUME	MOIST.	ABSORP.	(1.0 FT^3)	(1.0 FT^3)	(FT^3)	
1" - #4	<u>2.650</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>.0</u> 0.4068	0.4068	0.80	<u>1.0</u>	<u>67.27</u>	<u>67.81</u>	101.72	
	2.650	100	0.0	0.4068	1	1	67.27	67.81	101.72 L	Lbs.(CA)
VOLUMETRIC AIR:							AIR METER	Run 1	Run 2	
Wgt. of Conc.+ Bowl =	=	43.866	Lbs.				Reading =	6.0	6.0	
Wgt. of Conc.\Cu Ft =	<u></u>	145	38 Lbs.				Aggr.Corr =		0.3	
Wgt. of Bowl =		7.530	50 Lbs.				% Air =	5.7	5.7	
Vol. of Bowl =		0.249	99 Cu Ft							
Voidless Den. =		153.	77 Lbs.		WATER REDUCER	<u>:</u>		AIR AGENT	-	
					5.000	OZ/SK		0.125	OZ/SK	
% Air =		5.4	46		49.289	CC		1.232	CC	
Slump =	Γ	2.25	in.							

	· ·	JAMES TON D								
							SCALE			
W/C Ratio	0.400	SACKS				SCALE	WEIGHT			
		PER	DESIGN	DESIGN	ABSOLUTE	WEIGHT	1.50			
	SP. GR.	YD^3	GAL/SACK	AIR	VOLUME	(1.0 Ft^3)	(Ft^3)	7		
CEMENT	3.15	6.00			0.1063	20.89	31.33	Lbs.(Cement)		
DESIGN WATI	ER		4.51		0.1339	8.88	13.32	Lbs.(Water)		
DESIGN AIR				5.5	0.0550					
					0.2952					
MISSOURI RIV	VER - CAPITIAL S	AND #1							SCALE	
SAND:	% Sand=	42.0						WEIGHT	WEIGHT	
				WEIGHT	WEIGHT			(DRY)	(AIR DRY)	
	SP. GR.	DESIGN	ABSOLUTE	(DRY)	(AIR DRY)	PERCENT	PERCENT	1.50	1.50	
	(DRY)	ABS. VOL.	VOLUME	(1.0 FT^3)	(1.0 FT^3)	MOIST.	ABSORP.	(FT^3)	(FT^3)	-
	2.633	0.2960	0.2960	48.63	48.68	0.10	0.2	72.95	73.02	Lbs.(Sand)
									SCALE	
COARSE AGG	REGATE (AIR DR	IED):							WEIGHTS	
							WEIGHT	WEIGHT	(AIR DRY)	
	SP. GR.	PERCENT	DESIGN	ABSOLUTE	PERCENT	PERCENT	(DRY)	(AIR DRY)	1.50	
FRACTION	(DRY)	CA FRACT.	ABS. VOL.	VOLUME	MOIST.	ABSORP.	(1.0 FT^3)	(1.0 FT^3)	(FT^3)	7
1" - #4	<u>2.650</u>	100.0	0.4088	0.4088	<u>0.10</u>	0.8	<u>67.60</u>	<u>67.66</u>	101.49	
	2.650	100.0)	0.4088	0	1	67.60	67.66	101.49	Lbs.(CA)
VOLUMETRIC	C AIR:						AIR METER:	Run 1	Run 2	
Wgt. of Conc.+	Bowl =	43.702	Lbs.				Reading =	6.8	6.8	
Wgt. of Conc.\C	Cu Ft =	144.72	2 Lbs.				Aggr.Corr =	0.3	0.3	_
Wgt. of Bowl =		7.5360	Lbs.				%Air =	6.5	6.5	
Vol. of Bowl =		0.2499	Cu Ft							
Voidless Den. =	=	154.50	Lbs.		WATER REDU	CER:		AIR AGENT:	_	
					5.000	OZ/SK		0.125	OZ/SK	
% Air =		6.33	3		49.289	CC		1.232	CC	
	F-		-							
Slump =		1.75	in.							

	·	JKIDITION D								
W/C Ratio	0.430	SACKS				SCALE	SCALE WEIGHT			
W/C Ratio	0.430	PER	DESIGN	DESIGN	ABSOLUTE	WEIGHT	1.50			
	SP. GR.	YD^3	GAL/SACK	AIR	VOLUME	(1.0 Ft^3)	(Ft^3)			
CEMENT	3.15	5.80			0.1027	20.19	30.29	Lbs.(Cement)		
DESIGN WATE			4.85		0.1392	9.21	13.81	Lbs.(Water)		
DESIGN AIR				5.5	0.0550	,,21	13.01			
<i>DESIGN</i> 7 mic				3.3	0.2969					
MISSOURI RIV	ER - CAPITIAL S	AND #1							SCALE	
SAND:	% Sand=	42.0						WEIGHT	WEIGHT	
				WEIGHT	WEIGHT			(DRY)	(AIR DRY)	
	SP. GR.	DESIGN	ABSOLUTE	(DRY)	(AIR DRY)	PERCENT	PERCENT	1.50	1.50	
	(DRY)	ABS. VOL.	VOLUME	(1.0 FT^3)	(1.0 FT^3)	MOIST.	ABSORP.	(FT^3)	(FT^3)	= 1
	2.633	0.2953	0.2953	48.52	48.57	0.10	0.2	72.78	72.85	Lbs.(Sand)
									SCALE	
COARSE AGGI	REGATE (AIR DR	IED):							WEIGHTS	
							WEIGHT	WEIGHT	(AIR DRY)	
	SP. GR.	PERCENT	DESIGN	ABSOLUTE	PERCENT	PERCENT	(DRY)	(AIR DRY)	1.50	
FRACTION	(DRY)	CA FRACT.	ABS. VOL.	VOLUME	MOIST.	ABSORP.	(1.0 FT^3)	(1.0 FT^3)	(FT^3)	\neg
1" - #4	<u>2.650</u>	100.	<u>0</u> 0.4078	0.4078	<u>0.10</u>	<u>0.8</u>	<u>67.43</u>	<u>67.50</u>	101.25	╣
	2.650	100.	0	0.4078	0	1	67.43	67.50	101.25	Lbs.(CA)
VOLUMETRIC	AIR:		_				AIR METER:	Run 1	Run 2	_
Wgt. of Conc.+	Bowl =	43.936	Lbs.				Reading =	5.8	5.8	
Wgt. of Conc.\C	'u Ft =	145.6	6 Lbs.				Aggr.Corr =	0.3	0.3	_
Wgt. of Bowl =		7.536	0 Lbs.				%Air =	5.5	5.5	
Vol. of Bowl =		0.249	9 Cu Ft							
Voidless Den. =		153.8	1 Lbs.		WATER REDU	7		AIR AGENT:	7	
					0.000	OZ/SK		0.380	OZ/SK	
% Air =		5.30	0		0.000	CC		3.621	CC	
	Г		٦.							
Slump =		2.25	in.							

CONCRETE BATCHING PROGRAM

COARSE AGGREGATE: CEDAR VALLEY, CAPITAL QUARRY 1A, HOLT SUMMIT, LEDGES 1-3

COARSE AGG	REGATE: CED	AR VALLEY, CAP	_	Y IA, HOLT	SUMMIT, LEI	JGES 1-3				
W/C Ratio	0.430	GRADATION "D' SACKS				SCALE	WEIGHT			
W/C Katio	0.430	PER	DESIGN	DESIGN	ABSOLUTE	WEIGHT	1.50			
	SP. GR.	YD^3	GAL/SACK	AIR	VOLUME	(1.0 Ft^3)	(Ft^3)			
CEMENT	3.15	5.80	GAL/SACK	AIK	0.1027	20.19		Lbs.(Cement)		
		3.80	4.05							
DESIGN WATE	EK		4.85		0.1392	9.21	13.81	Lbs.(Water)		
DESIGN AIR				5.5	0.0550					
					0.2969					
MISSOURI RIV	'ER - CAPITIAL S	SAND #1							SCALE	
SAND:	% Sand=	42.0						WEIGHT	WEIGHT	
				WEIGHT	WEIGHT			(DRY)	(AIR DRY)	
	SP. GR.	DESIGN	ABSOLUTE	(DRY)	(AIR DRY)	PERCENT	PERCENT	1.50	1.50	
	(DRY)	ABS. VOL.	VOLUME	(1.0 FT^3)	(1.0 FT^3)	MOIST.	ABSORP.	(FT^3)	(FT^3)	_
	2.633	0.2953	0.2953	48.52	48.57	0.10	0.2	72.78	72.85	Lbs.(Sand)
									SCALE	
COARSE AGGI	REGATE (AIR DI	RIED):							WEIGHTS	
							WEIGHT	WEIGHT	(AIR DRY)	
	SP. GR.	PERCENT	DESIGN	ABSOLUTE	PERCENT	PERCENT	(DRY)	(AIR DRY)	1.50	
FRACTION	(DRY)	CA FRACT.	ABS. VOL.	VOLUME	MOIST.	ABSORP.	(1.0 FT^3)	(1.0 FT^3)	(FT^3)	7
1" - #4	<u>2.650</u>	<u>100.</u>	<u>0</u> 0.4078	<u>0.4078</u>	<u>0.10</u>	<u>0.8</u>	<u>67.43</u>	<u>67.50</u>	101.25	
	2.650	100.	0	0.4078	0	1	67.43	67.50	101.25	Lbs.(CA)
VOLUMETRIC	AIR:		_				AIR METER:	Run 1	Run 2	_
Wgt. of Conc.+	Bowl =	43.966	Lbs.				Reading =	5.7	5.7	
Wgt. of Conc.\C	u Ft =	145.7	8 Lbs.				Aggr.Corr =	0.3	0.3	=
$Wgt.\ of\ Bowl =$		7.536	0 Lbs.				%Air =	5.4	5.4	
Vol. of Bowl =		0.249	9 Cu Ft							
Voidless Den. =		153.8	1 Lbs.		WATER REDU	ICER:		AIR AGENT:	_	
					0.000	OZ/SK		0.380	OZ/SK	
% Air =		5.2	2		0.000	CC		3.621	CC	
Clama	Г	2.00	7:							
Slump =		2.00	in.							

		GRADATION D								
W/C Ratio	0.430	SACKS				SCALE	SCALE WEIGHT			
W/C Ratio	0.430		DECICN	DECICN	A DCOL LITTE					
	SP. GR.	PER	DESIGN GAL/SACK	DESIGN AIR	ABSOLUTE	WEIGHT	1.50			
		YD^3	GAL/SACK	AIK	VOLUME	(1.0 Ft^3)	(Ft^3)	l		
CEMENT	3.15	5.80			0.1027	20.19		Lbs.(Cement)		
DESIGN WATE	ER .		4.85		0.1392	9.21	13.81	Lbs.(Water)		
DESIGN AIR				5.5	0.0550					
					0.2969					
MISSOURI RIV	ER - CAPITIAL S	SAND #1							SCALE	
SAND:	% Sand=	42.0						WEIGHT	WEIGHT	
				WEIGHT	WEIGHT			(DRY)	(AIR DRY)	
	SP. GR.	DESIGN	ABSOLUTE	(DRY)	(AIR DRY)	PERCENT	PERCENT	1.50	1.50	
	(DRY)	ABS. VOL.	VOLUME	(1.0 FT^3)	(1.0 FT^3)	MOIST.	ABSORP.	(FT^3)	(FT^3)	
	2.633	0.2953	0.2953	48.52	48.57	0.10	0.2	72.78	72.85	Lbs.(Sand)
									SCALE	
COARSE AGGE	REGATE (AIR DR	RIED):							WEIGHTS	
							WEIGHT	WEIGHT	(AIR DRY)	
	SP. GR.	PERCENT	DESIGN	ABSOLUTE	PERCENT	PERCENT	(DRY)	(AIR DRY)	1.50	
FRACTION	(DRY)	CA FRACT.	ABS. VOL.	VOLUME	MOIST.	ABSORP.	(1.0 FT^3)	(1.0 FT^3)	(FT^3)	_
1" - #4	<u>2.650</u>	<u>100.</u>	<u>0</u> 0.4078	0.4078	<u>0.10</u>	<u>0.8</u>	<u>67.43</u>	<u>67.50</u>	101.25	
	2.650	100.	0	0.4078	0	1	67.43	67.50	101.25	Lbs.(CA)
										
VOLUMETRIC	AIR:						AIR METER:	Run 1	Run 2	
Wgt. of Conc.+ I	Bowl =	43.736	Lbs.				Reading =	6.2	6.2	
Wgt. of Conc.\C	u Ft =	144.8	6 Lbs.				Aggr.Corr =	0.3	0.3	_
Wgt. of Bowl =		7.536	0 Lbs.				%Air =	5.9	5.9	
Vol. of Bowl =		0.249	9 Cu Ft							
Voidless Den. =		153.8	1 Lbs.		WATER REDU	JCER:		AIR AGENT:	_	
					0.000	OZ/SK		0.400	OZ/SK	
% Air =		5.8	2		0.000	CC		3.812	CC	
	Г		7							
Slump =	L	2.00	in.							

		GRADATION D								
W/C D-4:-	0.415	SACKS				SCALE	SCALE WEIGHT			
W/C Ratio	0.413		DEGICN	DECICN	A DCOLLETE					
	SP. GR.	PER YD^3	DESIGN GAL/SACK	DESIGN AIR	ABSOLUTE VOLUME	WEIGHT (1.0 Ft^3)	1.50 (Ft^3)			
CENTENTE.			GAL/SACK	AIK						
CEMENT	3.15	5.80			0.1027	20.19		Lbs.(Cement)		
DESIGN WATE	ER		4.68		0.1343	8.91	13.36	Lbs.(Water)		
DESIGN AIR				5.5	0.0550					
					0.2921					
MISSOURI RIV	ER - CAPITIAL S	SAND #1							SCALE	
SAND:	% Sand=	42.0						WEIGHT	WEIGHT	
				WEIGHT	WEIGHT			(DRY)	(AIR DRY)	
	SP. GR.	DESIGN	ABSOLUTE	(DRY)	(AIR DRY)	PERCENT	PERCENT	1.50	1.50	
	(DRY)	ABS. VOL.	VOLUME	(1.0 FT^3)	(1.0 FT^3)	MOIST.	ABSORP.	(FT^3)	(FT^3)	
	2.633	0.2973	0.2973	48.85	48.90	0.10	0.2	73.28	73.35	Lbs.(Sand)
										=1
									SCALE	
COARSE AGGI	REGATE (AIR DE	RIED):							WEIGHTS	
							WEIGHT	WEIGHT	(AIR DRY)	
	SP. GR.	PERCENT	DESIGN	ABSOLUTE	PERCENT	PERCENT	(DRY)	(AIR DRY)	1.50	
FRACTION	(DRY)	CA FRACT.	ABS. VOL.	VOLUME	MOIST.	ABSORP.	(1.0 FT^3)	(1.0 FT^3)	(FT^3)	7
1" - #4	<u>2.650</u>	<u>100.0</u>	0.4106	0.4106	<u>0.10</u>	0.8	<u>67.90</u>	<u>67.97</u>	101.95	<u> </u>
	2.650	100.0	0	0.4106	0	1	67.90	67.97	101.95	Lbs.(CA)
VOLUMETRIC	AIR:						AIR METER:	Run 1	Run 2	
Wgt. of Conc.+ l	Bowl =	43.744	Lbs.				Reading =	6.1	6.1	
Wgt. of Conc.\C	u Ft =	144.89	9 Lbs.				Aggr.Corr =	0.3	0.3	_
Wgt. of Bowl =		7.5360	O Lbs.				%Air =	5.8	5.8	
Vol. of Bowl =		0.2499	9 Cu Ft							
Voidless Den. =		154.34	4 Lbs.		WATER REDU	JCER:		AIR AGENT:	=	
					3.000	OZ/SK		0.250	OZ/SK	
% Air =		6.12	2		28.588	CC		2.382	CC	
	Г		7							
Slump =		2.00	in.							

-							SCALE			
W/C Ratio	0.415	SACKS				SCALE	WEIGHT			
		PER	DESIGN	DESIGN	ABSOLUTE	WEIGHT	1.50			
	SP. GR.	YD^3	GAL/SACK	AIR	VOLUME	(1.0 Ft^3)	(Ft^3)	a		
CEMENT	3.15	5.80			0.1027	20.19	30.29	Lbs.(Cement)		
DESIGN WATER	₹.		4.68		0.1343	8.91	13.36	Lbs.(Water)		
DESIGN AIR				5.5	0.0550			-		
					0.2921					
MICCOLIDI DIVI	ER - CAPITIAL SA	A NID #1							SCALE	
SAND:	% Sand=	42.0						WEIGHT	WEIGHT	
SAIND.	70 Sanu=	42.0		WEIGHT	WEIGHT			(DRY)	(AIR DRY)	
	SP. GR.	DESIGN	ABSOLUTE	(DRY)	(AIR DRY)	PERCENT	PERCENT	1.50	1.50	
	(DRY)	ABS. VOL.	VOLUME	(1.0 FT^3)	(1.0 FT^3)	MOIST.	ABSORP.	(FT^3)	(FT^3)	
	2.633	0.2973	0.2973	48.85	48.90	0.10	0.2	73.28	73.35	Lbs.(Sand)
									SCALE	
COARSE AGGR	EGATE (AIR DRI	IED):							WEIGHTS	
							WEIGHT	WEIGHT	(AIR DRY)	
	SP. GR.	PERCENT	DESIGN	ABSOLUTE	PERCENT	PERCENT	(DRY)	(AIR DRY)	1.50	
FRACTION	(DRY)	CA FRACT.	ABS. VOL.	VOLUME	MOIST.	ABSORP.	(1.0 FT^3)	(1.0 FT^3)	(FT^3)	7
1" - #4	<u>2.650</u>	100.	<u>0</u> 0.4106	<u>0.4106</u>	<u>0.10</u>	<u>0.8</u>	<u>67.90</u>	<u>67.97</u>	101.95	
	2.650	100.	0	0.4106	0	1	67.90	67.97	101.95	Lbs.(CA)
VOLUMETRIC A	AIR:		_				AIR METER:	Run 1	Run 2	_
Wgt. of Conc.+ B	owl =	43.808	Lbs.				Reading =	6.2	6.2	
Wgt. of Conc.\Cu	Ft =	145.1	5 Lbs.				Aggr.Corr =	0.3	0.3	_
$Wgt.\ of\ Bowl =$		7.536	0 Lbs.				%Air =	5.9	5.9	
Vol. of Bowl =		0.249	9 Cu Ft							
Voidless Den. =		154.3	4 Lbs.		WATER REDU	7		AIR AGENT:	¬	
					3.000	OZ/SK		0.250	OZ/SK	
% Air =		5.9	6		28.588	CC		2.382	CC	

CONCRETE BATCHING PROGRAM

COARSE AGGREGATE: CEDAR VALLEY, CAPITAL QUARRY 1A, HOLT SUMMIT, LEDGES 1-3 GRADATION "D"

							SCALE			
W/C Ratio	0.425	SACKS				SCALE	WEIGHT			
		PER	DESIGN	DESIGN	ABSOLUTE	WEIGHT	1.50			
	SP. GR.	YD^3	GAL/SACK	AIR	VOLUME	(1.0 Ft^3)	(Ft^3)	•		
CEMENT	3.15	5.80			0.1027	20.19	30.29	Lbs.(Cement)		
DESIGN WAT	ER		4.79		0.1376	9.11	13.66	Lbs.(Water)		
DESIGN AIR				5.5	0.0550			•		
					0.2953					
MISSOURI RI	VER - CAPITIAL S	SAND #1							SCALE	
SAND:	% Sand=	42.0						WEIGHT	WEIGHT	
				WEIGHT	WEIGHT			(DRY)	(AIR DRY)	
	SP. GR.	DESIGN	ABSOLUTE	(DRY)	(AIR DRY)	PERCENT	PERCENT	1.50	1.50	
	(DRY)	ABS. VOL.	VOLUME	(1.0 FT^3)	(1.0 FT^3)	MOIST.	ABSORP.	(FT^3)	(FT^3)	- 1
	2.633	0.2960	0.2960	48.63	48.68	0.10	0.2	72.94	73.02	Lbs.(Sand)
										_
									SCALE	
COARSE AGG	REGATE (AIR DR	RIED):							WEIGHTS	
							WEIGHT	WEIGHT	(AIR DRY)	
	SP. GR.	PERCENT	DESIGN	ABSOLUTE	PERCENT	PERCENT	(DRY)	(AIR DRY)	1.50	
FRACTION	(DRY)	CA FRACT.	ABS. VOL.	VOLUME	MOIST.	ABSORP.	(1.0 FT^3)	(1.0 FT^3)	(FT^3)	7
1" - #4	2.650	100.0	0.4087	0.4087	<u>0.10</u>	0.8	<u>67.59</u>	<u>67.65</u>	101.48	
	2.650	100.0	0	0.4087	0	1	67.59	67.65	101.48	Lbs.(CA)
VOLUMETRIC	C AIR:						AIR METER:	Run 1	Run 2	
Wgt. of Conc.+	Bowl =	43.610	Lbs.				Reading =	6.4	6.4	
Wgt. of Conc.\0	Cu Ft =	144.35	5 Lbs.				Aggr.Corr =	0.3	0.3	_
Wgt. of Bowl =		7.5360	O Lbs.				%Air =	6.1	6.1	
Vol. of Bowl =		0.2499	9 Cu Ft							
Voidless Den. =	=	153.98	8 Lbs.		WATER REDU	CER:	i	AIR AGENT:	_	
					3.000	OZ/SK		0.250	OZ/SK	
% Air =		6.25	5		28.588	CC		2.382	CC	
	-		_							
Slump =		2.25	in.							

							SCALE			
W/C Ratio	0.410	SACKS				SCALE	WEIGHT			
		PER	DESIGN	DESIGN	ABSOLUTE	WEIGHT	1.50			
	SP. GR.	YD^3	GAL/SACK	AIR	VOLUME	(1.0 Ft^3)	(Ft^3)			
CEMENT	3.15	5.80			0.1027	20.19	30.29	Lbs.(Cement)		
DESIGN WAT	TER		4.62		0.1327	8.81	13.21	Lbs.(Water)		
DESIGN AIR				5.5	0.0550		Į.	<u>-1</u>		
					0.2904					
MISSOURI RI	VER - CAPITIAL S	AND #1							SCALE	
SAND:	% Sand=	42.0						WEIGHT	WEIGHT	
				WEIGHT	WEIGHT			(DRY)	(AIR DRY)	
	SP. GR.	DESIGN	ABSOLUTE	(DRY)	(AIR DRY)	PERCENT	PERCENT	1.50	1.50	
	(DRY)	ABS. VOL.	VOLUME	(1.0 FT^3)	(1.0 FT^3)	MOIST.	ABSORP.	(FT^3)	(FT^3)	-
	2.633	0.2980	0.2980	48.96	49.01	0.10	0.2	73.45	73.52	Lbs.(Sand)
										_
									SCALE	
COARSE AGO	GREGATE (AIR DR	IED):							WEIGHTS	
							WEIGHT	WEIGHT	(AIR DRY)	
	SP. GR.	PERCENT	DESIGN	ABSOLUTE	PERCENT	PERCENT	(DRY)	(AIR DRY)	1.50	
FRACTION	(DRY)	CA FRACT.	ABS. VOL.	VOLUME	MOIST.	ABSORP.	(1.0 FT^3)	(1.0 FT^3)	(FT^3)	_
1" - #4	2.650	100.0	0.4115	0.4115	0.10	0.8	<u>68.05</u>	68.12	102.18	
	2.650	100.0)	0.4115	0	1	68.05	68.12	102.18	Lbs.(CA)
VOLUMETRI	C AIR:						AIR METER:	Run 1	Run 2	
Wgt. of Conc.+	- Bowl =	43.742	Lbs.				Reading	6.4	6.3	
Wgt. of Conc.\	Cu Ft =	144.88	B Lbs.				Aggr.Corr	= 0.3	0.3	
Wgt. of Bowl =	=	7.5360	Lbs.				%Air	= 6.1	6.0	
Vol. of Bowl =	:	0.2499	9 Cu Ft							
Voidless Den.	=	154.5	l Lbs.		WATER REDU	JCER:		AIR AGENT:	7	
					5.000	OZ/SK		0.125	OZ/SK	
% Air =		6.23	3		47.646	CC		1.191	CC	
	F		٦							
Slump =	L	2.25	in.							

CONCRETE BATCHING PROGRAM

COARSE AGGREGATE: CEDAR VALLEY, CAPITAL QUARRY 1A, HOLT SUMMIT, LEDGES 1-3 GRADATION "D"

							SCALE			
W/C Ratio	0.410	SACKS				SCALE	WEIGHT			
		PER	DESIGN	DESIGN	ABSOLUTE	WEIGHT	1.50			
	SP. GR.	YD^3	GAL/SACK	AIR	VOLUME	(1.0 Ft^3)	(Ft^3)			
CEMENT	3.15	5.80			0.1027	20.19	30.29	Lbs.(Cement)		
DESIGN WAT	ER		4.62		0.1327	8.81	13.21	Lbs.(Water)		
DESIGN AIR				5.5	0.0550					
					0.2904					
MISSOURI RI	VER - CAPITIAL S	SAND #1							SCALE	
SAND:	% Sand=	42.0						WEIGHT	WEIGHT	
				WEIGHT	WEIGHT			(DRY)	(AIR DRY)	
	SP. GR.	DESIGN	ABSOLUTE	(DRY)	(AIR DRY)	PERCENT	PERCENT	1.50	1.50	
	(DRY)	ABS. VOL.	VOLUME	(1.0 FT^3)	(1.0 FT^3)	MOIST.	ABSORP.	(FT^3)	(FT^3)	- 1
	2.633	0.2980	0.2980	48.96	49.01	0.10	0.2	73.45	73.52	Lbs.(Sand)
										_
									SCALE	
COARSE AGO	REGATE (AIR DR	RIED):							WEIGHTS	
							WEIGHT	WEIGHT	(AIR DRY)	
	SP. GR.	PERCENT	DESIGN	ABSOLUTE	PERCENT	PERCENT	(DRY)	(AIR DRY)	1.50	
FRACTION	(DRY)	CA FRACT.	ABS. VOL.	VOLUME	MOIST.	ABSORP.	(1.0 FT^3)	(1.0 FT^3)	(FT^3)	_
1" - #4	<u>2.650</u>	<u>100.0</u>	0.4115	<u>0.4115</u>	0.10	0.8	<u>68.05</u>	<u>68.12</u>	102.18	
	2.650	100.0)	0.4115	0	1	68.05	68.12	102.18	Lbs.(CA)
										<u> </u>
VOLUMETRIC	C AIR:						AIR METER:	Run 1	Run 2	
Wgt. of Conc.+	Bowl =	43.696	Lbs.				Reading =	6.4	6.4	
Wgt. of Conc.\0	Cu Ft =	144.70	Lbs.				Aggr.Corr =	0.3	0.3	_
Wgt. of Bowl =		7.5360	Lbs.				%Air =	6.1	6.1	
Vol. of Bowl =		0.2499	Cu Ft				-			_
Voidless Den. =	=	154.51	Lbs.		WATER REDU	CER:	<u>.</u>	AIR AGENT:	_	
					5.000	OZ/SK		0.125	OZ/SK	
% Air =		6.35	5		47.646	CC		1.191	CC	
	-		7							
Slump =		2.25	in.							

							SCALE			
W/C Ratio	0.405	SACKS				SCALE	WEIGHT			
		PER	DESIGN	DESIGN	ABSOLUTE	WEIGHT	1.50			
	SP. GR.	YD^3	GAL/SACK	AIR	VOLUME	(1.0 Ft^3)	(Ft^3)	= 1		
CEMENT	3.15	5.80			0.1027	20.19	30.29	Lbs.(Cement)		
DESIGN WAT	TER		4.56		0.1311	8.71	13.06	Lbs.(Water)		
DESIGN AIR				5.5	0.0550			_		
					0.2888					
MISSOURI RI	VER - CAPITIAL S	AND #1							SCALE	
SAND:	% Sand=	42.0						WEIGHT	WEIGHT	
				WEIGHT	WEIGHT			(DRY)	(AIR DRY)	
	SP. GR.	DESIGN	ABSOLUTE	(DRY)	(AIR DRY)	PERCENT	PERCENT	1.50	1.50	
	(DRY)	ABS. VOL.	VOLUME	(1.0 FT^3)	(1.0 FT^3)	MOIST.	ABSORP.	(FT^3)	(FT^3)	=
	2.633	0.2987	0.2987	49.08	49.12	0.10	0.2	73.61	73.69	Lbs.(Sand)
										
									SCALE	
COARSE AGO	GREGATE (AIR DR	IED):							WEIGHTS	
							WEIGHT	WEIGHT	(AIR DRY)	
	SP. GR.	PERCENT	DESIGN	ABSOLUTE	PERCENT	PERCENT	(DRY)	(AIR DRY)	1.50	
FRACTION	(DRY)	CA FRACT.	ABS. VOL.	VOLUME	MOIST.	ABSORP.	(1.0 FT^3)	(1.0 FT^3)	(FT^3)	7
1" - #4	<u>2.650</u>	100.0	0.4125	0.4125	0.10	0.8	<u>68.21</u>	<u>68.28</u>	102.41	
	2.650	100.0)	0.4125	0	1	68.21	68.28	102.41	Lbs.(CA)
VOLUMETRI	C AIR:						AIR METER:	Run 1	Run 2	
Wgt. of Conc.+	- Bowl =	43.952	Lbs.				Reading	= 6.2	6.2	
Wgt. of Conc.\	Cu Ft =	145.72	2 Lbs.				Aggr.Corr	= 0.3	0.3	
Wgt. of Bowl =	=	7.5360	Lbs.				%Air	= 5.9	5.9	
Vol. of Bowl =	:	0.2499	OCu Ft							
Voidless Den.	=	154.69	DLbs.		WATER REDU	JCER:		AIR AGENT:	7	
					5.000	OZ/SK		0.125	OZ/SK	
% Air =		5.80)		47.646	CC		1.191	CC	
	r=		7							
Slump =		2.00	in.							

		OKIDITION D								
WIG D.	0.445	a t ara				COLLE	SCALE			
W/C Ratio	0.445	SACKS	DEGLON	DEGLON	A DOOL HITTE	SCALE	WEIGHT			
	SP. GR.	PER	DESIGN		ABSOLUTE	WEIGHT	1.50			
		YD^3	GAL/SACK	AIR	VOLUME	(1.0 Ft^3)	(Ft^3)	l		
CEMENT	3.15	5.60			0.0992	19.50		Lbs.(Cement)		
DESIGN WAT	ER		5.02		0.1391	9.20	13.80	Lbs.(Water)		
DESIGN AIR				5.5	0.0550					
					0.2933					
MISSOURI RIV	VER - CAPITIAL S	AND #1							SCALE	
SAND:	% Sand=	42.0						WEIGHT	WEIGHT	
				WEIGHT	WEIGHT			(DRY)	(AIR DRY)	
	SP. GR.	DESIGN	ABSOLUTE	(DRY)	(AIR DRY)	PERCENT	PERCENT	1.50	1.50	
	(DRY)	ABS. VOL.	VOLUME	(1.0 FT^3)	(1.0 FT^3)	MOIST.	ABSORP.	(FT^3)	(FT^3)	
	2.633	0.2968	0.2968	48.77	48.82	0.10	0.2	73.15	73.23	Lbs.(Sand)
										_
									SCALE	
COARSE AGG	REGATE (AIR DR	IED):							WEIGHTS	
							WEIGHT	WEIGHT	(AIR DRY)	
	SP. GR.	PERCENT	DESIGN	ABSOLUTE	PERCENT	PERCENT	(DRY)	(AIR DRY)	1.50	
FRACTION	(DRY)	CA FRACT.	ABS. VOL.	VOLUME	MOIST.	ABSORP.	(1.0 FT^3)	(1.0 FT^3)	(FT^3)	7
1" - #4	<u>2.650</u>	<u>100.</u>	<u>0</u> 0.4099	0.4099	<u>0.10</u>	<u>0.8</u>	<u>67.78</u>	<u>67.85</u>	101.78	<u> </u>
	2.650	100.	0	0.4099	0	1	67.78	67.85	101.78	Lbs.(CA)
VOLUMETRIC	C AIR:		¬				AIR METER:	Run 1	Run 2	_
Wgt. of Conc.+	Bowl =	43.650	Lbs.				Reading =	6.2	6.2	
Wgt. of Conc.\C	Cu Ft =	144.5	1 Lbs.				Aggr.Corr =	0.3	0.3	_
Wgt. of Bowl =		7.536	0 Lbs.				%Air =	5.9	5.9	
Vol. of Bowl =		0.249	9 Cu Ft							
Voidless Den. =	:	153.7	0 Lbs.		WATER REDU	JCER: □	Í	AIR AGENT:	7	
					0.000	OZ/SK		0.400	OZ/SK	
% Air =		5.9	8		0.000	CC		3.680	CC	
Slump =	Γ	2.25	in.							
Siump –	L	4.43								

	·	J					CCALE			
W/C Ratio	0.440	SACKS				SCALE	SCALE WEIGHT			
W/C Katto	0.440	PER	DESIGN	DESIGN	ABSOLUTE	WEIGHT	1.50			
	SP. GR.	YD^3	GAL/SACK	AIR	VOLUME	(1.0 Ft^3)	(Ft^3)			
CEMENT	3.15	5.60	G/IL/B/ICI	71110	0.0992	19.50	29.24	Lbs.(Cement)		
DESIGN WAT		3.00	4.96		0.0332	9.11	13.66	Lbs.(Water)		
	EK		4.90	<i>E E</i>	0.1373	9.11	13.00	Los.(Water)		
DESIGN AIR				5.5	0.0550					
MISSOURI RI	VER - CAPITIAL S.	AND #1			0.2917				SCALE	
SAND:	% Sand=	42.0						WEIGHT	WEIGHT	
DI II (D)	70 Sana	.2.0		WEIGHT	WEIGHT			(DRY)	(AIR DRY)	
	SP. GR.	DESIGN	ABSOLUTE		(AIR DRY)	PERCENT	PERCENT	1.50	1.50	
	(DRY)	ABS. VOL.	VOLUME	(1.0 FT^3)	(1.0 FT^3)	MOIST.	ABSORP.	(FT^3)	(FT^3)	
	2.633	0.2975	0.2975	48.88	48.93	0.10	0.2	73.32	73.39	Lbs.(Sand)
										1
									SCALE	
COARSE AGG	GREGATE (AIR DR	IED):							WEIGHTS	
							WEIGHT	WEIGHT	(AIR DRY)	
	SP. GR.	PERCENT	DESIGN	ABSOLUTE	PERCENT	PERCENT	(DRY)	(AIR DRY)	1.50	
FRACTION	(DRY)	CA FRACT.	ABS. VOL.	VOLUME	MOIST.	ABSORP.	(1.0 FT^3)	(1.0 FT^3)	(FT^3)	7
1" - #4	<u>2.650</u>	100.0	0.4108	0.4108	0.10	0.8	<u>67.93</u>	<u>68.00</u>	102.00	
	2.650	100.0	0	0.4108	0	1	67.93	68.00	102.00	Lbs.(CA)
VOLUMETRIC	C AIR:		_				AIR METER:	Run 1	Run 2	_
Wgt. of Conc.+	· Bowl =	43.870	Lbs.				Reading =	6.0	6.0	
Wgt. of Conc.\0	Cu Ft =	145.39	9 Lbs.				Aggr.Corr =	0.3	0.3	7
Wgt. of Bowl =	=	7.5360	O Lbs.				%Air =	5.7	5.7	
Vol. of Bowl =		0.2499	9 Cu Ft							
Voidless Den. =	=	153.8	7 Lbs.		WATER REDU	JCER:		AIR AGENT:	7	
					0.000	OZ/SK		0.350	OZ/SK	
% Air =		5.5	1		0.000	CC		3.220	CC	
	Г		٦.							
Slump =	L	1.75	in.							

	·	J								
W/C Ratio	0.440	SACKS				SCALE	SCALE WEIGHT			
w/C Rano	0.440	PER	DESIGN	DESIGN	ABSOLUTE	WEIGHT	1.50			
	SP. GR.	YD^3	GAL/SACK	AIR	VOLUME	(1.0 Ft^3)				
CENTENTE			GAL/SACK	AIK			(Ft^3)	1		
CEMENT	3.15	5.60			0.0992	19.50	29.24	Lbs.(Cement)		
DESIGN WATI	ER		4.96		0.1375	9.11	13.66	Lbs.(Water)		
DESIGN AIR				5.5	0.0550					
					0.2917					
	VER - CAPITIAL S								SCALE	
SAND:	% Sand=	42.0						WEIGHT	WEIGHT	
				WEIGHT	WEIGHT			(DRY)	(AIR DRY)	
	SP. GR.	DESIGN	ABSOLUTE		(AIR DRY)	PERCENT	PERCENT	1.50	1.50	
	(DRY)	ABS. VOL.	VOLUME	(1.0 FT^3)	(1.0 FT^3)	MOIST.	ABSORP.	(FT^3)	(FT^3)	╗
	2.633	0.2975	0.2975	48.88	48.93	0.10	0.2	73.32	73.39	Lbs.(Sand)
									SCALE	
COARSE AGG	REGATE (AIR DR	IED):							WEIGHTS	
							WEIGHT	WEIGHT	(AIR DRY)	
	SP. GR.	PERCENT	DESIGN	ABSOLUTE		PERCENT	(DRY)	(AIR DRY)	1.50	
FRACTION	(DRY)	CA FRACT.	ABS. VOL.	VOLUME	MOIST.	ABSORP.	(1.0 FT^3)	(1.0 FT^3)	(FT^3)	7
1" - #4	2.650	100.0	0.4108	0.4108	<u>0.10</u>	0.8	<u>67.93</u>	<u>68.00</u>	102.00	
	2.650	100.0)	0.4108	0	1	67.93	68.00	102.00	Lbs.(CA)
VOLUMETRIC	C AIR:						AIR METER:	Run 1	Run 2	
Wgt. of Conc.+	Bowl =	43.792	Lbs.				Reading =	6.1	6.0	
Wgt. of Conc.\C	Cu Ft =	145.08	B Lbs.				Aggr.Corr =	0.3	0.3	_
Wgt. of Bowl =		7.5360	Lbs.				%Air =	5.8	5.7	
Vol. of Bowl =		0.2499	Cu Ft							_
Voidless Den. =	:	153.87	7 Lbs.		WATER REDU	JCER:		AIR AGENT:	<u>_</u> .	
					0.000	OZ/SK		0.380	OZ/SK	
% Air =		5.7	l		0.000	CC		3.496	CC	
			_							
Slump =		2.00	in.							
	_		_							

	·	J								
W/C Ratio	0.430	SACKS				SCALE	SCALE WEIGHT			
w/C Rano	0.430	PER	DESIGN	DESIGN	ADCOLUTE					
	SP. GR.	YD^3	GAL/SACK	AIR	ABSOLUTE VOLUME	WEIGHT	1.50			
CENTENTE			GAL/SACK	AIK		(1.0 Ft^3)	(Ft^3)	1		
CEMENT	3.15	5.60			0.0992	19.50	29.24	Lbs.(Cement)		
DESIGN WATI	ER		4.85		0.1344	8.91	13.37	Lbs.(Water)		
DESIGN AIR				5.5	0.0550					
					0.2886					
	VER - CAPITIAL S								SCALE	
SAND:	% Sand=	42.0						WEIGHT	WEIGHT	
				WEIGHT	WEIGHT			(DRY)	(AIR DRY)	
	SP. GR.	DESIGN	ABSOLUTE		(AIR DRY)	PERCENT	PERCENT	1.50	1.50	
	(DRY)	ABS. VOL.	VOLUME	(1.0 FT^3)	(1.0 FT^3)	MOIST.	ABSORP.	(FT^3)	(FT^3)	╗
	2.633	0.2988	0.2988	49.09	49.14	0.10	0.2	73.64	73.71	Lbs.(Sand)
									SCALE	
COARSE AGG	REGATE (AIR DR	IED):							WEIGHTS	
							WEIGHT	WEIGHT	(AIR DRY)	
	SP. GR.	PERCENT	DESIGN	ABSOLUTE		PERCENT	(DRY)	(AIR DRY)	1.50	
FRACTION	(DRY)	CA FRACT.	ABS. VOL.	VOLUME	MOIST.	ABSORP.	(1.0 FT^3)	(1.0 FT^3)	(FT^3)	7
1" - #4	<u>2.650</u>	100.0	0.4126	0.4126	<u>0.10</u>	0.8	<u>68.23</u>	<u>68.30</u>	102.45	<u> </u>
	2.650	100.0)	0.4126	0	1	68.23	68.30	102.45	Lbs.(CA)
VOLUMETRIC	C AIR:						AIR METER:	Run 1	Run 2	
Wgt. of Conc.+	Bowl =	44.060	Lbs.				Reading =	5.7	5.7	
Wgt. of Conc.\C	Cu Ft =	146.15	Lbs.				Aggr.Corr =	0.3	0.3	
Wgt. of Bowl =		7.5360	Lbs.				%Air =	5.4	5.4	
Vol. of Bowl =		0.2499	Cu Ft							
Voidless Den. =	:	154.22	2 Lbs.		WATER REDU	JCER:		AIR AGENT:	-	
					3.000	OZ/SK		0.200	OZ/SK	
% Air =		5.23	3		27.602	CC		1.840	CC	
	-		7							
Slump =		2.25	in.							

		J					SCALE			
W/C Ratio	0.430	SACKS				SCALE	WEIGHT			
W/C Ratio	0.430	PER	DESIGN	DESIGN	ABSOLUTE	WEIGHT	1.50			
	SP. GR.	YD^3	GAL/SACK	AIR	VOLUME	(1.0 Ft^3)	(Ft^3)			
CEMENT	3.15	5.60	G/ IE/ G/ ICI	71110	0.0992	19.50		Lbs.(Cement)		
		3.00	4.85			8.91				
DESIGN WATE	EK		4.83		0.1344	8.91	13.37	Lbs.(Water)		
DESIGN AIR				5.5	0.0550					
MICCOLIDI DIX	/ER - CAPITIAL S	EAND #1			0.2886				SCALE	
SAND:	ER - CAPITIAL S % Sand=	42.0						WEIGHT	WEIGHT	
SAND:	% Sanu=	42.0		WEIGHT	WEIGHT			(DRY)	(AIR DRY)	
	SP. GR.	DESIGN	ABSOLUTE	(DRY)	(AIR DRY)	PERCENT	PERCENT	1.50	1.50	
	(DRY)	ABS. VOL.	VOLUME	(1.0 FT^3)	(1.0 FT^3)	MOIST.	ABSORP.	(FT^3)	(FT^3)	
	2.633	0.2988	0.2988	49.09	49.14	0.10	0.2	73.64	73.71	Lbs.(Sand)
	2.033	0.2988	0.2988	49.09	49.14	0.10	0.2	73.04	73.71	LUS.(Salid)
									SCALE	
COARSE AGG	REGATE (AIR DR	SIED).							WEIGHTS	
COMBETIGO	REOTTE (TIRE DI	CLE).					WEIGHT	WEIGHT	(AIR DRY)	
	SP. GR.	PERCENT	DESIGN	ABSOLUTE	PERCENT	PERCENT	(DRY)	(AIR DRY)	1.50	
FRACTION	(DRY)	CA FRACT.	ABS. VOL.	VOLUME	MOIST.	ABSORP.	(1.0 FT^3)	(1.0 FT^3)	(FT^3)	
1" - #4	2.650	100.0	0.4126	0.4126	0.10	0.8	68.23	68.30	102.45]
	2.650	100.0)	0.4126	0	1	68.23	68.30	102.45	Lbs.(CA)
VOLUMETRIC	AIR:						AIR METER:	Run 1	Run 2	
Wgt. of Conc.+	Bowl =	43.766	Lbs.				Reading =	6.2	6.3	
Wgt. of Conc.\C	Cu Ft =	144.98	B Lbs.				Aggr.Corr =	0.3	0.3	<u> </u>
Wgt. of Bowl =		7.5360	O Lbs.				%Air =	5.9	6.0	
Vol. of Bowl =		0.2499	9 Cu Ft							_
Voidless Den. =		154.22	2 Lbs.		WATER REDU	JCER:		AIR AGENT:	-	
					3.000	OZ/SK		0.200	OZ/SK	
% Air =		5.99	9		27.602	CC		1.840	CC	
	F		7							
Slump =		2.25	in.							

							SCALE			
W/C Ratio	0.430	SACKS				SCALE	WEIGHT			
,,, e ranto	01.50	PER	DESIGN	DESIGN	ABSOLUTE	WEIGHT	1.50			
	SP. GR.	YD^3	GAL/SACK	AIR	VOLUME	(1.0 Ft^3)	(Ft^3)			
CEMENT	3.15	5.60			0.0992	19.50	29.24	Lbs.(Cement)		
DESIGN WAT	ER		4.85		0.1344	8.91	13.37	Lbs.(Water)		
DESIGN AIR				5.5	0.0550					
					0.2886					
MISSOURI RI	VER - CAPITIAL S	AND #1							SCALE	
SAND:	% Sand=	42.0						WEIGHT	WEIGHT	
				WEIGHT	WEIGHT			(DRY)	(AIR DRY)	
	SP. GR.	DESIGN	ABSOLUTE	(DRY)	(AIR DRY)	PERCENT	PERCENT	1.50	1.50	
	(DRY)	ABS. VOL.	VOLUME	(1.0 FT^3)	(1.0 FT^3)	MOIST.	ABSORP.	(FT^3)	(FT^3)	= 1
	2.633	0.2988	0.2988	49.09	49.14	0.10	0.2	73.64	73.71	Lbs.(Sand)
										_
									SCALE	
COARSE AGO	GREGATE (AIR DR	IED):							WEIGHTS	
							WEIGHT	WEIGHT	(AIR DRY)	
	SP. GR.	PERCENT	DESIGN	ABSOLUTE	PERCENT	PERCENT	(DRY)	(AIR DRY)	1.50	
FRACTION	(DRY)	CA FRACT.	ABS. VOL.	VOLUME	MOIST.	ABSORP.	(1.0 FT^3)	(1.0 FT^3)	(FT^3)	_
1" - #4	<u>2.650</u>	100.0	0.4126	0.4126	0.10	0.8	68.23	<u>68.30</u>	102.45	
	2.650	100.0)	0.4126	0	1	68.23	68.30	102.45	Lbs.(CA)
VOLUMETRIC	C AIR:						AIR METER:	Run 1	Run 2	
Wgt. of Conc.+	- Bowl =	43.800	Lbs.				Reading	= 6.0	6.0	
Wgt. of Conc.\0	Cu Ft =	145.11	Lbs.				Aggr.Corr	= 0.3	0.3	_
Wgt. of Bowl =	=	7.5360	Lbs.				%Air	5.7	5.7	
Vol. of Bowl =		0.2499	Cu Ft							
Voidless Den.	=	154.22	2 Lbs.		WATER REDU	JCER:		AIR AGENT:	7	
					3.000	OZ/SK		0.180	OZ/SK	
% Air =		5.90)		27.602	CC		1.656	CC	
	г		٦							
Slump =	L	2.00	in.							

	·	J								
W/C Ratio	0.415	SACKS				SCALE	SCALE WEIGHT			
w/C Rano	0.415	PER	DESIGN	DESIGN	ADCOLUTE					
	SP. GR.	YD^3	GAL/SACK	AIR	ABSOLUTE VOLUME	WEIGHT	1.50			
CEMENT			GAL/SACK	AIK		(1.0 Ft^3)	(Ft^3)			
CEMENT	3.15	5.60			0.0992	19.50	29.24	Lbs.(Cement)		
DESIGN WATI	ΞR		4.68		0.1297	8.62	12.94	Lbs.(Water)		
DESIGN AIR				5.5	0.0550					
					0.2839					
	ER - CAPITIAL S								SCALE	
SAND:	% Sand=	42.0			***************************************			WEIGHT	WEIGHT	
	an an	Pratari	, DGOLLIER	WEIGHT	WEIGHT	DED 051 15		(DRY)	(AIR DRY)	
	SP. GR.	DESIGN	ABSOLUTE		(AIR DRY)	PERCENT	PERCENT	1.50	1.50	
	(DRY)	ABS. VOL.	VOLUME	(1.0 FT^3)	(1.0 FT^3)	MOIST.	ABSORP.	(FT^3)	(FT^3)	7
	2.633	0.3008	0.3008	49.42	49.47	0.10	0.2	74.12	74.20	Lbs.(Sand)
									SCALE	
COARSE AGG	REGATE (AIR DR	IED):							WEIGHTS	
							WEIGHT	WEIGHT	(AIR DRY)	
	SP. GR.	PERCENT	DESIGN	ABSOLUTE		PERCENT	(DRY)	(AIR DRY)	1.50	
FRACTION	(DRY)	CA FRACT.	ABS. VOL.	VOLUME	MOIST.	ABSORP.	(1.0 FT^3)	(1.0 FT^3)	(FT^3)	7
1" - #4	<u>2.650</u>	100.0	0.4153	<u>0.4153</u>	<u>0.10</u>	0.8	<u>68.68</u>	<u>68.75</u>	103.13	
	2.650	100.0)	0.4153	0	1	68.68	68.75	103.13	Lbs.(CA)
VOLUMETRIC	AIR:		_				AIR METER:	Run 1	Run 2	_
Wgt. of Conc.+	Bowl =	43.822	Lbs.				Reading =	6.5	6.5	
Wgt. of Conc.\C	Cu Ft =	145.20	Lbs.				Aggr.Corr =	0.3	0.3	=
Wgt. of Bowl =		7.5360	Lbs.				%Air =	6.2	6.2	
Vol. of Bowl =		0.2499	Cu Ft							
Voidless Den. =		154.73	B Lbs.		WATER REDU	JCER:		AIR AGENT:	7	
					5.000	OZ/SK		0.125	OZ/SK	
% Air =		6.16	5		46.003	CC		1.150	CC	
	r		7							
Slump =	L	2.00	in.							

	·	J					CCALE			
W/C Ratio	0.410	SACKS				SCALE	SCALE WEIGHT			
W/C Ratio	0.410	PER	DESIGN	DESIGN	ABSOLUTE	WEIGHT	1.50			
	SP. GR.	YD^3	GAL/SACK	AIR	VOLUME	(1.0 Ft^3)	(Ft^3)			
CEMENT	3.15	5.60	G/IL/B/ICI	71110	0.0992	19.50	29.24	Lbs.(Cement)		
DESIGN WAT		3.00	4.62		0.0392	8.53	12.79	Lbs.(Water)		
	EK		4.02	<i>E</i>		8.33	12.79	Los.(water)		
DESIGN AIR				5.5	0.0550 0.2823					
MISSOUDI DI	VER - CAPITIAL S.	A NID #1			0.2823				SCALE	
SAND:	% Sand=	42.0						WEIGHT	WEIGHT	
SAIND.	70 Sand=	42.0		WEIGHT	WEIGHT			(DRY)	(AIR DRY)	
	SP. GR.	DESIGN	ABSOLUTE		(AIR DRY)	PERCENT	PERCENT	1.50	1.50	
	(DRY)	ABS. VOL.	VOLUME	(1.0 FT^3)	(1.0 FT^3)	MOIST.	ABSORP.	(FT^3)	(FT^3)	
	2.633	0.3014	0.3014	49.52	49.57	0.10	0.2	74.29	74.36	Lbs.(Sand)
]/
									SCALE	
COARSE AGO	GREGATE (AIR DR	IED):							WEIGHTS	
							WEIGHT	WEIGHT	(AIR DRY)	
	SP. GR.	PERCENT	DESIGN	ABSOLUTE	PERCENT	PERCENT	(DRY)	(AIR DRY)	1.50	
FRACTION	(DRY)	CA FRACT.	ABS. VOL.	VOLUME	MOIST.	ABSORP.	(1.0 FT^3)	(1.0 FT^3)	(FT^3)	7
1" - #4	2.650	100.0	0.4163	0.4163	0.10	0.8	68.83	<u>68.90</u>	103.35	
	2.650	100.0	0	0.4163	0	1	68.83	68.90	103.35	Lbs.(CA)
VOLUMETRIC	C AIR:						AIR METER:	Run 1	Run 2	
Wgt. of Conc.+	· Bowl =	43.878	Lbs.				Reading =	6.2	6.2	
Wgt. of Conc.\0	Cu Ft =	145.43	3 Lbs.				Aggr.Corr =	0.3	0.3	_
Wgt. of Bowl =	=	7.5360	O Lbs.				%Air =	5.9	5.9	
Vol. of Bowl =		0.2499	9 Cu Ft							
Voidless Den.	=	154.90	O Lbs.		WATER REDU	JCER:		AIR AGENT:	7	
					5.000	OZ/SK		0.125	OZ/SK	
% Air =		6.12	2		46.003	CC		1.150	CC	
	Γ-		╕							
Slump =		1.75	in.							

	·	J					CCALE			
W/C Ratio	0.415	SACKS				SCALE	SCALE WEIGHT			
W/C Ratio	0.413	PER	DESIGN	DESIGN	ABSOLUTE	WEIGHT	1.50			
	SP. GR.	YD^3	GAL/SACK	AIR	VOLUME	(1.0 Ft^3)	(Ft^3)			
CEMENT			GAL/SACK	AIK		,				
CEMENT	3.15	5.60			0.0992	19.50	29.24	Lbs.(Cement)		
DESIGN WAT	ER		4.68		0.1297	8.62	12.94	Lbs.(Water)		
DESIGN AIR				5.5	0.0550					
					0.2839				2017	
	VER - CAPITIAL S.							WEIGHT	SCALE	
SAND:	% Sand=	42.0		WEIGHT	WEIGHT			WEIGHT	WEIGHT	
	CD CD	DEGLON	A DOOL LITTE	WEIGHT	WEIGHT	DED CENT	DED CENT	(DRY)	(AIR DRY)	
	SP. GR. (DRY)	DESIGN ABS. VOL.	ABSOLUTE	` /	(AIR DRY)	PERCENT MOIST.	PERCENT ABSORP.	1.50 (FT^3)	1.50	
			VOLUME	(1.0 FT^3)	(1.0 FT^3)				(FT^3)	1
	2.633	0.3008	0.3008	49.42	49.47	0.10	0.2	74.12	74.20	Lbs.(Sand)
COARGE AGG	IDECATE (AID DD)	IED)							SCALE	
COARSE AGG	GREGATE (AIR DR	IED):					WEIGHT	WEIGHT	WEIGHTS	
	SP. GR.	DED CENT	DECICN	A DCOLLETE	DEDCEME	DEDCENT	WEIGHT	WEIGHT	(AIR DRY)	
FRACTION	SP. GR. (DRY)	PERCENT CA FRACT.	DESIGN ABS. VOL.	ABSOLUTE VOLUME	PERCENT MOIST.	PERCENT ABSORP.	(DRY) (1.0 FT^3)	(AIR DRY) (1.0 FT^3)	1.50 (FT^3)	
1" - #4	2.650	100.0		0.4153	0.10	0.8	68.68	68.75	103.13	1
1 - #4			_				· 	<u></u>		
	2.650	100.0)	0.4153	0	0.80	68.68	68.75	103.13	Lbs.(CA)
VOLUMETRIC	C AIR:		7				AIR METER:	Run 1	Run 2	7
Wgt. of Conc.+	Bowl =	43.790	Lbs.				Reading :	= 6.3	6.3	
Wgt. of Conc.\C	Cu Ft =	145.0	7 Lbs.				Aggr.Corr	= 0.3	0.3	7
Wgt. of Bowl =	:	7.5360	O Lbs.				%Air =	= 6.0	6.0	
Vol. of Bowl =		0.2499	9 Cu Ft							
Voidless Den. =	=	154.73	3 Lbs.		WATER REDU	JCER:		AIR AGENT:	7	
					5.000	OZ/SK		0.125	OZ/SK	
% Air =		6.24	4		46.003	CC		1.150	CC	
	_		7							
Slump =		1.75	In.							

APPENDIX C

Laboratory and Field Testing Results and Mix Characteristics

LABORATORY TESTING RESULTS

LABORATORY RESULTS- PCCP MIXES CONTAINING DIFFERENT COMBINATIONS OF WATER REDUCRE DOSAGES AND

DECREASED CEMENT CONTENT COMPARED TO A STANDARD (CONTROL) PCCP MIX

							7-Day	28-Day	28-Day		F/T	F/T	F/T	
	Cement	Air Agent	WR	W/C	Slump		Compress.	Compress.	Flexural	F/T	Wt.	Length	Flexural	Chloride
CONTROL	(Sacks/yd^3)	(oz/sack)	(oz/sack)	Ratio	(in)	Air (%)	Strength	Strength	Strength	Durability	Change	Change	Strength	Permeability
BATCH A	6.20	0.380	0	0.410	2.25	5.30	4270	5580	974	95	0.202	0.0088	913	2351
ВАТСН В	6.20	0.400	0	0.410	2.25	5.70	3970	5700	864	95.8	0.07	0.0019	765	2482
BATCH C	6.20	0.380	0	0.410	2.25	5.30	4340	5810	895	96.32	0.122	0.0006	823	4294
	Average	0.387	0	0.410	2.25	5.4	4193	5697	911	95.71	0.13	0.00	834	3042
Standard	Deviation						197	115	57	0.6649	0.0665	0.0044	75	1086

		,		,		,	7-Day	28-Day	28-Day	,	F/T	F/T		
	Cement	Air Agent	WR		Slump		Compress.	Compress.	Flexural	F/T		Length		Chloride
MIX 2	(Sacks/yd^3)	(oz/sack)	(oz/sack)	Ratio	(in)	Air (%)	Strength	Strength	Strength	Durability	Change	Change		Per
Batch A	6.00	0.400	0	0.415	2.00	5.20	4390	6070	918	96.34	0.092	0.0031	873	3778
Batch B	6.00	0.400	0	0.415	2.00	5.30	4180	5830	914	95.7	0.12	0.005	867	4379
Batch C	6.00	0.400	0	0.415	1.75	5.60	4170	5710	966	94.5	0.16	0.009	829	4241
	Average	0.400	0	0.415	1.92	5.4	4247	5870	933	95.51	0.12	0.01	856	4133
Standard	Deviation						124	183	29	0.9341	0.0342	0.0030	24	315

		,				,	7-Day		28-Day	,	F/T	F/T	F/T	
	Cement	Air Agent		W/C			Compress.	Compress.	Flexural	F/T	Wt.	Length	Flexural	Chloride
MIX 3	(Sacks/yd^3)	(oz/sack)	(oz/sack)	Ratio	(in)	Air (%)	Strength	Strength	Strength	Durability	Change	Change	Strength	Permeability
BATCH A	6.00	0.230	3	0.400	1.75	5.50	4800	6320	891	95.12	0.115	0.0913	912	3172
ВАТСН В	6.00	0.230	3	0.400	2.00	5.50	4560	6080	951	95.6	0.118	0.0056	835	2247
BATCH C	6.00	0.250	3	0.410	2.25	6.10	4800	6290	904	95.83	0.132	0.0769	844	2550
	Average	0.237	3	0.403	2.00	5.7	4720	6230	915	95.52	0.12	0.06	864	2656
Standard	Deviation						139	131	32	0.3623	0.0091	0.0459	42	472

								28-Day	28-Day		F/T		F/T	
	Cement		WR	W/C	Slump		Compress.	Compress.	Flexural	F/T		Length	Flexural	Chloride
MIX 4	(Sacks/yd^3)	(oz/sack)	(oz/sack)	Ratio	(in)	Air (%)		Strength	Strength	Durability	Change	Change	Strength	Permeability
BATCH A	6.00	0.125	5	0.405	2.25	6.30	4740	6480	884	95.5	0.17	0.007	n/a	4218
ВАТСН В	6.00	0.125	5	0.410	2.25	5.70	5000	6460	886	95.9	0.106	0.188	854	2223
BATCH C	6.00	0.125	5	0.400	1.75	6.50	4730	6310	859	94.9	0.118	0.015	852	2390
	Average	0.125	5	0.405	2.08	6.2	4823	6417	876	95.43	0.13	0.07	853	2944
Standard	Deviation						153	93	15	0.5033	0.0340	0.1023	1	1107

LABORATORY TESTING RESULTS (CONT...)

							7-Day	28-Day	28-Day	,	F/T		F/T	
	Cement	Air Agent	WR	W/C	Slump		Compress.	Compress.	Flexural	F/T	Wt.		Flexural	Chloride
MIX 5	(S 3)	(oz/sack)	(oz/sack)	Ratio	(in)	Air (%)	Strength	Strength	Strength	Durability	Change		Strength	Permeability
BATCH A	5.80	0.380	0	0.430	2.25	5.50	3970	5570	916	96.09	0.222	0.01	797	4432
ВАТСН В	5.80	0.380	0	0.430	2.00	5.40	4330	5830	889	94.38	0.208	0.0819	900	2555
BATCH C	5.80	0.400	0	0.430	2.00	5.90	4020	5520	928	95.4	0.22	0.014	794	3300
	Average	0.387	0	0.430	2.08	5.6	4107	5640	911	95.29	0.22	0.04	830	3429
Standard	Deviation						195	166	20	0.8603	0.0076	0.0404	60	945

							7-Day		28-Day	,	F/T	F/T	F/T	
	Cement	Air Agent	WR		Slump		Compress.	Compress.	Flexural	F/T	Wt.	Length	Flexural	Chloride
	(Sacks/yd^3)	(oz/sack)	(oz/sack)	Ratio	(in)	Air (%)	Strength	Strength	Strength	Dur	Change	Change	Strength	Permeability
BATCH A	5.80	0.250	3	0.415	2.00	5.80	4410	5910	975	94.8	0.2	0.004	832	3858
ВАТСН В	5.80	0.250	3	0.415	2.25	5.90	4340	5980	889	95.21	0.119	0.0006	748	4215
BATCH C	5.80	0.250	3	0.425	2.25	6.10	4480	6080	848	96.11	0.127	0.0006	857	2761
	Average	0.250	3	0.418	2.17	5.9	4410	5990	904	95.37	0.15	0.00	812	3611
Standard	Deviation						70	85	65	0.6701	0.0446	0.0020	57	758

							7-Day	28-Day	,	,	F/T	F/T	F/T	
	Cement		WR	W/C	Slump		Compress.	Compress.	Flexural	F/T	Wt.	Length	Flexural	Chloride
MIX 7	(Sacks/yd^3)		(oz/sack)	Ratio	(in)	Air (%)	Strength	Strength	Strength	Durability	Change		Strength	Permeability
BATCH A	5.80	0.125	5	0.410	2.25	6.10	4710	6260	886	94.9	0.13	0.004	770	2713
ВАТСН В	5.80	0.125	5	0.410	2.25	6.10	4160	5680	968	96.8	0.08	0.028	952	2865
BATCH C	5.80	0.125	5	0.405	2.00	5.90	4750	6100	947	94.1	0.15	0.021	785	3308
	Average	0.125	5	0.408	2.17	6.0	4540	6013	934	95.27	0.12	0.02	836	2962
Standard	Deviation						330	300	43	1.3868	0.0361	0.0123	101	309

LABORATORY TESTING RESULTS (CONT...)

							7-Day	28-Day	28-Day		F/T	F/T	F/T	
	Cement	Air Agent	WR	W/C	Slump		Compress.	Compress.		F/T	Wt.	Length	Flexural	Chloride
	(Sacks/yd^3)	(oz/sack)	(oz/sack)	Ratio	(in)	Air (%)		Strength	Strength	Durability	Change	Change	Strength	Permeability
BATCH A	5.60	0.400	0	0.445	2.25	5.90	3970	5440	938	95.6	0.22	0.009	748	2787
ВАТСН В	5.60	0.350	0	0.440	1.75	5.70	4030	5470	837	95.5	0.163	0.0031	874	2655
ватсн с	5.60	0.380	0	0.440	2.00	5.70	3830	5650	871	95.4	0.151	0.005	875	2707
	Average	0.377	0	0.442	2.00	5.8	3943	5520	882	95.50	0.18	0.01	832	2716
Standard	Deviation						103	114	51	0.1000	0.0369	0.0030	73	66

							7-Day	28-Day				F/T	F/T	
	Cement	Air Agent	WR	W/C	Slump			Compress.	Flexural	F/T	Wt.	Length	Flexural	Chloride
MIX 9	(S 3)	(oz/sack)	(oz/sack)	Ratio	(in)	Air (%)	Strength	Strength	Strength	Durability	Change	Change	Strength	Permeability
BATCH A	5.60	0.200	3	0.430	2.25	5.40	4370	6080	908	95.3	0.777	0.0006	894	2507
BATCH B	5.60	0.200	3	0.430	2.25	6.00	3960	5490	885	100	0.07	0.019	872	2863
BATCH C	5.60	0.180	3	0.430	2.00	5.70	4410	6060		95.3	0.183	0.0819	854	3018
	Average	0.193	3	0.430	2.17	5.7	4247	5877	897	96.87	0.34	0.03	873	2796
Standard	Deviation						249	335	16	2.7135	0.3798	0.0426	20	262

							7-Day	28-Day	28-Day		F/T		F/T	'
	Cement		WR	W/C			Compress.	Compress.	Flexural		Wt.	Length	Flexural	,
MIX 10	(Sacks/yd^3)	(oz/sack)	(oz/sack)		(in)	Air (%)	Strength	Strength	Strength		Change	Change	Strength	Permeability
BATCH A	5.60	0.125	5	0.415	2.00	6.20	4120	5830	949	96.2	0.06	0.021	874	2849
ватсн в	5.60	0.125	5	0.410	1.75	5.90	4800	6470	840	95.8	0.12	0.006	865	2842
BATCH C	5.60	0.125	5	0.415	1.75	6.00	4300	5730	925	96.3	0.2	0.01	853	2834
	Average	0.125	5	0.413	1.83	6.0	4407	6010	905	96.10	0.13	0.01	864	2842
Standard	Deviation						352	401	57	0.2646	0.0702	0.0078	11	8

FIELD TESTING RESULTS CONTROL MIX RESULTS

							7-Day	28-Day	7-Day	28-Day	F/T	F/T	F/T	
	Cement	WR	Air Agent	W/C	Slump		Compress.	Compress.	Flexural	Flexural	Durability	/ %Wt.	%Length	Chloride
Mix Name	(lb/yd^3)	(oz/yd^3)	(oz/sack)	Ratio	(in)	Air (%)	Strength	Strength	Strength	Strength	Factor	Change	Change	Permeability
Control Mix	572	0.0	9.3	0.366	2.00	6.30	4020	5112	633	690	50.28	0.421	0.2394	3533
Interval 1							4080	4973	658	633	49.63	0.4628	0.2119	
							4320	5200	589	685	-	-	-	
	•				Average	•	4140	5095	627	669	50	0.4419	0.2257	3533
				Std.	Deviation		159	114	35	32				

							7-Day	28-Day	7-Day	28-Day	F/T	F/T	F/T	
	Cement	WR	Air Agent	W/C	Slump		Compress.	Compress.	Flexural	Flexural	Durability	/ %Wt.	%Length	Chloride
Mix Name	(lb/yd^3)	(oz/yd^3)	(oz/sack)	Ratio	(in)	Air (%)	Strength	Strength	Strength	Strength	Factor	Change	Change	Permeability
Control Mix	572	0.0	9.3	0.366	2.00	6.30	4460	5302	672	682	54.01	0.179	0.2244	3943
Interval 2							4400	5373	655	680	54.95	0.405	0.2194	
							4470	5542	662	666	-	-	-	
	Avera						4443	5406	663	676	54	0.2920	0.2219	3943
				Std.	Deviation		38	123	9	9				

							7-Day	28-Day	7-Day	28-Day	F/T	F/T	F/T	
	Cement	WR	Air Agent	W/C	Slump		Compress.	Compress.	Flexural	Flexural	Durability	%Wt.	%Length	Chloride
Mix Name	(lb/yd^3)	(oz/yd^3)	(oz/sack)	Ratio	(in)	Air (%)	Strength	Strength	Strength	Strength	Factor	Change	Change	Permeability
Control Mix	572	0.0	10.6	0.342	3.00	6.90	4260	5118	641	646	62.93	0.2088	0.3181	4859
Interval 3							4160	5214	628	662	56.56	0.2041	0.3050	
							4150	5012	624	637	50.21	0.2834	0.2844	
	Ave						4190	5115	631	648	57	0.2321	0.3025	4859
				Std.	Deviation		61	101	9	13	6	0.0445	0.0170	

							7-Day	28-Day	7-Day	28-Day	F/T	F/T	F/T	
	Cement	WR	Air Agent	W/C	Slump		Compress.	Compress.	Flexural	Flexural	Durability	%Wt.	%Length	Chloride
Mix Name	(lb/yd^3)	(oz/yd^3)	(oz/sack)	Ratio	(in)	Air (%)	Strength	Strength	Strength	Strength	Factor	Change	Change	Permeability
Control Mix	572	0.0	10.6	0.342	2.00	6.30	4320	5151	626	656	66.58	0.2374	0.2706	4650
Interval 4							4200	5267	604	666	50.89	0.0363	0.3038	
							4280	5058	577	710	57.49	0.2464	0.2869	
	,				Average		4267	5159	602	677	58	0.1734	0.2871	4650
	Std. Deviation						61	105	25	29	8	0.1188	0.0166	

FIELD TESTING RESULTS PCCP MIXES CONTAINING TYPE A WATER REDUCER AND DECREASED CEMENT CONTENT

						,	7-Day	28-Day	7-Day	28-Day	F/T		F/T	
	Cement		Air Agent	W/C	Slump			Compress.	Flexural	Flexural	Durability	/ %Wt.	%Length	Chloride
Mix Name	(lb/yd^3)	(oz ^3)	(oz/sack)	Ratio	(in)	Air (%)	Strength	Strength	Strength	Strength	Factor	Change	Change	Permeability
Water	546	20.0	3.5	0.368	0.75	5.80	4710	5667	699	696	34.42	0.1906	0.1969	2658
Reducer							4930	5905	655	702	33.44	0.4660	0.1875	
Interval 1							4740	6034	688	685	35.93	0.3055	0.1581	
					Average		4793	5869	681	694	35	.3207	0.0202	2658
	Std. Deviation						119	186	23	9	1	0.1383		

							7-Day	28-Day	7-Day	28-Day	F/T	F/T	F/T	
	Cement	WR	Air Agent	W/C	Slump			Compress.	Flexural	Flexural	Durability	%Wt.	%Length	Chloride
Mix Name	(lb/yd^3)	(oz/yd^3)	(oz/sack)	Ratio	(in)		Strength	Strength	Strength	Strength	Factor	Change	Change	Permeability
Water	546	20.0	3.5	0.368	1.50	7.50	4050	5358	593	674	49.9	0.4775	0.2244	2825
Reducer							4290	5233	637	653	50.08	0.4950	0.2144	
Interval 2							4240	5305	652	661	61.42	0.4918	0.1869	
					Average		4193	5299	627	663	54	0.4881	0.2086	2825
	Std. Deviation						127	63	31	11	7	0.0093	0.0194	

			,			,	7-Day	28-Day	7-Day	28-Day	F/T	F/T	F/T	
	Cement	WR	Air Agent	W/C	Slump		Compress.	Compress.	Flexural	Flexural	Durability	/ %Wt.	%Length	Chloride
Mix Name	(lb/yd^3)	(oz/yd^3)	(oz/sack)	Ratio	(in)		Strength	Strength	Strength	Strength		Change	Change	Permeability
Water	546	20.0	3.5	0.331	1.25	6.00	4650	5524	641	643	49.39	0.2094	0.3069	2474
Reducer							4730	5693	646	690	48.38	0.3164	0.3112	
Interval 3							4690	5380	600	706	42.54	0.2782	0.3181	
	Average						4690	5532	629	680	47	0.2680	0.3121	2474
	Std. Deviation							157	25	33	4	0.0542	0.0057	

			,			,	7-Day	28-Day	7-Day	28-Day	F/T	F/T	F/T	
	Cement	WR	Air Agent	W/C	Slump			Compress.	Flexural	Flexural	Durability	%Wt.	%Length	Chloride
Mix Name	(lb/yd^3)	(oz ^3)	(oz/sack)	Ratio	(in)	Air (%)	Strength	Strength	Strength	Strength	Factor	Change	Change	Per
Water	546	20.0	3.5	0.331	2.25	8.50	3870	4463	544	564	55.64	0.2428	0.2725	2768
Reducer							3530	4713	562	637	55.28	0.2147	0.2894	
Interval 4							3840	4659	509	598	60.8	0.1495	0.2344	
	Aver						3747	4612	538	600	57	0.2023	0.2654	2768
	Std. Deviat						188	132	27	37	3	0.0479	0.0282	

APPENDIX D

Air Void Analysis Worksheets

Laboratory Air Void Analysis Worksheets

Without Water Reducer
Laboratory Mix 1 (Control)
Laboratory Mix 2
Laboratory Mix 5
Laboratory Mix 5
Laboratory Mix 8
Laboratory Mix 7
Laboratory Mix 9
Laboratory Mix 10

LABORATORY MIX 1

Summary of speciman M1A620.CHO on 06/05/2000 ASTM C-457 Procedure A

Length = 84.07783 Percent Air = 4.819 Average Air Void = 0.00495 Void/Paste Ratio = 0.091 Percent Paste = 53.18 Paste/Void Ratio = 11.04

Standard Dev of Air Void Sizes = 0.01399 Voids Per Inch = 9.73

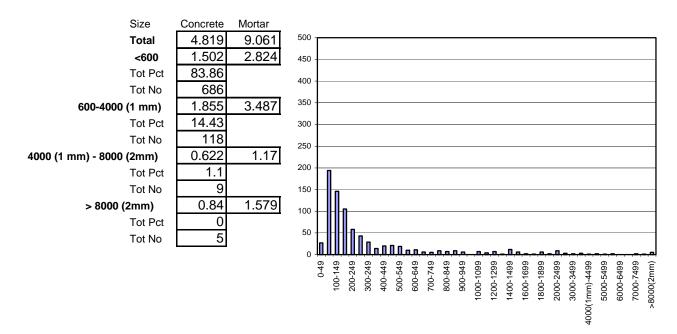
Spacing Factor = 0.0082 Specific Surface = 807.56

Specification Range: 0.004 - 0.008 Specification Range: 600 - 1100

Frequency Distribution of Air Voids (in Distance Pulse Counts)

Lower	Upper	No.	Pct.	Lower	Upper	No.	Pct.	Lower	Upper	No.	Pct.
0	49 =	27	3.3	50	99 =	194	27.02	100	149 =	146	44.87
150	199 =	105	57.7	200	249 =	58	64.79	250	299 =	43	70.05
300	349 =	29	73.59	350	399 =	14	75.31	400	449 =	20	77.75
450	499 =	21	80.32	500	549 =	19	82.64	550	599 =	10	83.86
600	649 =	11	85.21	650	699 =	6	85.94	700	749 =	5	86.55
750	799 =	9	87.65	800	849 =	7	88.51	850	899 =	9	89.61
900	949 =	6	90.34	950	999 =	0	90.34	1000	1049 =	4	90.83
1050	1099 =	3	91.2	1100	1149 =	2	91.44	1150	1199 =	2	91.69
1200	1249 =	3	92.05	1250	1299 =	4	92.54	1300	1349 =	1	92.67
1350	1399 =	0	92.67	1400	149 =	4	93.15	1450	1499 =	8	94.13
1500	1549 =	3	94.5	1550	1599 =	3	94.87	1600	1649 =	1	94.99
1650	1699 =	1	95.11	1700	1749 =	1	95.23	1750	1499 =	0	95.23
1800	1849 =	3	95.6	1850	1899 =	3	95.97	1900	1949 =	2	96.21
1950	1999 =	0	96.21	2000	2499 =	9	97.31	2500	2999 =	3	97.68
3000	3499 =	2	97.92	3500	3999 =	3	98.29	4000	4499 =	1	98.41
4500	4999 =	2	98.66	5000	5499 =	1	98.78	5500	5999 =	2	99.02
6000	6499 =	0	99.02	6500	6999 =	0	99.02	7000	7499 =	2	99.27
7500	7999 =	1	99.39	>=	8000 =	5	100				

Percent Air Summary by Size



LABORATORY MIX 2

Summary of speciman M3A600.CHO on 06/05/2000 ASTM C-457 Procedure A

Length = 85.23327 Percent Air = 5.177 Average Air Void = 0.00467 Void/Paste Ratio = 0.1 Percent Paste = 51.61 Paste/Void Ratio = 9.97

Standard Dev of Air Void Sizes = 0.01236 Voids Per Inch = 11.08

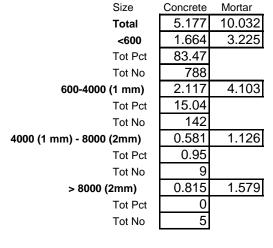
Spacing Factor = 0.0074 Specific Surface = 855.67

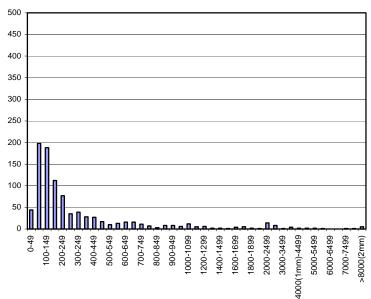
Specification Range: 0.004 - 0.008 Specification Range: 600 - 1100

Frequency Distribution of Air Voids (in Distance Pulse Counts)

Lower	Upper	No.	Pct.	Lower	Upper	No.	Pct.	Lower	Upper	No.	Pct.
0	49 =	44	4.66	50	99 =	198	25.64	100	149 =	188	45.55
150	199 =	112	57.42	200	249 =	77	65.57	250	299 =	35	69.28
300	349 =	39	73.41	350	399 =	28	76.38	400	449 =	27	79.24
450	499 =	17	81.04	500	549 =	10	82.1	550	599 =	13	83.47
600	649 =	16	85.17	650	699 =	16	86.86	700	749 =	11	88.03
750	799 =	7	88.77	800	849 =	3	89.09	850	899 =	8	89.94
900	949 =	8	90.78	950	999 =	6	91.42	1000	1049 =	7	92.16
1050	1099 =	5	92.69	1100	1149 =	3	93.01	1150	1199 =	2	93.22
1200	1249 =	2	93.43	1250	1299 =	4	93.86	1300	1349 =	0	93.86
1350	1399 =	2	94.07	1400	149 =	2	94.28	1450	1499 =	0	94.28
1500	1549 =	1	94.39	1550	1599 =	0	94.39	1600	1649 =	2	94.6
1650	1699 =	2	94.81	1700	1749 =	3	95.13	1750	1499 =	2	95.34
1800	1849 =	1	95.44	1850	1899 =	1	95.55	1900	1949 =	0	95.55
1950	1999 =	1	95.66	2000	2499 =	14	97.14	2500	2999 =	8	97.99
3000	3499 =	1	98.09	3500	3999 =	4	98.52	4000	4499 =	2	98.73
4500	4999 =	2	98.94	5000	5499 =	2	99.15	5500	5999 =	1	99.26
6000	6499 =	0	99.26	6500	6999 =	0	99.26	7000	7499 =	1	99.36
7500	7999 =	1	99.47	>=	8000 =	5	100				

Percent Air Summary by Size





Summary of speciman M3B603.CHO on 06/05/2000 ASTM C-457 Procedure A

Length = 84.65063 Percent Air = 4.816 Average Air Void = 0.0043 Void/Paste Ratio = 0.086 Percent Paste = 56.03 Paste/Void Ratio = 11.63

Standard Dev of Air Void Sizes = 0.00887 Voids Per Inch = 11.21

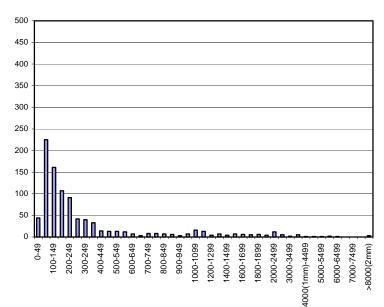
Spacing Factor = 0.00728 Specific Surface = 931.11

Specification Range: 0.004 - 0.008 Specification Range: 600 - 1100

Frequency Distribution of Air Voids (in Distance Pulse Counts)

			,		0.7			<u> </u>	<u> </u>		
Lower	Upper	No.	Pct.	Lower	Upper	No.	Pct.	Lower	Upper	No.	Pct.
0	49 =	44	4.64	50	99 =	225	28.35	100	149 =	161	45.31
150	199 =	107	56.59	200	249 =	91	66.17	250	299 =	42	70.6
300	349 =	40	74.82	350	399 =	33	78.29	400	449 =	14	79.77
450	499 =	13	81.14	500	549 =	13	82.51	550	599 =	12	83.77
600	649 =	7	84.51	650	699 =	3	84.83	700	749 =	8	85.67
750	799 =	8	86.51	800	849 =	7	87.25	850	899 =	6	87.88
900	949 =	3	88.2	950	999 =	7	88.94	1000	1049 =	8	89.78
1050	1099 =	8	90.62	1100	1149 =	5	91.15	1150	1199 =	8	91.99
1200	1249 =	4	92.41	1250	1299 =	0	92.41	1300	1349 =	5	92.94
1350	1399 =	2	93.15	1400	149 =	2	93.36	1450	1499 =	2	93.57
1500	1549 =	3	93.89	1550	1599 =	4	94.31	1600	1649 =	4	94.73
1650	1699 =	2	94.94	1700	1749 =	2	95.15	1750	1499 =	3	95.47
1800	1849 =	3	95.79	1850	1899 =	3	96.1	1900	1949 =	2	96.31
1950	1999 =	2	96.52	2000	2499 =	12	97.79	2500	2999 =	5	98.31
3000	3499 =	2	98.52	3500	3999 =	5	99.05	4000	4499 =	1	99.16
4500	4999 =	1	99.26	5000	5499 =	1	99.37	5500	5999 =	2	99.58
6000	6499 =	1	99.68	6500	6999 =	0	99.68	7000	7499 =	0	99.68
7500	7999 =	0	99.68	>=	8000 =	3	100				

Size	Concrete	Mortar
Total	4.816	8.595
<600	1.644	2.933
Tot Pct	83.77	
Tot No	795	
600-4000 (1 mm)	2.425	4.328
Tot Pct	15.28	•
Tot No	145	
4000 (1 mm) - 8000 (2mm)	0.379	0.676
Tot Pct	0.63	,
Tot No	6	
> 8000 (2mm)	0.369	0.658
Tot Pct	0	
Tot No	3	



Summary of speciman M3A605.CHO on 06/05/2000 ASTM C-457 Procedure A

Length = 84.87434 Percent Air = 4.938 Average Air Void = 0.00434 Void/Paste Ratio = 0.098 Percent Paste = 50.3 Paste/Void Ratio = 10.19

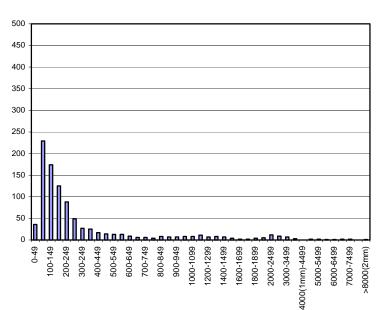
Standard Dev of Air Void Sizes = 0.00853 Voids Per Inch = 11.37
Spacing Factor = 0.00694 Specific Surface = 921.03

Specification Range: 0.004 - 0.008 Specification Range: 600 - 1100

Frequency Distribution of Air Voids (in Distance Pulse Counts)

		oquo	noy Die	ti ibation	017111 1010	יום ווון טו	otarioo i	4100 00	arreo,		
Lower	Upper	No.	Pct.	Lower	Upper	No.	Pct.	Lower	Upper	No.	Pct.
0	49 =	36	3.73	50	99 =	229	27.46	100	149 =	174	45.49
150	199 =	125	58.45	200	249 =	88	67.56	250	299 =	49	72.64
300	349 =	27	75.44	350	399 =	25	78.03	400	449 =	17	79.79
450	499 =	14	81.24	500	549 =	13	82.59	550	599 =	13	83.94
600	649 =	9	84.87	650	699 =	6	85.49	700	749 =	6	86.11
750	799 =	4	86.53	800	849 =	8	87.36	850	899 =	7	88.08
900	949 =	7	88.81	950	999 =	8	89.64	1000	1049 =	5	90.16
1050	1099 =	3	90.47	1100	1149 =	5	90.98	1150	1199 =	6	91.61
1200	1249 =	3	91.92	1250	1299 =	4	92.33	1300	1349 =	5	92.85
1350	1399 =	3	93.16	1400	149 =	3	93.47	1450	1499 =	4	93.89
1500	1549 =	2	94.09	1550	1599 =	2	94.3	1600	1649 =	0	94.3
1650	1699 =	2	94.51	1700	1749 =	1	94.61	1750	1499 =	1	94.72
1800	1849 =	2	94.92	1850	1899 =	2	95.13	1900	1949 =	2	95.34
1950	1999 =	3	95.65	2000	2499 =	12	96.89	2500	2999 =	9	97.82
3000	3499 =	7	98.55	3500	3999 =	3	98.86	4000	4499 =	0	98.86
4500	4999 =	2	99.07	5000	5499 =	2	99.27	5500	5999 =	1	99.38
6000	6499 =	1	99.48	6500	6999 =	2	99.69	7000	7499 =	2	99.9
7500	7999 =	0	99.9	>=	8000 =	1	100				

Size	Concrete	Mortar
Total	4.938	9.817
<600	1.661	3.303
Tot Pct	83.94	
Tot No	810	
600-4000 (1 mm)	2.463	4.897
Tot Pct	14.92	
Tot No	144	
4000 (1 mm) - 8000 (2mm)	0.698	1.387
Tot Pct	1.04	,
Tot No	10	
> 8000 (2mm)	0.116	0.23
Tot Pct	0	
Tot No	1	



Summary of speciman M2B580.CHO on 06/05/2000 ASTM C-457 Procedure A

Length = 84.96111 Percent Air = 4.448 Average Air Void = 0.00466 Void/Paste Ratio = 0.083 Percent Paste = 53.64 Paste/Void Ratio = 12.06

Standard Dev of Air Void Sizes = 0.01041 Voids Per Inch = 9.55

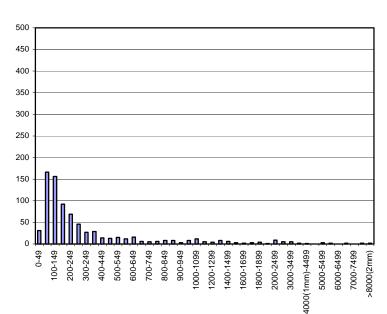
Spacing Factor = 0.00803 Specific Surface = 858.39

Specification Range: 0.004 - 0.008 Specification Range: 600 - 1100

Frequency Distribution of Air Voids (in Distance Pulse Counts)

Lower	Upper	No.	Pct.	Lower	Upper	No.	Pct.	Lower	Upper	No.	Pct.
0	49 =	31	3.82	50	99 =	166	24.29	100	149 =	156	43.53
150	199 =	92	54.87	200	249 =	69	63.38	250	299 =	46	69.05
300	349 =	27	72.38	350	399 =	29	75.96	400	449 =	14	77.68
450	499 =	13	79.28	500	549 =	15	81.13	550	599 =	12	82.61
600	649 =	16	84.59	650	699 =	6	85.33	700	749 =	5	85.94
750	799 =	6	86.68	800	849 =	8	87.67	850	899 =	8	88.66
900	949 =	3	89.03	950	999 =	8	90.01	1000	1049 =	2	90.26
1050	1099 =	10	91.49	1100	1149 =	4	91.99	1150	1199 =	1	92.11
1200	1249 =	0	92.11	1250	1299 =	4	92.6	1300	1349 =	5	93.22
1350	1399 =	3	93.59	1400	149 =	3	93.96	1450	1499 =	3	94.33
1500	1549 =	2	94.57	1550	1599 =	1	94.7	1600	1649 =	1	94.82
1650	1699 =	1	94.94	1700	1749 =	1	95.07	1750	1499 =	2	95.31
1800	1849 =	1	95.44	1850	1899 =	3	95.81	1900	1949 =	0	95.81
1950	1999 =	1	95.93	2000	2499 =	9	97.04	2500	2999 =	5	97.66
3000	3499 =	5	98.27	3500	3999 =	2	98.52	4000	4499 =	1	98.64
4500	4999 =	0	98.64	5000	5499 =	3	99.01	5500	5999 =	2	99.26
6000	6499 =	0	99.26	6500	6999 =	2	99.51	7000	7499 =	0	99.51
7500	7999 =	2	99.75	>=	= 0008	2	100				

Size	Concrete	Mortar
Total	4.448	8.293
<600	1.447	2.698
Tot Pct	82.61	
Tot No	670	
600-4000 (1 mm)	1.978	3.688
Tot Pct	15.91	
Tot No	129	
4000 (1 mm) - 8000 (2mm)	0.705	1.315
Tot Pct	1.23	
Tot No	10	
> 8000 (2mm)	0.318	0.592
Tot Pct	0	
Tot No	2	
	<u> </u>	



Summary of speciman M1A583.CHO on 06/05/2000 ASTM C-457 Procedure A

Length = 84.35411 Percent Air = 4.722 Average Air Void = 0.00434 Void/Paste Ratio = 0.086 Percent Paste = 55.2 Paste/Void Ratio = 11.69

Standard Dev of Air Void Sizes = 0.00999 Voids Per Inch = 10.87

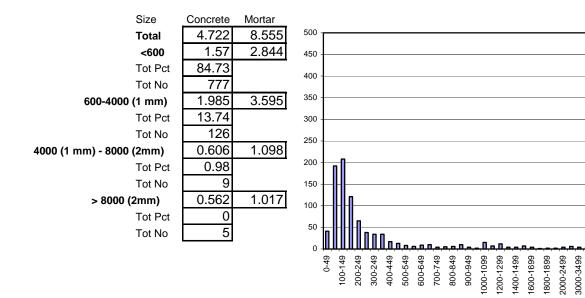
Spacing Factor = 0.00738 Specific Surface = 920.82

Specification Range: 0.004 - 0.008 Specification Range: 600 - 1100

Frequency Distribution of Air Voids (in Distance Pulse Counts)

	······································										
Lower	Upper	No.	Pct.	Lower	Upper	No.	Pct.	Lower	Upper	No.	Pct.
0	49 =	41	4.47	50	99 =	192	25.41	100	149 =	208	48.09
150	199 =	121	61.29	200	249 =	65	68.38	250	299 =	38	72.52
300	349 =	34	76.23	350	399 =	34	79.93	400	449 =	17	81.79
450	499 =	13	83.21	500	549 =	8	84.08	550	599 =	6	84.73
600	649 =	9	85.71	650	699 =	10	86.8	700	749 =	4	87.24
750	799 =	5	87.79	800	849 =	6	88.44	850	899 =	10	89.53
900	949 =	4	89.97	950	999 =	2	90.19	1000	1049 =	10	91.28
1050	1099 =	5	91.82	1100	1149 =	3	92.15	1150	1199 =	4	92.58
1200	1249 =	9	93.57	1250	1299 =	3	93.89	1300	1349 =	1	94
1350	1399 =	3	94.33	1400	149 =	4	94.77	1450	1499 =	0	94.77
1500	1549 =	3	95.09	1550	1599 =	4	95.53	1600	1649 =	2	95.75
1650	1699 =	2	95.97	1700	1749 =	0	95.97	1750	1499 =	1	96.07
1800	1849 =	2	96.29	1850	1899 =	0	96.29	1900	1949 =	2	96.51
1950	1999 =	0	96.51	2000	2499 =	4	96.95	2500	2999 =	6	97.6
3000	3499 =	4	98.04	3500	3999 =	4	98.47	4000	4499 =	0	98.47
4500	4999 =	1	98.58	5000	5499 =	4	99.02	5500	5999 =	1	99.13
6000	6499 =	1	99.24	6500	6999 =	2	99.45	7000	7499 =	0	99.45
7500	7999 =	0	99.45	>=	8000 =	5	100				

Percent Air Summary by Size



4000(1mm)-4499

5000-5499

Summary of speciman M1A585.CHO on 06/05/2000 ASTM C-457 Procedure A

Length = 83.81619 Percent Air = 5.129 Average Air Void = 0.0042 Void/Paste Ratio = 0.094 Percent Paste = 54.52 Paste/Void Ratio = 10.63

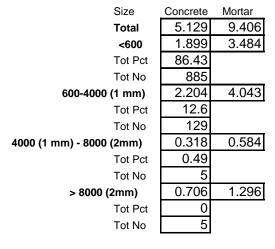
Standard Dev of Air Void Sizes = 0.01036 Voids Per Inch = 12.22

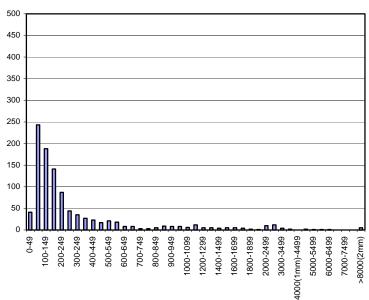
Spacing Factor = 0.00684 Specific Surface = 952.87

Specification Range: 0.004 - 0.008 Specification Range: 600 - 1100

Frequency Distribution of Air Voids (in Distance Pulse Counts)

			,		<u> </u>			<u> </u>	<u> </u>		
Lower	Upper	No.	Pct.	Lower	Upper	No.	Pct.	Lower	Upper	No.	Pct.
0	49 =	41	4	50	99 =	243	27.73	100	149 =	188	46.09
150	199 =	141	59.86	200	249 =	87	68.36	250	299 =	44	72.66
300	349 =	35	76.07	350	399 =	27	78.71	400	449 =	23	80.96
450	499 =	17	82.62	500	549 =	21	84.67	550	599 =	18	86.43
600	649 =	8	87.21	650	699 =	8	87.99	700	749 =	3	88.28
750	799 =	3	88.57	800	849 =	5	89.06	850	899 =	9	89.94
900	949 =	8	90.72	950	999 =	8	91.5	1000	1049 =	3	91.8
1050	1099 =	3	92.09	1100	1149 =	4	92.48	1150	1199 =	8	93.26
1200	1249 =	5	93.75	1250	1299 =	0	93.75	1300	1349 =	2	93.95
1350	1399 =	3	94.24	1400	149 =	0	94.24	1450	1499 =	4	94.63
1500	1549 =	1	94.73	1550	1599 =	4	95.12	1600	1649 =	4	95.51
1650	1699 =	1	95.61	1700	1749 =	2	95.8	1750	1499 =	2	96
1800	1849 =	2	96.19	1850	1899 =	0	96.19	1900	1949 =	1	96.29
1950	1999 =	0	96.29	2000	2499 =	10	97.27	2500	2999 =	12	98.44
3000	3499 =	4	98.83	3500	3999 =	2	99.02	4000	4499 =	0	99.02
4500	4999 =	2	99.22	5000	5499 =	1	99.32	5500	5999 =	1	99.41
6000	6499 =	1	99.51	6500	6999 =	0	99.51	7000	7499 =	0	99.51
7500	7999 =	0	99.51	>=	8000 =	5	100				





Summary of speciman M3A560.CHO on 06/05/2000 ASTM C-457 Procedure A

Length = 84.26158 Percent Air = 4.415 Average Air Void = 0.00454 Void/Paste Ratio = 0.085 Percent Paste = 51.76 Paste/Void Ratio = 11.72

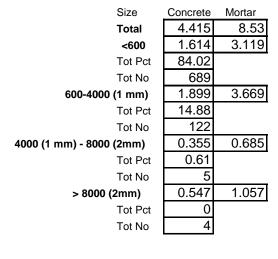
Standard Dev of Air Void Sizes = 0.01047 Voids Per Inch = 9.73

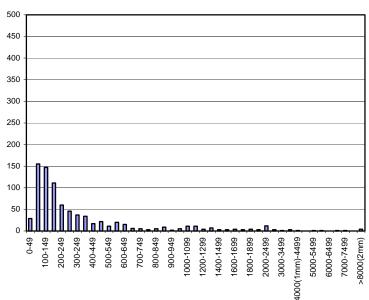
Spacing Factor = 0.00772 Specific Surface = 881.63

Specification Range: 0.004 - 0.008 Specification Range: 600 - 1100

Frequency Distribution of Air Voids (in Distance Pulse Counts)

	- requested production of rail relation (in production and country)										
Lower	Upper	No.	Pct.	Lower	Upper	No.	Pct.	Lower	Upper	No.	Pct.
0	49 =	29	3.54	50	99 =	155	22.44	100	149 =	147	40.37
150	199 =	111	53.9	200	249 =	60	61.22	250	299 =	46	66.83
300	349 =	37	71.34	350	399 =	34	75.49	400	449 =	17	77.56
450	499 =	22	80.24	500	549 =	11	81.59	550	599 =	20	84.02
600	649 =	15	85.85	650	699 =	6	86.59	700	749 =	5	87.2
750	799 =	3	87.56	800	849 =	5	88.17	850	899 =	9	89.27
900	949 =	2	89.51	950	999 =	5	90.12	1000	1049 =	5	90.73
1050	1099 =	6	91.46	1100	1149 =	3	91.83	1150	1199 =	8	92.8
1200	1249 =	3	93.17	1250	1299 =	1	93.29	1300	1349 =	4	93.78
1350	1399 =	3	94.15	1400	149 =	1	94.27	1450	1499 =	2	94.51
1500	1549 =	2	94.76	1550	1599 =	1	94.88	1600	1649 =	3	95.24
1650	1699 =	1	95.37	1700	1749 =	3	95.73	1750	1499 =	0	95.73
1800	1849 =	3	96.1	1850	1899 =	1	96.22	1900	1949 =	1	96.34
1950	1999 =	2	96.59	2000	2499 =	12	98.05	2500	2999 =	3	98.41
3000	3499 =	1	98.54	3500	3999 =	3	98.9	4000	4499 =	1	99.02
4500	4999 =	0	99.02	5000	5499 =	1	99.15	5500	5999 =	1	99.27
6000	6499 =	0	99.27	6500	6999 =	1	99.39	7000	7499 =	1	99.51
7500	7999 =	0	99.51	>=	8000 =	4	100				





Summary of speciman M3B563.CHO on 06/05/2000 ASTM C-457 Procedure A

Length = 84.30949 Percent Air = 4.59 Average Air Void = 0.0049 Void/Paste Ratio = 0.091 Percent Paste = 50.57 Paste/Void Ratio = 11.02

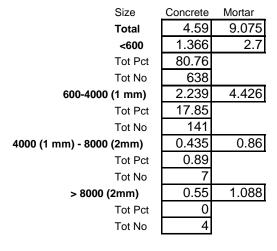
Standard Dev of Air Void Sizes = 0.01131 Voids Per Inch = 9.37

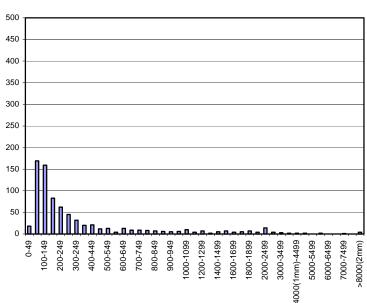
Spacing Factor = 0.00811 Specific Surface = 816.65

Specification Range: 0.004 - 0.008 Specification Range: 600 - 1100

Frequency Distribution of Air Voids (in Distance Pulse Counts)

		- :									
Lower	Upper	No.	Pct.	Lower	Upper	No.	Pct.	Lower	Upper	No.	Pct.
0	49 =	18	2.28	50	99 =	169	23.67	100	149 =	159	43.8
150	199 =	83	54.3	200	249 =	62	62.15	250	299 =	45	67.85
300	349 =	32	71.9	350	399 =	20	74.43	400	449 =	21	77.09
450	499 =	12	78.61	500	549 =	13	80.25	550	599 =	4	80.76
600	649 =	13	82.41	650	699 =	9	83.54	700	749 =	9	84.68
750	799 =	8	85.7	800	849 =	7	86.58	850	899 =	6	87.34
900	949 =	5	87.97	950	999 =	6	88.73	1000	1049 =	7	89.62
1050	1099 =	3	90	1100	1149 =	1	90.13	1150	1199 =	3	90.51
1200	1249 =	5	91.14	1250	1299 =	2	91.39	1300	1349 =	0	91.39
1350	1399 =	2	91.65	1400	149 =	4	92.15	1450	1499 =	1	92.28
1500	1549 =	2	92.53	1550	1599 =	5	93.16	1600	1649 =	2	93.42
1650	1699 =	2	93.67	1700	1749 =	2	93.92	1750	1499 =	3	94.3
1800	1849 =	3	94.68	1850	1899 =	4	95.19	1900	1949 =	2	95.44
1950	1999 =	2	95.7	2000	2499 =	14	97.47	2500	2999 =	4	97.97
3000	3499 =	3	98.35	3500	3999 =	2	98.61	4000	4499 =	2	98.86
4500	4999 =	2	99.11	5000	5499 =	0	99.11	5500	5999 =	2	99.37
6000	6499 =	0	99.37	6500	6999 =	0	99.37	7000	7499 =	1	99.49
7500	7999 =	0	99.49	>=	8000 =	4	100				





Summary of speciman M2A565.CHO on 06/05/2000 ASTM C-457 Procedure A

Length = 84.88694 Percent Air = 4.352 Average Air Void = 0.00394 Void/Paste Ratio = 0.079 Percent Paste = 55.15 Paste/Void Ratio = 12.67

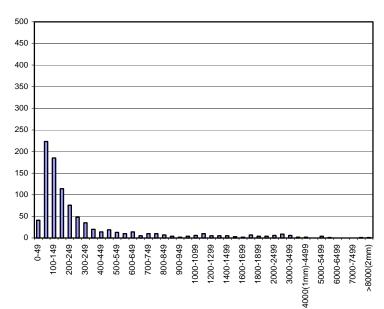
Standard Dev of Air Void Sizes = 0.0077 Voids Per Inch = 11.04
Spacing Factor = 0.00694 Specific Surface = 1014.54

Specification Range: 0.004 - 0.008 Specification Range: 600 - 1100

Frequency Distribution of Air Voids (in Distance Pulse Counts)

			,		0.7			<u> </u>	<u> </u>		
Lower	Upper	No.	Pct.	Lower	Upper	No.	Pct.	Lower	Upper	No.	Pct.
0	49 =	41	4.38	50	99 =	223	28.18	100	149 =	185	47.92
150	199 =	114	60.09	200	249 =	76	68.2	250	299 =	48	73.32
300	349 =	35	77.05	350	399 =	20	79.19	400	449 =	14	80.68
450	499 =	19	82.71	500	549 =	13	84.1	550	599 =	10	85.17
600	649 =	14	86.66	650	699 =	5	87.19	700	749 =	10	88.26
750	799 =	10	89.33	800	849 =	7	90.07	850	899 =	4	90.5
900	949 =	2	90.72	950	999 =	4	91.14	1000	1049 =	4	91.57
1050	1099 =	2	91.78	1100	1149 =	6	92.42	1150	1199 =	4	92.85
1200	1249 =	4	93.28	1250	1299 =	1	93.38	1300	1349 =	3	93.7
1350	1399 =	2	93.92	1400	149 =	2	94.13	1450	1499 =	3	94.45
1500	1549 =	2	94.66	1550	1599 =	1	94.77	1600	1649 =	1	94.88
1650	1699 =	1	94.98	1700	1749 =	6	95.62	1750	1499 =	1	95.73
1800	1849 =	2	95.94	1850	1899 =	2	96.16	1900	1949 =	2	96.37
1950	1999 =	2	96.58	2000	2499 =	6	97.23	2500	2999 =	9	98.19
3000	3499 =	6	98.83	3500	3999 =	2	99.04	4000	4499 =	2	99.25
4500	4999 =	0	99.25	5000	5499 =	4	99.68	5500	5999 =	1	99.79
6000	6499 =	0	99.79	6500	6999 =	0	99.79	7000	7499 =	0	99.79
7500	7999 =	1	99.89	>=	8000 =	1	100				

Size	Concrete	Mortar
Total	4.352	7.892
<600	1.61	2.919
Tot Pct	85.17	
Tot No	798	
600-4000 (1 mm)	2.119	3.843
Tot Pct	13.87	
Tot No	130	<u> </u>
4000 (1 mm) - 8000 (2mm)	0.507	0.919
Tot Pct	0.85	
Tot No	8	<u> </u>
> 8000 (2mm)	0.116	0.211
Tot Pct	0	
Tot No	1	



Field Air Void Analysis Worksheets

Without Water Reducer With Water Reducer

Con 1a WR 1a
Con 1b WR 1b
Con 2a WR 2a
Con 2b WR 2b

Summary of speciman CON1A.CHO on 02/15/2001 ASTM C-457 Procedure A

Length = 83.74313Percent Air = 4.829 Average Air Void = 0.00347 Void/Paste Ratio = 0.097 Percent Paste = 49.86 Paste/Void Ratio = 10.32

Standard Dev of Air Void Sizes = 0.0124 Voids Per Inch = 13.9

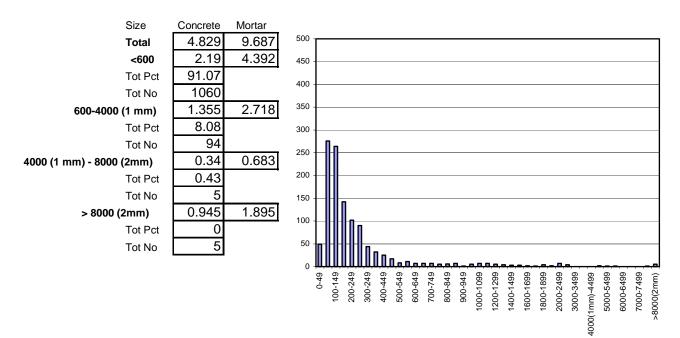
>=

Spacing Factor = 0.00559 Specific Surface = 1151.25

Specification Range: 0.004 - 0.008 Specification Range: 600 - 1100

Frequency Distribution of Air Voids (in Distance Pulse Counts) Lower Upper No. Pct. Lower Upper No. Pct. Lower Upper No. Pct. 149 = 50 0 49 =49 4.21 99 =276 27.92 100 264 50.6 249 =71.56 150 199 =142 62.8 200 102 250 299 =90 79.3 349 =399 =85.82 449 = 25 300 44 83.08 350 32 400 87.97 599 = 450 499 =89.43 500 549 =8 90.12 550 91.07 17 11 600 649 =7 91.67 650 699 =7 92.27 700 749 =7 92.87 750 799 =5 800 849 =6 93.81 850 899 =7 94.42 93.3 900 949 =1 94.5 950 999 =5 94.93 1000 1049 =4 95.27 1050 1099 =3 95.53 1100 1149 =5 95.96 1150 1199 =2 96.13 1200 1249 =4 96.48 1250 1299 =1 96.56 1300 1349 =2 96.74 1399 =2 149 =2 1499 =97.16 1350 96.91 1400 97.08 1450 1 1599 =97.42 1600 1649 =1500 1549 =3 97.42 1550 0 1 97.51 1749 = 1499 =1650 1699 =1 97.59 1700 1 97.68 1750 0 97.68 1800 1849 =2 97.85 1899 =2 98.02 1900 1949 =1 98.11 1850 1999 =2499 =2500 2999 =99.14 1950 1 98.2 2000 7 98.8 4 3000 3499 =0 99.14 3500 3999 =0 99.14 4000 4499 =0 99.14 2 5999 = 4500 4999 =99.31 5000 5499 =1 99.4 5500 1 99.48 6000 6499 =0 99.48 6500 6999 =0 99.48 7000 7499 =0 99.48 7500 7999 == 00085 99.57 100

Percent Air Summary by Size



Summary of speciman CON1B.CHO on 02/15/2001 ASTM C-457 Procedure A

Length = 83.45643 Percent Air = 4.549 Average Air Void = 0.00325 Void/Paste Ratio = 0.087 Percent Paste = 52.51 Paste/Void Ratio = 11.54

Standard Dev of Air Void Sizes = 0.00753 Voids Per Inch = 14.01 Spacing Factor = 0.00549 Specific Surface = 1231.63

Specification Range: 0.004 - 0.008 Specification Range: 600 - 1100

Frequency Distribution of Air Voids (in Distance Pulse Counts) Pct. Lower Upper No. Pct. Lower Upper No. Pct. Lower Upper No. 149 = 4.88 47.31 0 49 =57 50 99 =224 24.04 100 272 63.13 249 =150 199 =185 200 85 70.4 250 299 =71 76.48 349 =399 =83.32 449 = 26 85.54 300 50 80.75 350 30 400 599 = 450 499 =29 88.02 500 549 =89.48 550 17 90.93 17 600 649 =10 91.79 650 699 =6 92.3 700 749 =8 92.99 750 799 =93.41 849 =4 93.76 850 899 =9 94.53 5 800 900 949 =7 95.12 950 999 =3 95.38 1000 1049 =2 95.55 1050 1099 =3 95.81 1100 1149 =2 95.98 1150 1199 =1 96.07 1200 1249 =2 96.24 1250 1299 =2 96.41 1300 1349 =3 96.66 149 =2 1499 =97.01 1350 1399 =1 96.75 1400 96.92 1450 1 97.01 1599 =1600 1649 =2 97.18 1500 1549 =0 1550 0 97.01 2 1749 = 1499 =97.52 1650 1699 =97.35 1700 0 97.35 1750 2 1800 1849 =4 97.86 1899 =0 97.86 1900 1949 =0 97.86 1850 1999 =2499 =2500 2999 =1950 0 97.86 2000 10 98.72 5 99.14 3000 3499 =1 99.23 3500 3999 =1 99.32 4000 4499 =1 99.4 5999 = 4500 4999 =0 99.4 5000 5499 =1 99.49 5500 0 99.49

6999 =

= 0008

2

2

99.66

100

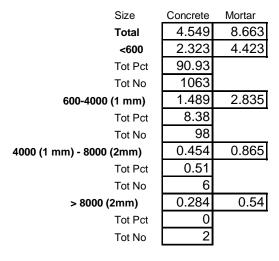
Percent Air Summary by Size

6499 =

7999 =

6000

7500



0

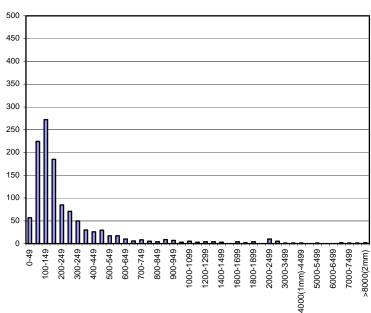
1

99.49

99.83

6500

>=



7000

7499 =

99.74

Summary of speciman CON2A.CHO on 02/15/2001 ASTM C-457 Procedure A

Length = 84.79771 Percent Air = 5.327 Average Air Void = 0.00401 Void/Paste Ratio = 0.104 Percent Paste = 51.06 Paste/Void Ratio = 9.58

Standard Dev of Air Void Sizes = 0.01552 Voids Per Inch = 13.29
Spacing Factor = 0.00623 Specific Surface = 997.91

Specification Range: 0.004 - 0.008 Specification Range: 600 - 1100

Frequency Distribution of Air Voids (in Distance Pulse Counts) Lower Upper No. Pct. Lower Upper No. Pct. Lower Upper No. Pct. 149 = 0 49 =48 4.26 50 99 =275 28.66 100 208 47.12 59.54 249 =68.06 75.78 150 199 =140 200 96 250 299 =87 349 =79.33 399 =449 = 25 300 40 350 48 83.58 400 85.8 599 = 450 499 =87.49 500 549 =89.09 550 9 89.88 19 18 600 649 =14 91.13 650 699 =4 91.48 700 749 =6 92.01 750 799 =92.55 800 849 =7 93.17 850 899 =93.97 6 9 900 949 =1 94.06 950 999 =1 94.14 1000 1049 =6 94.68 1050 1099 =8 95.39 1100 1149 =4 95.74 1150 1199 =3 96.01 1200 1249 =2 96.18 1250 1299 =96.27 1300 1349 =0 96.27 1 2 149 =1499 =1350 1399 =96.45 1400 1 96.54 1450 0 96.54 1599 =2 1600 1649 =2 97.25 1500 1549 =4 96.89 1550 97.07 1 97.34 1749 = 1499 =97.43 1650 1699 =1700 1 97.43 1750 0 1800 1849 =0 97.43 1899 =1 97.52 1900 1949 =0 97.52 1850 1999 =2499 =2500 2999 =98.31 1950 1 97.6 2000 5 98.05 3 3000 3499 =2 98.49 3500 3999 =1 98.58 4000 4499 =4 98.94 5999 = 4500 4999 =3 99.2 5000 5499 =1 99.29 5500 1 99.38 6000 6499 =0 99.38 6500 6999 =1 99.47 7000 7499 =0 99.47

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>=

6

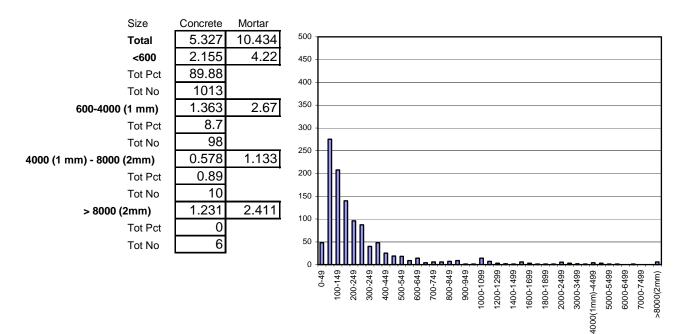
100

Percent Air Summary by Size

0

99.47

7999 =



Summary of speciman CON2B.CHO on 02/15/2001 ASTM C-457 Procedure A

Length = 83.4363 Percent Air = 6.499 Average Air Void = 0.00489 Void/Paste Ratio = 0.119 Percent Paste = 54.65 Paste/Void Ratio = 8.41

Standard Dev of Air Void Sizes = 0.02596 Voids Per Inch = 13.28

Spacing Factor = 0.00718 Specific Surface = 817.38

Specification Range: 0.004 - 0.008 Specification Range: 600 - 1100

Frequency Distribution of Air Voids (in Distance Pulse Counts) Lower Upper No. Pct. Lower Upper No. Pct. Lower Upper No. Pct. 149 = 52.08 0 49 =44 3.97 50 99 =300 31.05 100 233 249 =74.73 150 199 =163 66.79 200 88 250 299 =54 79.6 349 =399 =85.65 449 = 20 300 40 83.21 350 27 400 87.45 599 = 450 499 =88.99 500 549 =89.71 550 6 90.25 17 8 600 649 =8 90.97 650 699 =7 91.61 700 749 =7 92.24 93.59 750 799 =5 800 849 =4 93.05 850 899 =92.69 6 900 949 =3 93.86 950 999 =1 93.95 1000 1049 =5 94.4 1050 1099 =1 94.49 1100 1149 =3 94.77 1150 1199 =1 94.86 1200 1249 =3 95.13 1250 1299 =4 95.49 1300 1349 =2 95.67 1399 =3 149 =1499 =1350 95.94 1400 1 96.03 1450 96.12 2 1599 =1600 1649 =1500 1549 =96.3 1550 3 96.57 0 96.57 1749 = 1499 =96.84 1650 1699 =0 96.57 1700 0 96.57 1750 3 1800 1849 =4 97.2 1899 =0 1900 1949 =0 97.2 1850 97.2 1999 =2499 =2999 =98.1 1950 0 97.2 2000 5 97.65 2500 5 3000 3499 =2 98.29 3500 3999 =1 98.38 4000 4499 =1 98.47 2 5999 = 2 4500 4999 =98.65 5000 5499 =0 98.65 5500 98.83 6000 6499 =0 98.83 6500 6999 =3 99.1 7000 7499 =99.19

= 0008

>=

9

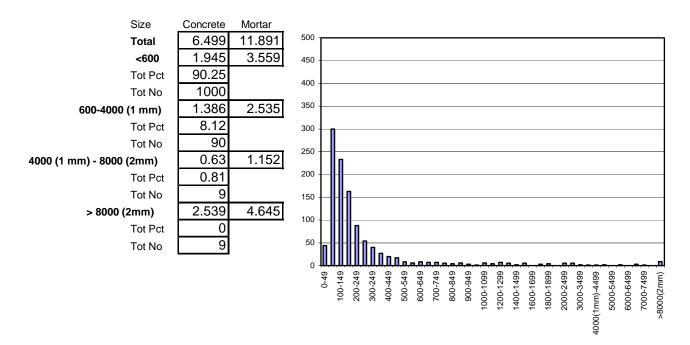
100

Percent Air Summary by Size

0

99.19

7999 =



Summary of speciman WR1A.CHO on 02/15/2001 ASTM C-457 Procedure A

Length = 83.39887 Percent Air = 5.832 Average Air Void = 0.00417 Void/Paste Ratio = 0.119 Percent Paste = 48.97 Paste/Void Ratio = 8.4

Standard Dev of Air Void Sizes = 0.01865 Voids Per Inch = 13.99
Spacing Factor = 0.00611 Specific Surface = 959.8

Specification Range: 0.004 - 0.008 Specification Range: 600 - 1100

Frequency Distribution of Air Voids (in Distance Pulse Counts) Lower Upper No. Pct. Lower Upper No. Pct. Lower Upper No. Pct. 149 = 50 0 49 =41 3.51 99 =267 26.39 100 219 45.16 199 =249 =150 178 60.41 200 87 67.87 250 299 =93 75.84 349 =399 =449 = 27 85.26 300 49 80.03 350 34 82.95 400 599 = 450 499 =86.89 500 549 =20 88.6 550 89.63 19 12 600 649 =14 90.83 650 699 =10 91.69 700 749 =0 91.69 750 799 =800 849 =5 850 899 =10 6 92.2 92.63 93.49 900 949 =4 93.83 950 999 =3 94.09 1000 1049 =1 94.17 1050 1099 =3 94.43 1100 1149 =5 94.86 1150 1199 =5 95.29 1200 1249 =6 95.8 1250 1299 =1 95.89 1300 1349 =2 96.06 149 =1499 =1350 1399 =0 96.06 1400 1 96.14 1450 96.23 1599 =3 1600 1649 =1500 1549 =1 96.32 1550 96.57 1 96.66 2 1749 = 2 1499 =2 97.17 1650 1699 =96.83 1700 97 1750 2 1800 1849 =97.34 1899 =2 97.51 1900 1949 =1 97.6 1850 1999 =2 2499 =8 2500 2999 =98.54 1950 97.77 2000 98.46 1 3000 3499 =2 98.71 3500 3999 =3 98.97 4000 4499 =0 98.97 5999 = 4500 4999 =1 99.06 5000 5499 =1 99.14 5500 1 99.23 6000 6499 =0 99.23 6500 6999 =0 99.23 7000 7499 =99.31

= 0008

>=

8

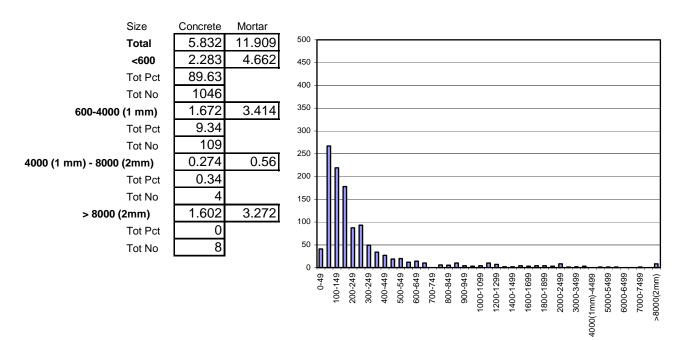
100

Percent Air Summary by Size

0

99.31

7999 =



Summary of speciman WR1B.CHO on 02/15/2001 ASTM C-457 Procedure A

Length = 83.72443 Percent Air = 6.724 Average Air Void = 0.0042 Void/Paste Ratio = 0.147 Percent Paste = 45.77 Paste/Void Ratio = 6.81

Standard Dev of Air Void Sizes = 0.0143 Voids Per Inch = 16.03 Spacing Factor = 0.00559 Specific Surface = 953.48

Specification Range: 0.004 - 0.008 Specification Range: 600 - 1100

Frequency Distribution of Air Voids (in Distance Pulse Counts) Lower Upper No. Pct. Lower Upper No. Pct. Lower Upper No. Pct. 149 = 0 49 =49 3.65 50 99 =273 23.99 100 295 45.98 150 199 =178 59.24 200 249 =121 68.26 250 299 =90 74.96 349 =79.73 399 =39 449 = 85.32 300 64 350 82.64 400 36 599 = 450 499 =86.89 500 549 =22 88.52 550 18 89.87 21 600 649 =13 90.83 650 699 =6 91.28 700 749 =11 92.1 750 799 =849 =5 850 899 =7 93.96 13 93.07 800 93.44 900 949 =3 94.19 950 999 =5 94.56 1000 1049 =3 94.78 1050 1099 =5 95.16 1100 1149 =4 95.45 1150 1199 =5 95.83 1200 1249 =1 95.9 1250 1299 =4 96.2 1300 1349 =0 96.2 1399 =2 149 =2 1499 =3 96.72 1350 96.35 1400 96.5 1450 2 1599 =1600 1649 =97.09 1500 1549 =96.87 1550 1 96.94 2 1749 = 2 97.32 1499 =97.32 1650 1699 =1 97.17 1700 1750 0 1800 1849 =0 97.32 1899 =1 97.39 1900 1949 =0 97.39 1850 1999 =2499 =2500 2999 =98.44 1950 0 97.39 2000 7 97.91 7 3000 3499 =3 98.66 3500 3999 =2 98.81 4000 4499 =0 98.81 5999 = 4500 4999 =1 98.88 5000 5499 =1 98.96 5500 1 99.03 6000 6499 =0 99.03 6500 6999 =1 99.11 7000 7499 =99.18

= 0008

>=

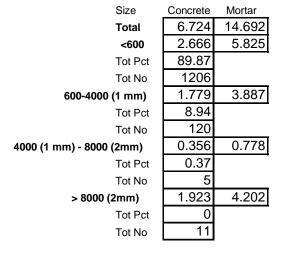
11

100

Percent Air Summary by Size

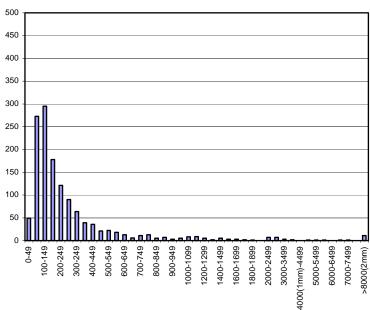
7999 =

7500



0

99.18



Summary of speciman WR2A.CHO on 02/15/2001 ASTM C-457 Procedure A

Length = 83.26141 Percent Air = 6.382 Average Air Void = 0.00438 Void/Paste Ratio = 0.128 Percent Paste = 49.86 Paste/Void Ratio = 7.81

Standard Dev of Air Void Sizes = 0.01753 Voids Per Inch = 14.57

Spacing Factor = 0.00622 Specific Surface = 913.14

Specification Range: 0.004 - 0.008 Specification Range: 600 - 1100

Frequency Distribution of Air Voids (in Distance Pulse Counts) Lower Upper No. Pct. Lower Upper No. Pct. Lower Upper No. Pct. 149 = 5.94 50 0 49 =72 99 =294 30.17 100 258 51.44 249 =150 199 =158 64.47 200 94 72.22 250 299 =53 76.59 349 =399 =83.59 449 = 22 300 53 80.96 350 32 400 85.41 599 = 450 499 =86.73 500 549 =88.13 550 12 89.12 16 17 600 649 =13 90.19 650 699 =6 90.68 700 749 =16 92 750 799 =849 =6 850 899 =3 93.24 6 92.5 800 92.99 900 949 =1 93.32 950 999 =6 93.82 1000 1049 =4 94.15 1050 1099 =4 94.48 1100 1149 =1 94.56 1150 1199 =1 94.64 1200 1249 =94.72 1250 1299 =1 94.81 1300 1349 =95.22 1 5 149 =2 1499 =1350 1399 =1 95.3 1400 95.47 1450 1 95.55 95.88 1599 =2 1600 1649 =1500 1549 =4 1550 96.04 1 96.13 1 96.21 1749 = 96.29 1499 =96.54 1650 1699 =1700 1 1750 3 1800 1849 =0 96.54 1899 =1 96.62 1900 1949 =0 96.62 1850 1999 =2499 =2999 =1950 0 96.62 2000 9 97.36 2500 4 97.69 3000 3499 =1 97.77 3500 3999 =5 98.19 4000 4499 =1 98.27 5999 = 4500 4999 =4 98.6 5000 5499 =3 98.85 5500 1 98.93 6000 6499 =3 99.18 6500 6999 =2 99.34 7000 7499 =99.42

= 0008

>=

7

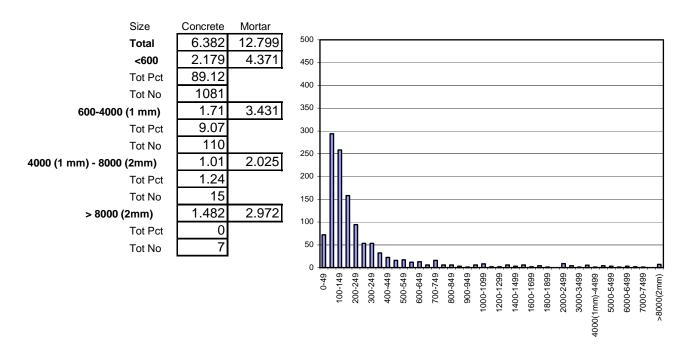
100

Percent Air Summary by Size

0

99.42

7999 =



Summary of speciman WR2B.CHO on 02/15/2001 ASTM C-457 Procedure A

Length = 84.18387Percent Air = 7.605 Average Air Void = 0.00381 Void/Paste Ratio = 0.154 Percent Paste = 49.24 Paste/Void Ratio = 6.47

Standard Dev of Air Void Sizes = 0.01704 Voids Per Inch = 19.96 Spacing Factor = 0.00497 Specific Surface = 1049.63

>=

Specification Range: 0.004 - 0.008 Specification Range: 600 - 1100

Frequency Distribution of Air Voids (in Distance Pulse Counts) Lower Upper No. Pct. Lower Upper No. Pct. Lower Upper No. Pct. 149 = 0 49 =60 3.57 50 99 =381 26.25 100 371 48.33 60.77 249 =69.58 150 199 =209 200 148 250 299 =104 75.77 349 =399 =449 = 300 81 80.6 350 57 83.99 400 48 86.85 599 = 450 499 =36 88.99 500 549 =20 90.18 550 91.01 14 600 649 =12 91.73 650 699 =13 92.5 700 749 =14 93.33 750 799 =7 93.75 800 849 =3 850 899 =93.93 8 94.4 900 949 =9 94.94 950 999 =2 95.06 1000 1049 =2 95.18 1050 1099 =4 95.42 1100 1149 =7 95.83 1150 1199 =2 95.95 1200 1249 =4 96.19 1250 1299 =2 96.31 1300 1349 =96.61 5 1399 =149 =1499 =2 97.02 1350 1 96.67 1400 4 96.9 1450 1599 =1 1649 =1500 1549 =0 97.02 1550 97.08 1600 2 97.2 97.38 1749 = 97.62 1499 =97.68 1650 1699 =3 1700 4 1750 1 1800 1849 =0 97.68 1899 =0 97.68 1900 1949 =1 97.74 1850 1999 =2499 =2500 2999 =98.57 1950 1 97.8 2000 9 98.33 4 3000 3499 =7 98.99 3500 3999 =2 99.11 4000 4499 =0 99.11 2 5999 = 4500 4999 =99.23 5000 5499 =1 99.29 5500 0 99.29 6000 6499 =2 99.4 6500 6999 =0 99.4 7000 7499 =99.46 7500 7999 =2 = 00087 100 99.58

